

ST. LAWRENCE SUGAR

Best For all Holiday Dainties

because it is all pure cane sugar and yields the greatest amount of sweetening

St. Lawrence "Diamond" being Sugar helps the taste and appearance of the Cake.

The Green Seal

By CHARLES EDMONDS WALK

Author of "The Silver Blade," "The Paternoster Ruby," "The Time Lock," etc.

CHAPTER XVII.—(Cont'd.)

"I'm trying to persuade Miss Fox of the wonderful merits of my Imperial Chinese remedy for removing birthmarks, tattoo-marks, and—"

"I heard you," I interrupted. "Who sent you here?"

"Bless you, sir, nobody sent me. For a limited time I'm giving the good people of Los Angeles an opportunity to avail themselves of this great boon, a secret that's been one of the most prized possessions of the royal family of China for countless centuries, and now, as a result of the recent revolution, given to the public for the first time. Miss Fox happened to be next on my list."

"What made you imagine that Miss Fox might require, or be persuaded into attempting your peculiar specialty?"

The woman turned a broad sideways glance upon Lois with the obvious intent of establishing a footing of confidence between them, from which I was just as patently to be excluded. But the girl met the overture stonily.

"There's a good many things about a young lady," the woman simpered, "that a gentleman scarcely could know."

"But this one particular thing," I pressed her uncompromisingly, "the circumstance that brought you here, you do know; is that it? How did you come by this knowledge?"

"Lord, no," she vehemently disclaimed. "I don't know of any disfigurements; how could I? I only learn by inquiring—unless they're on a body's face or hands."

It was plain that nothing was to be gained by interrogating her further, so I in turn reminded her, as civilly as I could, that canvassing was strictly prohibited in the building.

"Besides," I added, "I must request you not to interrupt Miss Fox at her work." And to bring the matter definitely to an end, with an air that could neither be mistaken or ignored, I went over and opened the door into the hall.

The woman's manner instantly changed. Her face flushed darkly, and in the covert glance she gave me as she swept past into the hall she could not hide a flash of malevolence. She said harshly, under her breath:

"Maybe before very long you'll be sorry for butting in. You'll know then I was only trying to do the young lady a good turn."

It was on the tip of my tongue to retort that I could not believe her motives to be disinterested; but I remained silent, and contented myself with closing the door behind her.

"Stub," I then said, "make the round of this floor and learn whether she really did call on any one else." If, however, she were indeed some

sort of emissary or spy, our opponents were too shrewd to be caught by so careless an oversight. As a matter of fact, the woman had made at least a perfunctory call at nearly every office on my floor, and had succeeded in disposing of some of her wares; but on his account Strubler extended his investigation to the floor below, and the result confirmed my suspicions—the woman had not been seen there at all. The elevator must have brought her directly to the floor where my offices were situated.

So here, it seemed to me, was another veiled menace; I could not imagine in what shape it might possibly be realized; but some inner prompting nevertheless warned me of danger. Frankly, the episode worried as well as puzzled me, for how could this uncouth woman have possessed knowledge of Lois Fox's tattoo-mark, and why should she or anybody have any concern about removing it?

I glanced at Miss Fox. She was very pale and her pretty face wore a troubled expression. She looked at me strangely, as if filled with nameless terrors.

"Here, here," I chided, "this won't do. You mustn't let a mere coincidence like that disturb you."

She continued to regard me a moment before responding. "If I could be sure that it was only a coincidence," she said in a strained, dropped voice. "You are not."

Which was true: I was not. But I added:

"You know, I am on my guard, that is all. I am taking no more chances, after my own decidedly unpleasant experience. Be cautious and watchful; but don't look for a bogey in every unusual happening, and harm is not likely to come to you."

She breathed a deep sigh and resumed her work without further comment. I went back to my private room, taking the woman's card with me.

Once more seated at my desk, I examined the bit of pasteboard: It was of cheap quality, and its flamboyant announcements were smudgedly printed. The number given was on Main Street above First, which in itself was not a recommendation. Then I called police headquarters and had the good luck to catch Strubler.

"I'll look her up right away," he assured me after I had related the incident. "Seems to me that name's familiar; I believe the old dame has a police card record."

After the appearance of the personal signed "James Strang"—that is, the one cautioning me to disregard the personal asking for information respecting the disposition of a "valuable mail parcel"—no other persons appeared addressed to me, though I watched all the papers for days. Strubler and I had agreed upon the advisability of inserting one addressed to Strang, strongly urging him to communicate with me, but not until the first week in May did this appeal produce any result. It had begun to seem that Strang was determined upon ignoring it; then one morning I found my name and after it this single laconic but pregnant line:

Not ready to die yet. Wait.

It was unsigned.

At this stage events began to move swiftly. It transpired that the woman calling herself Madame Carcassi had once been fined in the Police Court for some petty swindle perpetrated at a time when she held forth as a clairvoyant and medium. At present, it appeared, she did in truth conduct a so-called "beauty-parlor" at the Main Street address, the medium business manifestly having upon parous times.

"And," Strubler supplemented his verbal report, "she sure enough can remove tattoo-marks, like she says, without leaving a scar." He grinned knowingly. "So can I; so can you; so can anybody. It's dead easy."

"I'm sure I can't," I contradicted. "Just prick fresh cream over the design; when the scab's gone, so's the ink, leaving the skin as smooth as clear as a baby's," as the advertisement says. I know. Tried it on myself once just to see if it'd work."

This information interested me and I made mental note of it for Miss Fox's benefit, resolving to lay the matter before some authority besides Strubler.

"But look here, Strubler," I said, "how did anybody learn about this particular mark, and why should they be so interested in having it removed?"

"It's been on her a long time, hasn't it? Anyway, how do we know Willets himself done it? We only have his word for it, and what's that worth? Nix. That pair o' croquet

wickets means something and it was put there for a particular purpose; there's others besides those we know about that knows it's there."

"That's reasonable enough." Then I repeated: "But why should they be so eager to get rid of it?"

The shrewd eyes regarded me during a long silent pause. Then came the response:

"For a man who's so sharp in so many different ways, you're as a bat in others. Show me that ivory box again."

I didn't see what the carved box had to do with it, but nevertheless I got it from its hiding place in the desk drawer.

Strubler slowly turned the cube-shaped receptacle in his fingers while he contemplated it thoughtfully.

"How many times you reckon you've examined this?" he suddenly asked. "A hundred anyhow, I'll bet. Yuh've even gone over it with a magnifying-glass—something I haven't done myself; yet one o' the first things that caught my eye you missed entirely." He handed it to me.

"S'pose yuh look again."

I obeyed the suggestion, surveying every thread-like line intently in an effort to force it to yield whatever veiled meaning it might possess. Suddenly I glanced up with a surprised exclamation.

"Got it!" he asked indifferently. "Great Caesar, no! The devilish thing's got me."

For this is what I all at once made out. The intricate fantastic design with which the six sides were covered had been carved upon a background which, up to this instant, I had accepted as simply a closely engraved reticulated pattern, a sort of uneven lattice or network effect. But now I perceived that the effect was produced by a more definitely significant design. The reticulations were formed by an intertwining or overlapping of innumerable facsimiles of the cryptic character on the death ring.

Strubler gave the discovery time to soak in, then asked: "What yuh make of it now?"

"Nothing, confound it!" I owned up in a burst of temper. "The more I learn about this blessed muddle, the fogger my brain gets."

"It would come to yuh in time," he generously encouraged me—"bound to. But here's a theory I've been workin' on ever since Mrs. Fox's box was stolen—"

"By George!" I suddenly exclaimed, and sat blinking.

"What's got yuh now?" Strubler mildly inquired.

"I'm not the only one who's been blind—Miss Fox never recognized the ideograph on her aunt's box, and she's been familiar with it all her life."

"That's just it; nothin' funny about that. How often do yuh think o' your ears or your nose, even when yuh're lampin' yourself in a mirror? Not at all unless they're a-hurtin'."

Well, she's just as used to that mark on her throat; bet it don't come into her head once in a coon's age."

"Now if the Chink sign on her aunt's box had been plain and distinct, like it is on the ring, why, believe me, she'd a-spotted it long ago; but bein' a whole flock o' them all scrambled together, like when the cat's been playin' with the crochotin', she overlooked 'em, just like yuh did."

"The Chink sign was fresh in my mind the first time I see the box. Murder—or what looked like murder—had been done, with the ideograph, as yuh call it, left behind as a sort o' trademark. That made me think o' the time Charley Yen croaked. So yuh see, 'thout me knowin' it, a part o' my thinker was a-lookin' for the mark everywhere, an' spots it right off."

"But I started to tell yuh about my theory, what I've been followin' ever since Mrs. Fox's box was stolen."

"It's not the diamond the Chink's taking so many long shots to get, but anything and everything that has that double whishbone on it. It's the seal o' some tong, as I've said before, and the order's gone forth to gather 'em in. Seem to be makin' a pretty clean job of it, too. When yuh told me about the Carcassi woman's visit I knew I was right."

I pondered this aspect of the matter a minute with growing alarm. My suspicions about some hidden danger threatening Lois Fox were receiving a most unwelcome confirmation.

"You are sure, then," I asked, "that the Chinese are at the bottom of the mystery?—that Steve Willets is not the mainspring?"

"Don't everything fit in with my theory?" he returned. "Besides, Steve's croaked."

"Good gracious, man!" I groaned after another pause. "Has it occurred to you how such a conclusion affects Miss Fox?"

He nodded in a confident manner. "I was going to make a suggestion about that when yuh switched me off. There's just one thing to do: let her just as soon as possible have the thing removed. There's plenty o' high-toned specialists—lady operators, y'know—in the city, so it won't be embarrassin' for Miss Fox. I'll dope out a way o' spreading the news among the Chinks."

The idea of a refined girl having to endure such an ordeal was indescribably repugnant to me, so how would it appear to her? Still, if thus she might be saved from worse indignities the suggestion must at least be given serious consideration. After a moment's reflection I resolved to urge it upon her.

"How about the diamond?" I asked by and by. "I can't fit it into your theory."

Strubler leaned abruptly forward and rapped with his knuckles upon my desk. He spoke with more earnestness than I had ever before seen him betray.

"Looky here, Mr. Ferris. Hasn't it ever struck yuh who this man Strang really is?"

I shook my head. His next words left me speechless.

"Who could he be but Sam Willets, Steve's brother?" After a moment he went on:

"What evidence have we that Sam was killed? None more than that he disappeared and hasn't since been heard from since. The body was never found, and a close search was made for it at the time, too. It's no new

thing for men to drop out like that and take new names. Steve was always a crook, and while there's nothing on Sam he and his brother at one time were pretty thick. If yuh had a brother like Steve Willets wouldn't yuh feel like beatin' it somewhere else and hiding under an alias? Sure yuh would."

"But here's the way I look at it. Sam, he wasn't all bad; once away from Steve's influence he straightens up, gets ashamed of his past and cuts loose from it. He's James Strang and mebbe a respected citizen o' that Johore place. He must a-got rich, too. He learns about Steve's daughter and tries to make up for her rotten bad dad the best way he knows how; and believe me, it ain't such a bad way, either. But right there's where his troubles began. He has one o' the boxes, and not knowing how much it's wanted by Chinks he uses it to carry the diamond in—it's a pretty nifty present itself. He's followed mebbe from the time he landed at New York, and he ain't long getting wise to it. O' course he think it's the diamond they're after, and there yuh are."

"Now then, I can't tell yuh why he's still hiding out, and that confuses some details. If the crazy dub would only come forward and join us, we'd look out for him and clear the whole thing up in a day."

The more I turned this theory over in my mind, the surer I grew that Strubler was at least approaching the truth. One detail, however, led me to ask:

"If yuh are right, how can yuh reconcile the conflicting personalities?"

"Dead easy," was the prompt reply. "The Chinks get wise to the diamond, and while gathering in the boxes why not grab the sparkler too? They're crooks, all right; they're not over-looking any chances like that."

"Then yuh theory is, that the earlier personal was designed to trap me into disclosing the diamond's whereabouts, and that Strang, alarmed by it, had the second inserted to warn me?"

"Yuh've got me."

"He need not have worried. Whoever learns anything from me about that diamond will first have to show impeccable credentials."

There remained yet one question that I did not put into words; first, because I knew it would open up an avenue of inquiry that I shrank from entering upon, and secondly, Strubler was even less better qualified to supply the answer than I was myself.

The question was this: How, and under what circumstances, had my father come by the death ring in the first place?

And then followed the subordinate questions: Why should he have guarded it so jealously all these years? And, what association had there been between my father and a desperate character like Steve Willets?

Candidly, I feared there might be certain pages of his past history that would better remain unturned.

And then, like a flash of inspiration, I thought of a source from which might be adduced the one clue needed to knit together the tangled skein of our perplexities into a whole, sound fabric.

(To be continued.)

Monstrous Names.

The longest name ever inflicted on an English child must surely be that of an unfortunate born at Derby in 1882, on whom her parents bestowed a name for every letter of the alphabet, says the London Chronicle: Anna Bertha Cecilia Diana Emily Fanny Gertrude Hypatia Inez Jane Kate Louise Maude Nora—I will cease the infliction until it comes to Zenobia!

The Rev. Ralph Lyonel Tollemache Tollemache was another person with a craze for long names. He baptized his eldest son Lyulph Yderallo Odin Nestor Egbert Lyonel Toedmag Hugh Erehenwyse Saxon Esa Orme Cromwell Nevill Dysart Plantaganet.

A Sure Way.

"Do you know," he stammered, "you could make my wife mighty proud of me?"

"I could?" asked his boss. "How?"

"Just by raising my salary," was the reply.

When four years old, children are generally twice as tall as they were at birth.

An Irishman has said, "In oulden times they hanged thieves on crosses; now, begorra, the Kaiser hangs crosses on thieves."

German War Dog Now a Prisoner

This is the picture of a sad and forlorn prisoner in a French camp. He's a German "war dog."

When to Cut Alfalfa.

For all classes of animals except horses, alfalfa should be cut for hay when the new shoots or stems begin to appear at the crown. These are easily seen just as they come up among the old stems at about the be-

"Perfect Seal" Quart Jar.



Three Pounds of Syrup.

In 3 pound Glass Jars

Your grocer has "Crown Brand" Syrup in these new glass jars—or will get it for you. And be sure and save these jars for preserving.

"Crown Brand" is also sold in 2, 5, 10 and 20 pound tins.

THE CANADA STARCH CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL.

PRACTICAL FARMING



Farm Notes.

Pay attention to the little details. Dead beets—those killed by weeds and lack of attention.

The farm home can and should be made more attractive. One well fed hen is better than two half starved ones.

Sunlight is a natural tonic for the little pigs, and they revel in it. What the grain grower takes from the soil, the dairy cow in times restores.

Actual experience is the only way in which success can be attained in bee keeping. Economical feeding requires supplying the food nutrients in the right proportion.

To prevent rabbits gnawing the trees, mix fish oil or strong red pepper with whitewash and apply. The two grains, Indian corn and Kaffir corn, are almost identical in chemical composition.

Nothing ever came so near turning December into June for dairy cattle and sheep as the silo.

Poultry keeping is more profitable than dairying—for the man who likes poultry better than he does cows. Having the pigs farrowed as near one time as possible greatly simplifies the work of feeding and caring for them.

Don't forget to gather in road dust or sifted coal ashes, so that the hens will have something to wallow in this winter.

The story of the farm is written in the sweat of the farmer's brow, and punctuated with tears of sorrow and tears of joy.

Do not slight the milking, but get the last drop. There is no quicker way to decrease the flow of milk than to leave a little each time.

While still young, but full grown, the chicken is best suited for food. As it grows old, the flesh loses its flavor and increases in toughness.

Some farmers think it a waste of time to groom work horses in order to make them look sleek and shiny and would rather leave them in their natural state.

As long as there are points in the farming business that are unsettled, and as long as the man behind the farm wishes to make progress, there will be something for the farm papers to do.

Is the ram kept from the ewes in the day time or does he run with them all of the time. Better keep them apart, allowing him with them a few hours daily. Result: Better lambs and more of them.

The farmer or any other person that has the room, who fails to keep a flock of hens, is making a mistake. Besides the "home consumption" part of the programme, chickens and eggs are excellent products for the market and are always in demand.

Millet seed is not only an excellent poultry food, but, being very small, there is nothing better to scatter in the litter as an inducement for the fowls to get the exercise they require. Throw a handful in deep litter in the morning and it will keep the fowls busy and active all day.

It is really a crime the way some farmers are permitting the escape into gullies and creeks of so much manure. The records show that constant cultivation depletes the fertility of the soil, and the farmer who allows this valuable soil builder to escape is the one whose farm soon becomes barren. Preserve the manure.

When to Cut Alfalfa.

For all classes of animals except horses, alfalfa should be cut for hay when the new shoots or stems begin to appear at the crown. These are easily seen just as they come up among the old stems at about the be-

ginning of blossoming time. Cutting earlier than this is not desirable or profitable, since the yield will be smaller and the hay will be more difficult to cure. It should not be allowed to get much beyond this stage for two reasons: (1) Although a somewhat heavier first cutting of hay can be secured by allowing it to stand longer than the time recommended, the hay is neither as palatable, nor as nutritious. (2) Leaving the first crop after it is at the proper stage to cut delays and reduces the second crop, since the new shoots coming from the crown are cut off with the first crop. When alfalfa is to be fed to horses, it may be allowed to grow slightly longer than when it is fed to cattle, but it should never be left until the second crop is injured in cutting the first crop.

Consumption is most common between the ages of 25 and 30.

Christmas Appeal

FOR The Hospital for Sick Children COLLEGE ST., TORONTO.

Dear Mr. Editor:—

Thanks for your kindness in allowing me the privilege of appealing at this Christmas time on behalf of the Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto.

In the 40 years of the Hospital's existence there have been treated within its walls 26,108 children as in-patients; 231,768 as out-patients; a grand total of 257,876 in and out-patients.

The Hospital for Sick Children gives a province-wide service, for little patients from every section of Ontario have sought its aid. Last year 499 patients were admitted from 232 places outside the city of Toronto. In 1914 there were 394 from 210 places.

Of the 2,838 in-patients last year 1,771 were medical cases and 1,067 surgical. In the orthopedic department of the 2,838 in-patients, 264 were treated for deformities, 21 Pott's disease of the spine, 10 lateral curvature of the spine, 10 bow-legs, 57 club-feet, 17 dislocations of hip, 42 tubercular disease of knee, hip, ankle, wrist and elbow; 76 infantile paralysis, 8 wry neck, and 61 miscellaneous.

Our battle is never-ending—is one that will continue while the world lasts, for it is the fight between the armies of life and death, to save the child life, the sick little ones, sons and daughters, not only of our soldier men, but of the fathers and mothers still in this home-land province.

The Hospital is beating back disease and death, the enemies that assail the lives of little children as the British Empire is beating back Germany, Austria and Turkey, the enemies that assail the life of liberty.

So we appeal to the generous people of Ontario not to forget those so near and dear to us, who lie in the beds and cots of this great charity.

Will the people at large, as of old, respond to our call? Will they remember that every year is a war year for the Hospital, every day a day of battle, and that the Hospital needs money, not for its own sake, but for the children's sake?

The Hospital has waged its war for forty years. The people of Toronto and Ontario have been its friend, and this year of all years it requires help. Surely you will give to a charity that cares for every sick child in Ontario, for only as your money reaches the Hospital can the Hospital's mercy reach the children.

Every dollar is a link of kindness in the chain of mercy that joins the money in your pocket to the miseries of some child's life, some mother's heart.

Remember that Christmas calls you to open the purse of your kindness to the Hospital, that the Hospital may open the heart of its help to the children.

Will you send a dollar, or more if you can, to Douglas Davidson, Secretary-Treasurer, or

J. ROSS ROBERTSON, Chairman of the Board of Trustees, Toronto.

MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP

The proof of Mother Seigel's Syrup is in the taking. That is why former sufferers, whose vitality was being sapped by indigestion, say it is just excellent for stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Thanks to Mother Seigel's Syrup, they are now strong and well.

IS EXCELLENT FOR

If you are afflicted by indigestion or other disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels take Mother Seigel's Syrup regularly for a few days; long enough to give it a fair chance to make its beneficial influence felt. Then note the improvement in your appetite, your strength, your general condition.

HEADACHES, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION.

The bottle of Syrup contains three times as much as the 50c size.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

When a submarine left Halifax several months ago and traveled under its own power to Gibraltar, stopping there before proceeding to the Dardanelles, it caused hardly a murmur of surprise. Yet two years ago the feat would have been declared impossible. The imagination of the world has suddenly become inflated; we think in higher terms than ever before and cannot appreciate the wonders of our own time.

We cannot accept it as a simple fact that Zeppelins travel from Belgium to Britain heavily armed, and that aeroplanes are so built that they can carry on a running fire from a sizable gun without loss of stability. We do not recall that five days before the war broke out it was gravely questioned whether Lieutenant Porte could cross the Atlantic in an airship.

Behind the curtain of smoke which the war has raised there has been a tremendous activity. The ante-bellum Zeppelin and heavier-than-air machine are only faint shadows of the machines now in operation. The submarine may not have revolutionized sea warfare, but it has decidedly modified our ideas of naval preparedness. The new uses of electric power can only be guessed at from reports. It is more than likely that the chemical advances of the last year are as important as the advances made in the treatment of shell wounds. The mind of a world at war has been feverishly busy.

What this sudden burst of energy will mean when peace is restored can only be surmised. The adjustment of war's achievements to the uses of peace is a trifling consolation which looks to a greater and a more lasting peace.

UN-HOLY WILLIE'S PRAYER.

O thou, by whatsoever name
On earth, in hades, known to fame,
I wad thy mighty power proclaim,
Thine aid invoke;
O hear, an' help, an' dinna blame,
Like ither folk.

Earth's kingdoms wi' their pomps an' gold,
Are they not thine to gie or hold?
Ye offered them to Ane o' old
For crook o' knee;
If on sic terms ye might ha'e sold,
Why no' to me?

I dinna think the price ower high;
Gin ye ha'e gear to gie I'll buy;
The end the means ye sanctify,
For man or deil;
I'm, leastways, no afeard to try,
Ye ken richt weel.

Forgi'e if I've seemed han' an' glove,
An' unco sib wi' Ane above—
Ane wha I ken ye dinna love,
I'm no sae sure
But what He dinna juist approve
O' my Kultur.

Ane, an' that no' sae gey lang syne,
I thoct a' things were daein' fine,
I felt mysel' by richt divine
Hight Heaven's depute;
But noo, instead o' His, I'm thine,
Ayont a' doot.

I've dune thy wark, an' dune it weel;
The bonny, bonny, braw Kriegspiel;
Wi' ravenin' fire an' bluidy steel
Waesome an' fell;
Worthy o' ony thoroughgaun deil
In a' thy hell.

Thy wark? Wha's else? Alas! Alas!
Earth's fairness turned to foul moras;
Wi' slaughter! Ilka blade o' grass
Adrip wi' bluid!
And eldritch wraiths that, flitt'rin,
pass,
An' eerie brood!

Ask Belgium wi' what might an' main,
What weight o' han', what skill o' brain,
The wark's been dune. An' if ye're
fain
For fu' detail,
Din't Dinant speer, or auld Louvain,
They'll gie ye wale.

An' Scarbro' the defenceless toun;
An' awfu' ploy; shells hurtlin' doun
On bairnies claspin' mither's goun.
E'en that I dour
Auld Herod, quakin' for his croun,
He didna waur.

By Thor! the wark's baith yours an'
mine.
An' my bold Wohlgeborens'. Syne
We'll ane an' a' mair glorious shine;
Bask i' the sun
O' michtier place, an', leastways, fin'
Oor ain "Weel dune."

I'm hert-sair, whiles, wi' dool an' woe,
For a' thae lads sae strong an' gay,
Their brave, hot life made cauldrie
clay
A' for oor glory,
daurna think I'm maybe—fey;
That's ither story.

What maun be maun be; I winna
shirk;
Forwaerts whate'er unseen may lurk;
I'll dree my weid Hoover murk.
An' Histry's page
Says ilka man wha does deil's wark
Suld ha'e deil's wage.

—G. I.
Review.
"You mustn't comment impolitely.
You might be heard. That lady is
Mrs. Ludley, the great philanthropist
and society leader!"
"What if it is? I can look just as
cross as she does if I try hard
enough."

The Leading Markets

Breadstuffs.
Toronto, Dec. 7.—Manitoba wheat—New crop—No. 1 Northern, \$1.15; No. 2 Northern, \$1.13; No. 3 Northern, \$1.09, on track lake ports.
Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 48½c, on track lake ports.
American corn—No. 2 yellow, old, 78½c; new, No. 3, 73c, on track Toronto.
Canadian corn—No. 2 yellow, 75c, nominal, on track Toronto.

Ontario oats—New crop—No. 3 white, 36 to 38c; commercial oats, 35 to 37c, according to freights outside.
Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, 94 to 95c; wheat slightly sprouted and tough, according to sample, 90 to 93c; wheat sprouted, smutty, and tough, according to sample, 75 to 88c, according to freights outside.

Peas—No. 2, nominal, per car lots, \$2.10; sample peas, according to sample, \$1.50, according to freights outside.

Barley—Malting barley, 56 to 59c; feed barley, 49 to 52c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—Nominal, car lots, 74 to 75c, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 1 commercial, 85 to 87c; rye, tough, 80 to 88c, according to sample, and according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, \$6; second patents, in jute bags, \$5.50; strong bakers', in jute bags, \$5.30, Toronto.

Ontario flour—New Winter, \$4.10 to \$4.35, according to sample, seaboard or Toronto freights in bags, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots—Delivered Montreal freights. Bran, \$22 to \$23 per ton; shorts, \$23 to \$24 per ton; middlings, \$25 to \$26 per ton; good feed flour, \$1.50 per bag.

Country Produce.
Butter—Fresh dairy, 28 to 30c; inferior, 22 to 24c; creamery prints, 33 to 34c; do., solids, 31½ to 32c.

Eggs—Storage, 30 to 32c per doz.; select, 35 to 36c; new-laid, 43 to 45c, case lots.

Honey—Prices, in tins, lb., 10 to 11c; combs, No. 1, \$2.40; No. 2, \$2. Beans—\$3.50 to \$3.75.

Poultry—Chickens, 14 to 15c; fowls, 11 to 12c; ducks, 15 to 16c; geese, 14 to 15c; turkeys, 20 to 25c.

Cheese—Large, 17½c; twins, 18c. Potatoes—Car lots of Ontario quoted at \$1.30, and New Brunswick at \$1.40 to \$1.50, per bag, on track.

Venison—In fair supply, with prices ruling from 6 to 10c per lb, according to the demand.

Baled Hay and Straw.
Baled hay, new—No. 1, per ton, \$17 to \$18; No. 2, per ton, \$13 to \$15; baled straw, ton, \$6.50 to \$7.

Business in Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 7.—Corn, American No. 2 yellow, 76 to 77c. Oats—No. 2 local white, 45½c; No. 3 local white, 44½c; No. 4 local white, 43½c. Barley, Man. feed, 65c; malting, 66½c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 85c. Flour, Man. Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$6.10; seconds, \$5.60; strong bakers', \$5.40; Winter patents, choice, \$6; straight rollers, \$5.30 to \$5.40; do., bags, \$2.50 to \$2.60. Rolled oats, barrels, \$5.15 to \$5.25; do., bags, 90 lbs., \$2.35 to \$2.45. Bran, \$22. Shorts, \$23. Middlings, \$29 to \$30. Mouille, \$30 to \$32. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$19 to \$19.50. Cheese, finest Westerns, 17½ to 18c; finest Easterns, 17 to 17½c. Butter, choicest creamery, 32½ to 33c; seconds, 30c; 31c. Eggs, fresh, 42 to 45c; selected, 32c; No. 1 stock, 30c; No. 2 stock, 27 to 28c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, \$1.30 to \$1.40. Dressed hogs, abattoir killed, \$14. Pork, heavy Canada short mess, bbls., 35 to 45 pieces, \$28 to \$28.50; Canada short cut back, bbls., 45 to 55 pieces, \$27 to \$27.50. Lard, compound, tierces, 37½ lbs., 10½c; wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 10½c; pure tierces, 37½ lbs., 12½ to 13c; pure wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 13½ to 14c.

United States Markets.
Minneapolis, Dec. 7.—Wheat, December, \$1.01½; May, \$1.05½ to \$1.05½. Cash, No. 1 hard, \$1.07½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.03½ to \$1.04½; No. 2 Northern, 99½c to \$1.01½. Corn, No. 3 yellow, 70 to 71c. Oats, No. 3 white, 38½ to 39c. Flour, fancy patents, 10c higher, quoted at \$6.20. Other grades unchanged. Bran, \$18 to \$18.50.

Duluth, Dec. 7.—Wheat, No. 1 hard, \$1.05½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.04½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.00½; Montana, No. 2 hard, \$1.01½; December, \$1.01½; May, \$1.05½. Linsed, cash, \$2.01½ to \$2.02½; December, \$2.00½; May, \$2.07.

Live Stock Markets.
Toronto, Dec. 7.—The quotations were: Butchers' cattle, choice, \$7.75 to \$8.15; do., good, \$7.25 to \$7.50; do., medium, \$6.50 to \$7; do., common, \$5.50 to \$5.75; butchers' bulls, choice, \$6.75 to \$7.25; do., good bulls, \$5.75 to \$6.25; do., rough bulls, \$4.75 to \$5.25; butchers' cows, choice, \$6.50 to \$6.75; do., good, \$6 to \$6.25; do., medium, \$5.25 to \$5.75; do., common, \$4 to \$4.50; feeders, good, \$6.50 to \$6.75; stockers, 700 to 900 lbs., \$6 to \$6.25; canners and cutters, \$5 to \$5.50; milkers, choice, each, \$75 to \$100; do., common and medium, each, \$35 to \$60. Springers, \$50 to \$100; light ewes, \$6.25 to \$7; sheep, heavy, \$5.25 to \$5.50; do., bucks, \$3 to \$4.50; yearling lambs, \$7 to \$7.75; Spring lambs, cwt., \$9.25 to \$9.60; calves, medium to choice, \$7.25 to \$10.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$9.50; do., f.a.b., \$9.15.

Montreal, Dec. 7.—Butchers' cattle, choice, \$7.50 to \$7.75; do., medium, \$6 to \$6.75; do., common, \$5 to \$5.75; canners, \$3.15 to \$4.25; butchers' cattle, choice cows, \$6 to \$6.25; do., medium, \$5 to \$5.50; do., bulls, \$5 to \$6.50; milkers, choice, each, \$90 to \$95; do., common and medium, each, \$80 to \$85; springers, \$55 to \$75. Sheep—Ewes, \$6 to \$6.25; bucks and culls, \$5.50 to \$5.75; lambs, \$8.75 to \$9.50. Hogs, off cars, \$9.75 to \$10.

Dainty Chiffon Scarfs.

Now that winter is upon us and the season of gales has begun, we find ourselves scurrying about, here and there, hearts in a flurry and brimming over with happy expectation of the coming festivities where we may dance away the merry hours, oblivious of time and the many perplexities of this little world of ours, except for the ever present question of dress.

There are numbers of dainty silks and sheer fabrics, such as taffetas, gros de Londres, soft satins, chiffons,



Evening Wrap with Throw Scarf.

nets, and novelty brocades which are charmingly suited to dance and dinner frocks. Gros de Londres comes plain and striped, combining often two of the most delicate pastel shades. The soft satins and taffetas are particularly effective, under the web-like tunics now modish. Although many prefer the effective simple frock, others delight in the swaying of tiny ruffles and frills, and the swishing of crisp failles and taffetas, panniers of filmy fabrics, puffed, shirred, and pleated, quaintly mimicking creations of decades ago. These are carelessly caught up and held in place by tiny clusters of rosebuds, or perhaps a single flower of lace, gold or silver. Metallic ornaments have supplanted trimmings of silk, buds and flowers, to a certain extent, and when used



Canary Colored Taffeta.

sparingly make most effective finishes.

As the frame is to the picture, so is the dainty, filmy scarf to the frock for evening wear; endless ideas may be carried out with these. They are beaded, embroidered, fringed and hand-colored; developed in the sheerest of nets, chiffons, gauzes and wonderfully patterned Oriental fabrics, designed with visions of Houris and dreamy harem beauties in mind. One of the many effective uses of the scarf is with the sleeveless gown; it may be draped in most becoming ways. A charming example of this was brought to my attention the other evening. The dress was of canary colored taffeta made with an eight-gored skirt, in which alternating gores were of the canary taffeta and satin of a delicate blue. Each gore was rounded at the lower edge and finished with a narrow quilling of chiffon matching the taffeta bodice. Over this striking skirt hung a tunic of canary colored chiff-

fon, while a wonderfully tinted scarf, with blended tones of canary color and blue, was draped around the shoulders in a wing-like arrangement, giving the effect of sleeves when the arms were raised. The ends were wound loosely round the neck, quite as one would use the regular throw scarf of heavier material. It was exceedingly practical and pleased the eyes of those who appreciate daintiness and grace.

In our quest for evening necessities, the all enveloping coat must not be forgotten. Those with large, roomy sleeves, or no sleeves at all, are the most practical for the delicate trimmings and fabrics they are to cover. Velvet, velours, and broadclothes are of course the standard materials, practical and rich in effect; but many beautifully colored, novelty velvets, showing a strong Chinese influence in their exquisite embroideries, may be found. Egyptian novelties also, never failing in beauty, offer themselves for coat and wrap of maid and matron this season.

One must not neglect footwear, slippers, stockings and the "under-mysteries" of the evening frock. Satin slippers in the delicate shade of the gown are first in favor, black patent leather with jeweled buckles, and black satin slippers come next for those a bit more practically inclined. The stockings generally match the frock in tone, or are of white.

The old fashioned pantalette, scorned and laughed at since the days of hoops and Daguerreotypes, are among the very daintiest and most feminine of evening accessories. They are of satin, chiffon or net, frilled, or fur-trimmed, and one merely catches a fleeting glimpse of them now and then, and thinks of them only as a very effective part of the frock.

If one chooses well materials and accessories, there is little danger of a jarring note in the costume; these jarring notes, it is sad to say, more often appear in afternoon and street costumes than in evening gowns.

Patterns can be obtained at your local McCall dealer, or from The McCall Company, Department "W," 70 Bond Street, Toronto, Ontario.

THE SUNDAY LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON.
DECEMBER 12.

Lesson XI. — Jehovah Years Over Backsliding Israel, Hos. 11: 1-11.
Golden Text: Hos. 11. 4.

I. The Waywardness of Israel (Verses 1-7).

Verses 1. My son—Egypt, Assyria, and Phenicia were all powerful nations with proclivities and possessions which Israel could not command. Yet God passed them over and called puny Israel when yet a child to be his son (compare John 1: 12-13; 1 John 3).

Out of Egypt—The prophets and Psalmists, as well as the historians, never let Israel forget how God called them from their misery in Egypt to their well-being in Palestine.

2. The more they went from them—Israel was favored with the best teachers to instruct them. But the more they were taught the more wayward they became. God's bounty was too prodigal for them.

3. I took them on my arms—As a loving father would take a disobedient child.

4. As they that lift up the yoke—The picture is that of a team of bullocks driven by a kind driver. Israel is pictured not as "wanton young cattle . . . which need the yoke firmly fastened on their neck, but a team of toiling oxen mounting some steep road." They are not driven from behind, but drawn from in front. No man can come to me," saith Christ, except the Father draw him."

7. My people are bent on backsliding from me—Hosea sees that kindness, as such, will not prevail. Stern discipline is necessary.

II. The Enduring Love of God (Verses 8-11).

8. How shall I give thee up?—Hosea's optimism, born of his faith and love, cannot let him see God casting Israel off. God's mercy is exhaustless. No sin of man can enchain it nor use it up.

As Admah . . . as Zeboim—Obscure cities of the plain (Deut. 29, 22, 23).

9. I will not execute the fierceness of mine anger—Justice will be tempered with mercy.

11. I will make them to dwell—They will finally weary of their waywardness, they will smart under the lash of their enemies, and as subdued transgressors will return to their God.

Enemy to the Grasshopper.

Among the natural enemies of the grasshoppers are the blister beetles or old fashioned potato bugs, the larvae of which subsist almost wholly on grasshopper eggs. The blister beetles become very abundant in grasshopper years when food is plentiful. However, little or nothing is gained by substituting a plague of blister beetles for a plague of grasshoppers and the wiser course is to destroy as many grasshopper eggs as possible in the fall, thereby cutting off the development of both sorts of pests.

The longest drought on record in England lasted forty-nine days.

Whither Are We Drifting?

The Mind Looks Out Upon a World of Harmony and Asks the Question, "Whence?"

"There is but one God, the Father, by whom are all things."—I. Corinthians, viii, 6.

A Jewish philosopher once walking through the streets of cultured Athens read upon a public altar this strange inscription, "To the Unknown God."

The centuries have passed. Urged onward by the native impulse of his being man has penetrated every realm of natural phenomena and there discovered truths before which he is bowed in reverence and awe. Facts long shrouded in mystery and superstition have been disclosed and made subservient to his will. The elements have been robbed of their destructive power, the earth yields to him her latent forces, stars once far removed from mortal ken are now brought nigh and analyzed by his wisdom, infinity seems opening to his persistent search—and yet, notwithstanding all of these wonderful discoveries and accomplishments in the natural world, many shrines of science and philosophy still bear that same inscription, "To the Unknown God."

Great Questions of the Age.

This is pre-eminently a scientific age. The soul ponders the ultimate fact of matter and of man and, unable to penetrate the mysteries which surround the future, cries with irresistible longing, "Whither?" These are the great questions of the age. Not only "Whence came we?" but also "Whither are we drifting?"

Looking more carefully into the domain of nature we observe law, order and intelligence. It is found not only in the visible universe, but downward as far as the microscope

can penetrate and upward to the farthest reach of the telescope's piercing vision. Whence all this wondrous beauty of design? Is the power which fashions in beauty the microscopic atom and holds in check the opposing forces of unnumbered worlds the result of merely fortuitous circumstances? The logical mind cannot accept such a thought, but, following science still, it rests now upon that old geometric law which was taught us in our school days, namely, "that which is true in every step up to infinity is true at infinity also."

Personal and Eternal.

If this intelligence, therefore, runs all through nature and is the sum and substance of nature and of nature's laws, it must have existed before nature, whose laws it made. Not only this, however, but if it is intelligence it must inhere in a personality, for we cannot think of intelligence except as coupled with a person. Hence, proving the existence of an infinite intelligence by the presence of a universal mind in nature and proving this intelligence to be personal and eternal, faith leaves human reasoning at its farthest bound and, mounting now in loftier flight, finds the absolute, unconditional cause of all things in the Christian's God. Here reason finds her normal completion in faith, and faith worships a revealed and a reasonable God. Here the Christian rests contentedly and, throwing all his burden at the foot of the cross in token that his search is done, cries triumphantly, "I know in whom I have believed, and am persuaded that He is able to keep that which I have committed unto Him against that day."—Rev. William Carter, D.D.



Advantages of Fasting.

It is a difficult thing to convince the ordinary individual that there is no danger in a 24-hour fast occasionally. It is even difficult to make some doctors realize that fasting is not starvation. Indeed, we regret to note, some of the eminent advocates of fasting as a treatment for diabetes persist in speaking of "starving" the patient, when, of course, they don't mean anything of the kind. When one fasts, one voluntarily omits to take food; when one starves, one dies from hunger or privation.

That fasting is not especially dangerous; even for individuals who are already emaciated and very weak from disease, is well attested by the remarkably happy results thus far obtained from the fast-cure in diabetes. Patients in the very advanced stage of the disease, weak, emaciated, perhaps developing coma and expected to die in the near future, have repeatedly undergone the fast, which is continued from two days to eight or sometimes 15 days, until the blood is free from sugar. And instead of growing weaker thesefortunates have improved after the fast.

Dr. F. M. Allen records some important observations concerning this new treatment in the American Journal of the Medical Sciences. One of his points is this: The diabetic, instead of being at his best when fat, is better when underweight; and he should rarely if ever undertake to regain lost weight by feeding on fatty foods. Excess of fats, it appears, induces acetoneuria, the toxic acidosis which brings on coma in diabetes.

Progressive physicians everywhere are now applying the fast-cure with the most gratifying success. The disease diabetes may be said to have lost its terrors, for it may now be controlled in the great majority of cases, provided—and here is the crux of the problem—provided the patient places

sufficient confidence in his medical adviser to do precisely what he directs. Incidentally, we cannot forget this fast-cure for diabetes, which is now saving many human lives once deemed marked for speedy annihilation, was worked out entirely by animal experimentation before it was given to the medical profession.

Health Hints.

Oil of sassafras, applied full strength, is excellent for chilblains.

Three teaspoonfuls of lime water in a glass of water, taken twice a day—morning and night—will sweeten an acid stomach.

When nothing better is at hand, a raw potato will relieve the pain of a burn. Later the wound should be dressed with sweet oil.

Never do your hair up tightly; it injures the scalp and bulbs of the hair. Never use a hot iron, it dries the scalp and splits the hair.

Unless eaten to excess butter is one of the most wholesome foods. Children that are kept well supplied with butter do not require to be doctored with cod-liver oil, which is well, as the butter is the cheaper. Consumptive people and diabetics should be supplied with as much butter as they can digest without giving rise to biliousness.

The care of the teeth is often referred to as essential to good health, and it has been quite clearly established that there is a direct connection between the condition of the teeth or gums and the health of the possessor. Decayed teeth or diseased gums may be the cause of poison circulating throughout the system. It may happen in this way: A series of canals, known as lymphatic tissue, connects the several parts of the body, including the gums. If the teeth are not cleaned and the mouth kept in good condition, microbes or germs collect on the gums and teeth. When they become so numerous as to overpopulate the mouth, they are pushed into the lymphatic canals, where they get busy developing disease in the body.

"Hard cash" is so called in opposition to soft, or paper, money.

BRITISH GUNS BRING DOWN TWO HOSTILE AEROPLANES

Important German Supply Depot Bombarded and Much Damaged Caused to Stores

A despatch from London says: Twenty British aeroplanes took part in a raid on the German supply depot at Miramont, behind the German lines, damaging the railway and buildings used for storing supplies at that point, as well as the stores of munitions.

Arras Again Shelled by the Germans

A despatch from Paris says: Considerable activity is reported from the Artois district. The only infantry attack attempted by a German detachment north of Les Cinq Chemins was stopped by the French guns and the detachment was dispersed. The second

tors of Loos, the Bois en Hache and Angres were again the scene of lively artillery bombardments on both sides, and Arras again was shelled by the Germans.

French mines were exploded before Fay, to the south of the Somme and at Les Eparges.

EMPIRE, MAN.

I expect you down east are thinking we in Manitoba are bound up and ready for the winter, but actually it is still going on. Mr. Boyd's, Mr. Dwyer and Mr. McLeod are still at work. It is the weather keeps fine they will finish this week out they are having a terrible time. It takes four men to shake the sheaves out of the snow before they can be loaded up. Perhaps you will think threshing out the snow is a waste of time. Mr. McLeod's men are working on the snow. A township consists of thirty six sections, each section containing six hundred and forty acres. Quite a lot of wild land still remains to be broken. In the first part of the season it was wet, and the gasoline had to stop some time ago, having failed to give satisfaction. Mr. McLeod's men coal oil and has worked right on. There were two other machines in also from other townships. There has been a wonderful yield of grain, and it will keep the railroads busy for some time. Prices are not high but are expected to be better soon.

Wedding bells have been ringing. Last week Mr. Wesley Burgess of this place was united to Miss O. Grant of Fox Warren. They have gone to 'Prisco on their honeymoon. May much happiness be their lot.

Miss Mary Burgess has left for Alberta, where she will spend the winter. The war still claims the most attention. All are working, little boys are knitting and sewing along with their elders, and it is very surprising what they accomplish. A few men have returned unfit for further service and the young men are enlisting. The returned men do the best at recruiting, for when the young men hear from men who have been in the fight and seen things they cannot talk about, it makes them think. The death of Miss Cayell roused great indignation.

PRAIRIE ROSE

Seals Selling Swiftly

ALREADY 180,000 MORE THAN LAST YEAR AT SAME DATE

"Our little boy is sending you \$2.00. He had this money saved to put in the bank but he wanted to send it to you to help some poor little child that may be afflicted."

"A little child shall lead them" is as true today as of old.

The Christmas Seal campaign for the Consumptive Hospitals has got off to a good start. Returns advised from Headquarters show 150,000 seals already sold more than at the same date last year, which was a record year.

The schools in Ontario, outside of Toronto, are responsible for no less than 17,000 more seals than last year and repeat orders have been received from many teachers.

All the banks in the Province will receive consignments of seals within the next few days.

Letters from influential members of several committees are also being forwarded to business, financial and manufacturing houses throughout Ontario.

Rabbi Price says: "I would readily say to all—both Jew and Gentile—who pity, spare your pity and use your power. Use your power—the power of your wealth—to strengthen your pity; use your power—the power of your influence—to induce your friend to help forward the worthy movement which has been set on foot; use your power—the power of personal help—to grant those hapless inmates of the home that kindly help which they expect."

Them Was the Days

Boy wanted, at once, to learn printing. Apply at this office.—Exchange. Here is a chance for some bright lad to dabble in the ink, and learn to put the things in print that other people think. Ah, 'tis a joyous thing to enter this career—of all the jobs in this round world it is the one most dear. Why, memory brings them days to me—I stop to choke a sob—to think of them days long ago—the printer's devil job. We had to light the bally fire, and do a lot of chores, while all the other folks in town was tearing off the noses. We had to sweep—don't laugh at that—it was no joke at all—and gather up the dirt and dust and kick it from the hall. Oh joyous hour, when first we took a stick into our paws and drank in deep from lesson one on composition's laws. 'Twas all about some wondrous pills to drive away the goat, for folks that was too all-fired thin, or them as was too stout. And how we watched on weekly day to see that thing in print—we gazed with purest kind of joy upon our settin' stink. And then I mind a time quite well, one chap who owed a bill, he wouldn't come across with cash to dump into the till—he allus brought a load of wood to pay his paper up, and how I used to swear at him for one uncoloured pop. Them sticks was just as full of knots as some dogs is of fleas, and my job was to chop 'em up for fear the boss would freeze. Oh printer's rollers, off I see you rollin' in my dreams, with ink as black as Satan's books all plastered on my jeans. Oh, mysteries that no one knows of where the type lies dwell—of inkly water in the eye that printers loved so well. Oh fade away, you grocer jobs, or clerks in the bank—begone and take a lower place—you're far be neath our rank. The printer's devil dwells upon a life that's full of charm—for folks what move in lesser spheres he doesn't give a darn.

Notice to Advertisers

Next week all ads. should be changed to extend Christmas greetings to your customers. Send in your change Monday—you know what you want to put in the ad, so get it in early. Don't wait till the last minute. We will not change ads on day of publication—so don't ask us to.

Boy Wanted

A Boy, with a fair education, at least Fourth Book, to learn the printing trade. Apply at this office.

For King and Country

KILLED IN ACTION

Pte. George Saville, Oakville, with the 13th Battalion.
Capt. D. R. McKay, Oakville, with the Canadian Mounted Rifles.

Official word was received today that Capt. D. R. McKay of Oakville has been killed in action. The casualty occurred on Sunday, Dec. 5th. Further details are not available. Capt. McKay was born at Oakville 30 years ago, the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McKay. Most of his life prior to enlistment was spent on his father's farm. He became associated with the Mississauga Horse shortly after it was organized, and when war broke out he held a commission as Lieutenant in that body. Always an ardent horseman, he was a member of the Ennesclaire Hunt Club, and was prominent in many of their field meets. In June of this year he left Toronto as a member of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, for overseas service. Before leaving for England he was promoted to Captain.

In July he was married at Ottawa to Miss Marjory Wade of Toronto, a cousin of Mr. Osler Wade. Shortly afterwards he sailed for England in charge of a shipment of military horses and his wife followed him by another ship. Mrs. McKay is still in England. Only a short time ago she received word from the front that her husband was returning to England on a brief leave of absence, but almost the same day brought word of his death in action. On Monday his father at Oakville received a letter which had been written several weeks ago and in which Capt. McKay stated that he had been in the trenches six weeks. Two brothers and two sisters of the deceased soldier reside with the parents at Oakville, and another brother in the south.

In the Dardanelles

Miss V. L. Hollingshead is in receipt of a letter from her uncle, Mr. Will Gamage, who is an officer on a lighter in the Dardanelles. He says, "This job has got to be done this time, and done good; and we have the stuff to do it if the armchair people will only keep out of it." Mr. Gamage has served 25 years in the Royal Navy. He has 3 sons, two in the Artillery and one, who is only 15 years old, a midshipman in training for the Navy.

ROScoe IN ACTION
"Canada's crack (or cracked) regiment has been in action" writes Pte. Hollingshead in part, "our trenches are fairly comfortable except when they are being shelled and then they are darn uncomfortable. I seen an aerial fight the other day and the German machine was brought down inside our lines. The aviator was a lad of 18 or 19 and was surprised to hear that he was not to be shot. He asked what we were going to do and when we told him he would be sent to England he laughed and said that the German fleet had bombarded London and blockaded the country. I wonder what he'll think when he learns the truth. The Hun seem about tired of it and our men can creep up to the wire entanglements at night in comparative safety. We are badly in need of gloves and a few pairs, warm, serviceable and not too clumsy, would be greatly acceptable to myself and the boys. I have been in the hospital for a few days with a touch of bronchitis, but am out and 'in' again. It is terribly cold in the mornings. Would I like to be in Bermuda? Well—!!

PEEL COUNTY WAR AUXILIARY

Streetsville and Harris' Corners Branch

With the exception of one district, and a portion of a second district, of the Harris' Corners polling subdivision, the membership canvas for Canadian Red Cross work has been completed. The returns show that there have been secured 11 life members, 148 active and 244 associate members. Of these, 9 life, 89 active and 166 associate members were secured in the village of Streetsville. The total amount paid in to the Treasurer, Mr. W. J. Graydon, on account of the subscriptions on Nov. 30th was about \$750.00. There are yet to come in some installments on account of life members fees, and some other small amounts. The executive committee decided at a recent meeting to pay to the Treasurer of the Canadian Red Cross Association \$400 towards hospital work in France, England and elsewhere, and to contribute \$200 towards the work of the British Red Cross Association. The balance will be retained for the present and it is hoped to be able to add to it in various ways during the winter. A committee has been appointed to meet the Women's Institute, and any other associations engaged, or

likely to engage, in knitting, bandage making or any other similar work, to arrange to supply funds for the purchase of the necessary materials. It is desired to secure for Streetsville due credit for all work being done in behalf of the Red Cross, a credit which up to the present has gone elsewhere.

Patriotic League Meeting

The Women's Patriotic League of Cooksville and District will hold their regular monthly meeting on Tuesday, 14th Inst., in the "Stone Church," Dixie, at 2:30 p.m. Mrs. Beatty of the "Secours National" will be present and will speak on the society's work. Members are requested to bring their needles and thimbles. Note the change in the place of meeting.

Wedding Bells

The marriage of Miss Muriel Irene Daisy Graydon, youngest daughter of Mr. Robert Graydon, to Mr. Eugene F. Reddick, son of Mrs. T. H. Goodison, took place very quietly on Saturday afternoon in Trinity Church, Streetsville, Rev. T. O. Curless officiating. The bride was unattended and wore a travelling suit of brown silk corduroy with hat and veil to match. She also wore an exquisite set of red fox furs and a corsage-bouquet of pink sweet peas. The happy couple left amid showers of good wishes and confetti from the host of friends assembled on the 6:15 train for Toronto and other eastern points.

Upon their return Mr. and Mrs. Reddick will reside in what is known as the T. W. Robinson residence, at the corner of Queen and Mill Sts.

A BRIDAL SHOWER

On Friday evening about thirty ladies gathered at the home of the bride-elect and presented her with a shower of rich cut glass. Immediately after the presentation a dainty luncheon was served. Miss Graydon was taken completely by surprise and a very pleasant evening was enjoyed by all.

Card of Thanks

Mrs. Glendinning and son Elmer wish to thank their many friends for their extreme kindness and sympathy in their very sad bereavement.

For Sale

8 second hand Cutters, in good repair. D. O'BRIEN, Erindale

Thanks for Fruit

The Women's Institute are sending away this week 14 pillows and 14 pillowslips. The feathers were kindly donated by three Streetsville ladies. They are sending 8 pairs of socks to Capt. Gooderham's regiment at the front.

In addition to an official acknowledgement received some time ago, the president of the Institute has received the following letter from Mrs. Fred Deacon, which explains itself:

Dear Mrs. Ross:—That I should have been so long in acknowledging the generous shipment from Streetsville is unparadonable I know, but really I am so busy again that I scarcely get time to write.

Our association is most grateful for your assistance. Kindly convey our thanks to all who helped. The packing of the fruit was perfect and also the fruit and was shipped in one of the three shipments which went to our hospitals overseas.

Most Sincerely,
Ethel Deacon, Treas.

LOOK THIS OVER

Christmas Suggestions

AT
McCLINTOCK'S
Stationery - Store

Folding Camera
Box Notepaper
Waterman's Fountain Pen
Columbia Grafonola
Columbia Records
Box Neillon's Chocolates
Box Patterson's Chocolates
Box Good Cigars
Books of Fiction
Ladies' Hand Bags
Manicure Sets
Military Brushes
—and various other useful
—articles too numerous to
—mention

AT
McCLINTOCK'S
Streetsville

B. ROOT

Tinsmith & Fitter

ALL KINDS OF

General House Repairs

Executed

GET MY PRICES FOR RAVETROUGHING

NOTE ADDRESS:

WALTER BAILEYS PUMP SHOP
STREETSVILLE
PHONE 63

W. D. LINDSAY

Streetsville Pumps and Windmills

Repairing a Specialty

Wood and Iron Pumps

We use Brass or Porcelain Cylinders to suit customers. Having purchased a well drill I am prepared to do all kinds of drilling.
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Save Your Money

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Oldest, Most Reliable, and Cheapest. All ordinary shades, \$2.00 per gal. Also White lead, oils, varnishes and alabastine.

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Country Real Estate,
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Meat - Market

We have a choice stock of all kinds

—of—

Fresh Meats Cured Meats Cooked Ham and Sausages

Ingersoll and Home Made Sausage.

Home made Lard

Try our home made head cheese

2 lb. for 25c.

Orders promptly delivered

Your patronage solicited.

Telephone connection

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Trains—No Change. See that your ticket reads

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Agent for Perkins Gasoline engines and their famous oil-less windmill. All Ontario repairs and goods supplied, also Mandrills and full equipment for babbiting windmills when out of mash.

Choice lot of all kinds of pumps kept in stock.

Porcelain, iron and brass cylinders used with galvanized pipe only.

Wells and cisterns sunk or cleaned.

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ORDER YOUR FARM IMPLEMENTS FOR THE SPRING DELIVERY IN MARCH FROM

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Cockshutt Farm Implements — Adams Wagons and Sleighs — Brantford Carriages and Cutters — Frost & Wood Mowers, Grain and Corn Binders — Burlington Perfect Silos — Frost Wire Fence — Sharples Separators and Mechanical Milkers — G. A. Rudd's Harness — Gasoline Engines and Litter Carriers

Office and Show Room in the Queens Hotel Block
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Xmas Fruits, Nuts, etc

Enjoy your Xmas Dinner by eating Pudding and Cake made from fruits purchased from us. Nothing but the best goods handled and prices will compare favorably with anyone.

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Call and see our display of

RANGES

BASE - BURNERS

—AND—

HEATING STOVES

Leading Hardware J. DANDIE Streetsville Phone 21

MR. E. F. REDICK

wishes to announce that he is prepared to do all kinds of

Watch and Clock

REPAIRING

ALL WORK GUARANTEED

Hello! What's This?

Just call in and see what we've got. It pays to be in the "Know" these days. If we haven't got what you want, just tell us and we will try and get it for you.

HECTOR WRIGHT

STREETSVILLE

Successor to F. Ward

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Get your Butter

Paper printed at Th

Review office.

NEW

Peels, Seeded Raisins, Seedless Raisins, Muscatel Raisins, Good Currants

AND

NEW

Spices of all Kinds for Your Christmas Cake and Pudding at

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Streetsville Planing Mill

JOS. PHAIR, Prop.

Best facilities in the county of Peel for the erection and completion of Frame & Brick Houses, Barns, Etc.

Lumber of all kinds—either Rough or Planed—for sale; also No. 1 and No. 2 Shingles

Estimates given on large or small contracts.

Streetsville LIVERY

Single or double rigs
Pianos and Furniture moved
Agency for A. B. Greer's and Barrie carriages.

C. G. QUENNELL

Christmas Presents

No need to worry about what the man appreciates, just call and see our varied lines for men including:

PIPES,
CIGAR CASES
POUCHES
Cigars in Boxes
ranging in prices from 50c to \$4.00
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Imported and Domestic
Razors, Razor Straps
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At less than Toronto prices

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Barber - Tobacconist
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The Streetsville Review

And Port Credit Herald
Published every Thursday at Streetsville, Ont.
Subscription Rates—\$1.50 a year; or \$1.00 if paid
Solely in advance; \$1.50 a year for U.S.
Advertising Rates on Application.
J. H. CHURCH
Editor & Proprietor

Thursday, Dec 9, 1915

Business Locals, or notices of entertainments are charged 5 cents per line, under this heading. No advertisement inserted for less than 10 cents. No free advertising.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Britannia Methodist Sunday School will hold their annual entertainment on Thursday, December 23rd.

The anniversary services in connection with Streetsville Methodist Sunday School will be held on Sunday, Dec. 19, at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., when Rev. J. S. Humphreys of Cookville, will preach at both services. On Friday evening, Dec. 17, an entertainment will be given in the Church entitled "Santa's Gold Mine." There will also be recitations, choruses, drills, dialogues etc. Admission 25c., children 15c.

The next regular meeting of Britannia L.O.L. No. 288 will be held on Wednesday evening, Dec. 15th. Election of officers and other important business. A full attendance is requested.

The beautiful homestead, the Joseph Featherston estate, two miles south of Streetsville, together with all the stock and implements, will be offered for sale by public auction next Thursday, Dec. 16th. This is a rare chance to buy one of the finest farms in Ontario, and intending purchasers should attend the sale. See advertisement on page 1.

Mr. David Evans will have a sale of cattle in about two weeks. Particulars next week.

Mr. J. K. Featherston exhibited some of his hogs at Guelph Winter Fair this week and as usual won a number of prizes.

Hornby and Omagh Presbyterian Churches have voted strongly in favor of church union, while Oakville Presbyterians have voted against it.

Come to the Christmas entertainment in the Methodist Church, given by the Sunday School, Friday evening, Dec. 17.

Streetsville L.O.L. No. 290 will meet next Tuesday evening, Dec. 14th, for election of officers and other business.

The Streetsville merchants have placed in stock a choice lot of goods for the Christmas trade and invite you to call and see their assortment and shop early. Early buyers get the best choice. They have lots of articles suitable for Christmas presents and you don't need to go elsewhere to buy. Patronize the local merchants—spend your money in your home town, and by so doing you will keep more money in circulation. Business is good, but it might be better. Don't be afraid to spend a dollar—the war will not last forever, and there are better days coming. Cheer up, get the Christmas spirit, and make all your friends happy this Christmas.

There are 2 orange lodges in Streetsville, known as Streetsville Lodge No. 290 and Britannia Lodge No. 263, and an agitation has been started to amalgamate them with the idea that orangeism would be better served should they meet together as one lodge. Both these lodges meet next week and it is expected that a vote will be taken on the question of uniting. This question has been under discussion for some time and it is hoped that there will be a good attendance at both lodges next week so that this question can be settled and arrangements completed for a union lodge.

Tomorrow, Dec. 10th, the second instalment of village taxes is due, and all who have not paid their taxes by Dec. 8th, will not be allowed to vote at the municipal election.

Miss K. White has resigned her position on the staff of Streetsville High School to accept a more remunerative one at Perth. She leaves at Christmas. Miss White is a first class teacher and both principal and scholars will regret her departure.

Coming Events

Thursday, Dec. 16—Auction sale of the estate of the late Joseph Featherston two miles south of Streetsville. Shook & Russell, auctioneers.

Friday, Dec. 17—Streetsville Meth. S. S. Anniversary.

Monday, Dec. 20—Regular meeting of Court Streetsville No. 1243, Independent Foresters.

Tuesday, Dec. 21—Christmas entertainment in Methodist Church, Cookville.

Thursday, Dec. 23—Christmas entertainment in town hall, Cookville.

Thursday, Dec. 23—Britannia Meth. S. S. Entertainment.

Friday, Dec. 31—St. Andrews Pres. S. S. Entertainment.

The Willing Workers of Trinity Church will hold a Bazaar in the Morgan Store on Friday, Dec. 10, afternoon and evening.

Real Estate

Farms for sale, in Halton, Peel and Wellington Counties 239 farms, all sizes. If you want a farm write me for catalogue; or if you wish to sell or exchange write me. Have every facility for transmitting our business to your complete satisfaction. Correspondence solicited

J. A. WILLOUGHBY
Farm Selling Specialist
Georgetown

Two weeks from Saturday will be Christmas Day.

Are we going to have a skating rink or a hockey club this winter?

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Watson of Toronto spent Sunday with friends here.

Miss Edith F. Williamson of Toronto spent the week end with her aunt, Miss V. L. Hollingshead.

Young men—don't forget that the "Worth While" class meets every Sunday afternoon at 2:30.

The adult bible class of the Methodist church have purchased a Newcombe piano from Mr. J. E. Alderson. It arrived yesterday and was placed in the church.

Several of our citizens attended the Winter Fair at Guelph this week and report that it was the best ever held.

J. M. Barker, Erindale, Ont., Issued of Marriage Licenses. 31—M—

An Oddfellow's Funeral

Saturday afternoon a large number of friends and relatives of the late Dr. Glendenning assembled at his residence to pay their last respects to the departed. Rev. J. F. Scott conducted the service, after which the funeral proceeded to Streetsville cemetery for interment. Deceased had been a member of Streetsville Lodge No. 122 Independent Order of Oddfellows for many years and members of that society, accompanied by members from Port Credit and other lodges, attended in a body. The Oddfellows' service was read at the grave and each Oddfellow placed a twig of evergreen on the coffin as a token that their deceased brother would ever remain green in their memory. Among those from a distance who attended the funeral were Mr. Norman Glendenning of Toronto, Mr. L. Scruton of Toronto and Mr. Geo. Hilyer of Milton. The floral tributes were numerous and beautiful.

A Piano Recital

Last Friday evening, December 3rd, Miss V. L. Hollingshead entertained a number of her pupils and friends at her studio to a piano recital. The programme was rendered by pupils of the primary and junior grades. These recitals are eagerly looked forward to by the pupils and they provide the more ambitious ones with the opportunity to spring a surprise. And someone did. Whether some of the older and farther advanced pupils took stage fright or not is not known, but it remained for little Josephine Featherston to carry off the coveted prize for the two numbers played in the most creditable manner. She won the admiration of all for her dexterity and excellence of expression in one so young.

There was no question about the prize for memory playing going to Miss Ada Prince, whose dainty playing was heartily applauded. The first prize for excellence in duet playing was won by Miss Kathleen J. Mason of Lisgar and Miss Maybelle Adamson of Erindale. The scale test was won by Miss Ada Prince with Josephine Featherston one point behind. Miss Kathleen Drennan carried off the prize for the musical terms contest but had to share the honor with Master Patrick Farrell. The winners of 2nd prizes were the Misses Myrtle Buck, Maybelle Adamson, Vera Goodison, Gertrude Forster and Isabelle Featherston.

Those taking part were the Misses Kathleen J. Mason of Lisgar, Maybelle Adamson of Erindale, Edith F. Williamson of Toronto and Misses Kathleen Drennan, Josephine Featherston, Vera F. W. Goodison, Gertrude Forster, Lillian E. Church, Ada A. Prince, Pearl E. Church and Master Patrick H. Farrell of Streetsville.

The programme was interspersed by saxophone and piano duets by Mr. E. Roy Hollingshead and Miss Hollingshead and solos by Mr. Hollingshead, whose robust bass proved highly entertaining if one can judge by the demand for more.

Who was the Brampton motorist who tried to smash a telephone pole on the gravel road near Streetsville Tuesday afternoon? Ask Jake—he was there.

Sunday evening's service in St. Andrews Presbyterian church has been withdrawn on account of the anniversary services in the Methodist church.

Mr. Bert Deor is visiting his many friends in Streetsville this week.

The Anniversary Services of St. Andrews Presbyterian Sunday School will be held on Sunday, Dec. 26th. Rev. N. A. McEachren, B. A. of Brampton will preach in the morning and Rev. Dr. Pidgeon in the evening. The annual entertainment will be held New Year's Eve., Friday, December 31st.

Mr. Roy Hollingshead, who has been employed at the Review office for the past six weeks, leaves on Saturday to accept a position in Toronto.

Commencement at Streetsville High School

The commencement exercises at the Streetsville High School were held last Friday evening in the school, before an audience that taxed Form I's capacity and overflowed into the halls and other classrooms. In spite of there being only standing room for many the audience was in good humor and listened appreciatively to the varied programme. At 8:30 the genial Treasurer of the High School Board, Mr. W. Couss, called the meeting to order and announced an opening patriotic chorus by the school. "Do Your Bit" which was sung in a way that showed careful practice. Then Mr. Couss gave a brief but pointed address, pointing out the advantages to Streetsville of having a high school here. In a reminiscent mood he recalled how many men and women, now teachers, doctors, lawyers, etc., had passed from S. H. S. Perseverance in spite of difficulties was his advice to the graduating class. After a well rendered piano duet by Misses F. and M. Stevenson, Miss Bessie McLellan recited with her usual fervor a very touching poem. Then followed the first part of the B. S. Journal, crammed full of quips and jests on school events. The Diplomas were then presented to the graduating class, Messrs. George King, George Atkinson, Gilbert Templeton, Wilfrid Dutton, Leonard Pope and Miss Helen Scott. As each came forward he or she was greeted with the school yell, while a choir of girls sang parodies on well known songs about each. God save Our George King brought down the house. Rev. Mr. Scott, in his address, gave the graduates some excellent advice, pointing out the advantages of education and the power it gave to the world. Sooner or later those leaving the schools would be playing foremost parts in the world's battles and, like those on the Honor Roll, be "doing their bit."

Mr. Kemp then gave a summary of the achievements of the school during the past year, showing that the students of the lower and middle school had been remarkably successful, two of the latter obtaining honors. He called attention to the fact that as far as known fourteen former pupils are on active service.

The second part of the Journal, read by Miss Frances Horne, followed, with a mint of excellent contributions including some striking biographies of Form I in verse. Rev. Mr. Curries, in an appropriate manner, presented the following trophies and medals: a beautiful silver cup for high average in rifle shooting in 1915, presented by Mr. S. Datesman of New York, awarded to Weylie Walker to be held for one year; Senior Girls Championship medal in school sports, Miss Frances Horne; Junior Girls medal, Miss Kathleen Drennan; Senior Boys medal, Arthur Irwin; Junior Boys medal, Clifford Forster for collecting most prize money for school fair, silver gilt medal presented by Mrs. Kemp, Miss Mary O'Gorman. Four other medals presented by Mrs. Kemp as prizes for the school fair have not yet come from Ryries and will be presented later.

After a reciting recitation by Miss Myrtle Jamieson, Form I, assisted by Walter Scott, put on a humorous dialogue from Dickens, "The Young Gradgrinds" and did it remarkably well. Then another stirring chorus was sung by the school "Good Luck to the Boys of the Allies," after which came what many regarded as the best item on the programme, a beautiful drill by nine of the senior girls, illustrating the Strathcona system of physical training. The way the girls moved in such perfect unison displayed the careful training Miss White had given them. God Save the King closed one of the most enjoyable commencement nights ever held.

Cookville

The annual Christmas entertainment of St. John's Church Sunday School, Dixie, will be held in the town hall, Cookville, Thursday evening, Dec. 23rd. An excellent program will be rendered as follows: Choruses, Recitations, etc.: by the Sunday School; Selections by one of the Sunday School; Miss Vera Toronto's leading elocutionists, Miss Vera Gray; an operatic play by the Sunday School. Doors open 7:30. Concert to commence at 8. God save the King Admission 25c children 15c. Rev. H. V. Thompson, chairman

PREPARE NOW FOR A POSITION OF TRUST and Responsibility by attending the

ELLIOTT Business College

Yonge and Charles Sts., Toronto
This school enjoys a wide-spread patronage. Enter now. Catalogue free
Winter Term opens January 3rd.

Jos. W. Harkess Builder & Contractor ERINDALE

Contracts taken for dwelling houses, garages, stables, outbuildings, etc. No contract too large and none too small. Jobs for hire. All kinds of Sash and Doors. Window and Door Frames made to order. All work promptly attended to. Your patronage respectfully solicited. Phone 32-4, Streetsville

Call and See the Automatic
CREAM SEPARATOR
and Engine combined
In actual use at our farm
J. E. DOWLING
Agent for Farm Implements and Machinery
Streetsville



FORD TOURING CAR
PRICE \$530

FORD RUNABOUT
PRICE \$480

The above prices F. O. B. Ford, Ont. effective Aug. 2, 1915. No Speedometer included in this years equipment. otherwise cars fully equipped. Cars on display and sale at

Streetsville Garage

J. E. ALDERSON
W. C. ANDREW



Make This Christmas
Last All Winter
Buy ^(For)_(Them) a Set of

Columbia Double-Disc Records

It will most certainly please them and make everybody happier. We have Columbia Grafonola Record outfits to fit every pocketbook—and on special Christmas terms. Ask us about them.

Get a complete list of Christmas Records and our special Christmas terms.

MADE IN CANADA

C. H. MCCLINTOCK
Local Agent

Streetsville - Ontario

GERMAN WORKMEN BLOW UP HUGE MUNITION FACTORY

Several Hundred People Were Killed in Explosion
at Halle, Prussian Saxony

A despatch from London says: Destruction of a large ammunition factory at Halle, Prussian Saxony, by an explosion, with the loss of several hundred lives, is reported in a message from Kolding, Denmark, to Copenhagen, as forwarded by Reuter's correspondent. Discontented workmen are suspected, the message says, of having caused the explosion. It is said a similar disaster was narrowly avoided at Bogden, Silesia. The ammunition factory there, it is reported, was saved by the discovery that it had been undermined.

GERMANY WILL PROCLAIM PEACE

Latest Rumor from German Sources
Says Decision Has Already
Been Reached.

A despatch from London says: The momentous decision reached by the German Government to permit the discussion of peace in the Reichstag is regarded here as the clearest indication that Germany is prepared to lay down her arms if acceptable conditions can be obtained. The Government's decision, following the authorization given to the German press for a free discussion of an almost unanimous desire to end the war, along with the Governmental sanction of the Socialists' plan to bring about a peace debate in the Reichstag, lends an importance to coming events which it is impossible to over-estimate.

The latest rumors coming from The Hague and obviously from a German source, is to the effect that the Kaiser intends to proclaim peace shortly. It is asserted on the "highest authority," according to the rumor that the Kaiser will send a letter to President Wilson urging him to accept the role of mediator. The letter, the rumor goes on, will declare that Germany did not want the war, which the letter will say, was forced by England and Russia. Atrocities will be denied energetically. The hour is at hand, the letter will continue, to stop the bloodshed and permit Europe to heal her wounds with a bountiful peace.

"Germany will offer, through President Wilson, to evacuate the invaded departments of France and all of Belgium except Antwerp, and to negotiate with Great Britain regarding the possession of Antwerp. Poland will be declared autonomous, the invaded provinces of Russia will be restored, and Serbia's independence will be guaranteed."

"On the other hand, the 'freedom of the seas' is to be guaranteed and special privileges are to be granted to German commerce."

"In case of a refusal of these terms, according to the rumor, Germany is determined upon a war of extermination."

DR. BUENZ, NOW 72, SENT
TO JAIL FOR 18 MONTHS

Head of Hamburg-American Line and
Three Pupils Sentenced.

A despatch from New York says: Karl Buenz, Ph.D., head of the Hamburg-American Line in America, formerly Minister to Mexico for Germany and ex-Consul-General at this port for the Kaiser, was sentenced by Judge Howe in the United States District Court to serve a year and a half in the Federal penitentiary at Atlanta for conspiring to defraud the United States Government by obtaining clearances falsely sworn to. The false papers were used to clear a fleet of supply ships sent from American ports last fall and winter to coal and provision German warships at sea. Dr. Buenz is now in his 73rd year.

George Koetter, superintending engineer of the Hamburg-American Line, and Adolf Hachmeister, purchasing agent of the line, also received jail sentences of a year and a half. Joseph Poppinhaus, still in his thirties, was sentenced to one year and one day at Atlanta.

The gift of speech is a dangerous possession.

OUTFOUGHT AND OUTRANGED FOR FIRST TIME IN THE WAR

German Wounded Arriving at Ghent Says Allies' Guns Never Give Enemies' Trenches a Rest

A despatch from Paris says: In a surprise attack made south of Lomhaertzyde, on the Belgian front the Germans captured a French advanced post, but again lost it to the French.

Outside of the usual artillery bombardment at various points along the front, the official communique mentions mine-fighting north-west of Fay and the demolition of enemy shelters and a provision depot north of Laucourt, in the region between the Somme and the Oise. French guns put an end to an attempted bombardment of Thann, in Alsace, before any, but trifling, damage had been done.

PILOT OF PEACE SAILS WITH CREW

Ship's Cabin Decorated With Stuffed
Doves and Olive Branches of
Peace.

A despatch from New York says: Amid scenes so extravagantly remarkable as to be almost beyond belief, Henry Ford's Peace Ship, Oscar II., backed out from its pier in Hoboken Saturday afternoon, bearing a strangely assorted company that has proclaimed that it will stop the war. The ship was scheduled to bear away toward the expectant Europe at two o'clock, but a series of extraordinary happenings kept it at the pier until just thirteen minutes after three. In the hour's wait the crowd of fully 12,000 that jammed the Scandinavian-American Line dock and boiled over to the side streets cheered, wept, laughed and catcalled as Mr. Ford himself and one or another of his more or less celebrated passengers came to the rail to make speeches or otherwise to entertain.

In all, a careful count of the passenger list shows that 142 sailed in the first and second cabins, which are reserved exclusively for the Ford party, and decorated with stuffed doves and olive branches. At least a dozen more came late and were not listed, and probably 160 made up the party. Of these, however, 89 were listed as newspaper or magazine correspondents, three as movie men, 22 as college students. This would leave 96, from whom must be deducted the multifarious secretaries, assistants and stenographers of Mr. Ford and about everybody else of the peace staff. Probably the actual peace delegation did not exceed fifty.

HARD WINTER PREDICTED.

Britain Takes Steps to Properly Care
for Troops.

At the request of the army authorities, a French Government meteorologist has drawn up a forecast of the weather for this coming winter, according to the Paris correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette, in which he prophesies that the season will be the worst ever known.

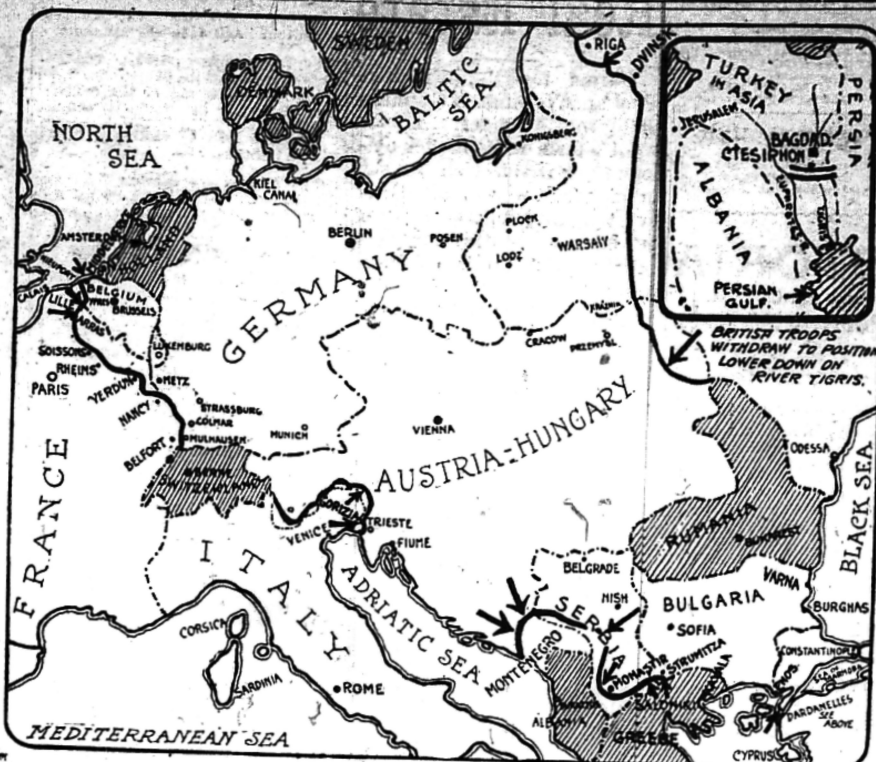
The meteorologist visited the Alps and obtained the views of experienced mountaineers. The latter told him that the Alpine field mice, instead of burrowing some ten or twelve inches, as usual, in order to pass the winter comfortably, have gone down fully three feet. Trees and plants point to the same conclusion, the ash and heather being particularly emphatic in their weather signals.

The army authorities already have acted on this advice in preparations for clothing for the troops during the cold months.

TOO MANY MOTORS GEN. GALLIENI THINKS

A despatch from Paris says: General and other high officers of the French army must get along with fewer automobiles and horses hereafter, by order of Gen. Gallieni, Minister of War.

Informing the Appropriations Committee of the Chamber of Deputies of his decision, Gen. Gallieni said he had reached it as the result of a report prepared in behalf of a committee by Raoul Peret, former Minister of Commerce, and Emmanuel Brusse.



The Week's Development in the War.

Serbia has been almost completely overrun by the Austro-German and Bulgarian forces. The Serbian army has been driven into Montenegro after suffering heavy losses in their heroic resistance of the invaders. The Anglo-French Expeditionary forces still hold the southern part of Serbia, but their movements are being kept strictly secret. The surprise in the Balkans which Premier Asquith said was being prepared by the Allies has not yet developed.

The attitude of Greece is anything but reassuring, probably on account of the Austro-German threat to invade Greco-Macedonian territory. Conflicting reports continue to come from Rumania, which country, apparently, is still negotiating with both the Central Powers and the Entente allies.

Large additional reinforcements for the French and British are arriving daily at Saloniki, while the Russian troops are reported as ready for a strong attack on Bulgaria.

On the western front there have been air duels and artillery exchanges, but no infantry engagements in force. The most violent fighting of the week has taken place on the Isonzo front, where the heavy Italian artillery is battering down the defences of Galicia and drawing additional Austrian troops to resist the Italian attack.

Announcement is made that the French and British Governments have no intention of abandoning the campaign in the Dardanelles.

RECALL ASKED OF CAPT. BOY-ED

Washington Also Demands That
Captain von Papen Be
Supplanted.

A despatch from Washington says: Demand has been made by the United States upon Germany for the immediate recall of Captains Boy-Ed and von Papen, the naval and military attaches, respectively, of the German Embassy here.

Announcement to this effect was made by Secretary Lansing in the following statement:

"On account of what this Government considers their improper activities in military and naval matters, this Government has requested the immediate recall of Captain Boy-Ed and Captain von Papen, as they are no longer acceptable to this Government."

The action of this Government against the German attaches is due to no single incident in either case, but was based on an accumulation of improper activities connected with the handling of German military and naval matters in this country. The connection of at least one of the attaches with the plot on the part of certain German interests to set Huerta up again in Mexico as a means of embarrassing this Government figured more than any other single incident in the determination to adopt a drastic course towards these representatives of the German Government.

"FREEDOM" OF SEAS; THE GERMAN NOTION

A despatch from London says: The Foreign Office publishes a statement which it announces was made by the captain of a Swedish steamer to the effect that, before the sailing of a vessel, Swedish Customs houses in all cases telegraph to Berlin information of the sailing and that the vessel does not carry contraband; and that all Swedish vessels leaving the Baltic are stopped at the entrance to the Sound by German patrol boats, which examine the vessels very carefully. In making public the statement the Foreign Office appends the following observation:

"The above appears to his Majesty's Government to merit being brought to the notice of the public as showing how the German Government in those waters where they have an opportunity for displaying naval activity practise the principle of the freedom of the seas for neutral commerce, which they have so loudly accused his Majesty's Government of violating."

ALL LEAVING BRITAIN MUST HAVE PASSPORTS

A despatch from London says: It is officially announced that an order-in-council just issued requires that in all ordinary cases of persons going abroad, British or alien, passports will be required.

Says Greece Accepted Allies' Demands

A despatch from Rome says: M. Denys Cochon, member of the French Cabinet returning from Greece, made a flying visit to Rome. He conferred with Premier Salandra and Baron Sidney Sonnino, the Foreign Minister, and granted interviews expressing optimism regarding the situation in Greece.

"The allies," he said, "demanded that Greece make exceptions to the law of neutrality, since they assumed that it was Greece's duty to aid Serbia, and that therefore they were fully entitled to exceptionally favorable treatment. Greece accepted the allies' demands. The question, therefore, is now solved. Negotiations are still pending for the settlement of technical details between the general staffs of the Greek army and the Anglo-French forces."

ENEMY AGENTS FOUND GUILTY

Four Subjects of the Kaiser Con-
spired to Defraud the United
States.

A despatch from New York says: A verdict of "guilty as charged on both indictments" was pronounced in the United States District Court by the Federal jury which has been hearing the testimony of the Government's charges against the Hamburg-American Line against Dr. Karl Buenz, head of the line, and the other Hamburg-American men that they had conspired to defraud the United States before and after war was declared by falsely obtaining clearance papers for a fleet of supply ships sent out by the defendants to coal and provision German warships at sea.

The jury reached a decision seven hours after retiring. Besides Dr. Buenz, the other men convicted, a conviction which lawyers and laymen agreed was the most important of its kind returned since war was begun in Europe, were the engineering superintendent of the Hamburg-American Line, George Koetter, Adolf Hachmeister, purchasing agent for the line, and Joseph Poppinhaus, a Hamburg-American supercargo.

Dr. Buenz, now 72 years of age, one time German Minister to Mexico, and eminent throughout the active part of his life in the Foreign Office of the German Government, and the others convicted, may under the law be sentenced to not more than two years in a Federal prison and fined not more than \$10,000.

A fifth defendant, Felix Seffner, supercargo on one of the neutral steamers sent to supply the German fleet, was not brought to trial. He was captured by the British while on his errand of relief, and is at the present time a prisoner in a Canadian detention camp.

The Government's accusation against them was not, as Judge Howe pointed out in his charge to the jury, one having anything to do with violation of neutrality laws. The defendants were convicted because they had conspired to obtain through manifests falsely sworn to, and by other irregular means, clearance papers for their fleet of at least twelve supply ships.

OVER 100,000 MAKING SHELLS

Stupendous Proportions to Which the
Industry Has Grown in
Canada.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Some idea of the stupendous proportions to which the munitions industry in Canada has grown was given to the members of the Ottawa branch of the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers by Gen. Alexander Bertram, of the Imperial Munitions Board. At present nearly 100,000 persons are employed on orders amounting in all to 20,000,000 shells. The steel required for the industry from now till the end of next year is 800,000,000 pounds, which will tax the capacity of the Dominion steel plants to the utmost. Nearly 45,000,000 pounds of copper and brass are used, and 102,000,000 pounds of lead. This is more than Canada can produce of these metals, and the surplus must be imported.

Fifteen hundred thousand pounds of tin and 10,000,000 pounds of resin are also required. The value of the shell orders up to now has been \$220,000,000, with additional orders of about \$180,000,000, making \$375,000,000 in all. The number of shells shipped to England so far has been 3,500,000.

AUSTRIANS LEFT 500 DEAD IN FRONT OF ITALIAN TRENCHES

Succeeded in Securing a Foothold in Some Parts of
Positions South of Riva, But Were Driven Back

A despatch from Rome says: Perhaps in the hope of creating a diversion and thereby relieving the pressure on Gorizia and their Isonzo lines, perhaps believing that the Italians had weakened their lines in other districts to strengthen their attack along the Isonzo, the Austrians delivered two attacks, the second of great violence, against the Italian positions in the Ponale zone, west of Lake Garda. The first attack was made near San Bartolomeo, a village at the foot of the mountain of the same name north of Salo, on the western shore of Lake Garda. The attack was repulsed.

The second and more violent attack was made north of Pre, on the north bank of the Ponale River.

An intense artillery fire preceded the infantry attack. Masses of infantry then were hurled against the Italian positions, and, though thrown back time and again, the assaults were repeated until the Austrian troops succeeded in getting a foothold in some parts of the Italian trenches. A hand-to-hand fight followed, and the Austrians were driven back and routed. Five hundred Austrian dead were left on the field and many prisoners taken.

ITALIAN TROOPS FOR GALLIOLI

They Will Also Aid Against a Possible
Invasion of Egypt by
Enemy.

A despatch from Rome says: In addition to the official announcement in the Italian Parliament that Italy had signed the agreement with her allies not to consider a separate peace, Baron Sidney Sonnino, the Foreign Minister, made the definite statement that Italian military aid would be sent to Serbia, and hinted at a much greater activity on the part of the Italian army and fleet in the Eastern Mediterranean.

Italy will make Albania her base of operations. Already a detachment of Italian troops has been landed at Avlona. Besides, she will co-operate with the Entente powers "in the Eastern Mediterranean," which means an expedition to the Dardanelles, operations on the Dalmatian coast of the Adriatic, or even eventual aid against an invasion of Egypt.

This position of the Italian Government was set forth by Foreign Minister Sonnino. At the outset of his declaration he announced that Italy formally signed the agreement to act jointly with the allies to the end. Secondly, he asserted that Italian troops will be despatched to the aid of the Serbians, and "the Italian flag on 'L'altra sponda' (The Dalmatian shore of the Adriatic) will reaffirm Italian interests in Albania, whose independence is indispensable to the strategic defence of the Adriatic."

"Italy is not insensible to Serbia's distress. She is preparing to aid that heroic country," was one of the outstanding points in Baron Sonnino's speech.

Simultaneously with the Foreign Minister's speech was the issuance of a statement by M. Ristic, Serbian Minister to Italy, emphatically denying reports of capitulation in Serbia.

"Serbia will win with the aid of the allies or die fighting," the statement said. "In a short time Serbia will be in a position to hurl 200,000 men against our enemies."

ITALY IS PLEDGED WITH HER ALLIES; SIGNED PACT

A despatch from Rome says: Italy has pledged herself not to make a separate peace. An announcement of this step was made in the Italian Parliament by Baron Sidney Sonnino, Minister of Foreign Affairs, who said that Italy had affixed her signature to the London pact of September 8, which was signed originally by Russia, France and Great Britain.

At the same time, Baron Sonnino announced that Italy would send assistance to Serbia.

The members of Parliament, many in uniform, greeted both the announcements with great applause.

EARLY END TO WAR, JOHN REDMOND'S VIEW

A despatch from London says: John Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, in a speech at Waterford, recounted talks he had had with Lord Kitchener at the beginning of the war. Lord Kitchener said to Mr. Redmond: "Can you guarantee me 5,000 men from Ireland; if you can, I will say thank you. If you can guarantee 12,000, I will say I am deeply obliged."

"I am convinced," continued Mr. Redmond, "that so far as the western front is concerned we have got the upper hand definitely. I am also convinced that the war will come to an end sooner than most people believe."

Saw the Animal in a Tree.

While out for a walk Pat and Mike saw a little animal in a tree. "Sure now," said Pat. "I niver saw a rabbit up a tree before!" "That's no rabbit," replied Mike. "Faith, thin, I'll show ye that it is," replied Pat indignantly, as he started to climb the tree. But that animal was a small and very fierce wildcat, and presently there came to Mike's ears sounds of a wild combat and shouts for help. "Pat, Pat," he called out, "shall I come up an' help ye catch the beast?" Above the breaking of branches came a hollow voice, which said: "Faith, no; but for pity's sake come up an' help me to let him go!"

LOOKING OLD TOO SOON

The Condition of Too Many Women and Too Many Girls.

Too many women and too many girls look old long before they should. Their faces become pale and drawn; wrinkles appear and their eyes lack brightness. Can this be wondered at when they so frequently have headaches, backaches and a general feeling of wretchedness and weakness? In most cases it is the blood that is to blame. From one cause or another the blood has become thin and watery, and it is a fact that anaemia (bloodlessness) more than any other cause, gives women this prematurely aged appearance. It is important that the blood supply of girls and women be regularly replenished—important not only on the score of looks, but to restore robust health, which is of greater value. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood and restore the system shattered by overwork or worry. These pills give a glow of health to pale faces and make tired, weary women and girls feel bright and happy. With Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at hand there is no need for any woman or any girl to look ill or feel ill. Mrs. J. McDonald, jr., Hay, Ont., says: "I honestly believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life. Some years ago I had anaemia, and as I did not realize the seriousness of the trouble I soon became a complete wreck. I got so weak I could hardly walk. I neither ate nor slept well, and could not go upstairs without stopping to rest. At times I had an almost unbearable pain in my back, and would have to remain in bed. I suffered almost constantly from a dull headache, and when sweeping if I would stoop to pick up anything I would get so dizzy that I would have to catch hold of something to keep from falling. At times my heart would beat so fast that I would have a smothering sensation. My eyes were sunken and my hands and limbs would be swollen in the mornings. I tried several kinds of medicines without benefit, and my friends thought I would not recover. Then I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and before long could see and feel that they were helping me. I gladly continued the use of the pills until I was completely cured, and I cannot say enough in their praise, and I strongly recommend them to all run-down girls and women."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any dealer in medicines or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A WELL OF TITLES.

Many Novelists Draw Titles for Their Books From the Bible.

The Bible has been called a well of English, but novelists have found it a well of good titles, upon which they can draw without stint. Mr. Hall Caine makes good use of it with "The Woman Thou Gavest Me," "The Prodigal Son," and "The Scapegoat"; Marie Corelli calls "Wormwood" and "Barabbas"; Miss Braddon "One Thing Needful" and "Thou Art the Man."

The late Walter Besant gets "Children of Gibeon" from the same inexhaustible supply, as well as "The Fourth Generation." The author of "John Halifax, Gentleman" has a novel entitled "A Life for a Life"; Joseph Hocking has one "All Men are Liars"; Seton Merriman, "The Tents of Kedar"; David Lyall, "The Corner Stone"; E. M. Jameson, "A House Divided"; and "Rita," "A Woman of Samaria."

"Joseph's Coat" is a memorable novel, and so is Marion Crawford's "Whosoever Shall Offend." William Le Queux has a novel called "As We Forgive Them," and Thomas Hardy names another "The Laodicean." Older readers recall Whyte Melville's "Black, but Comely"; and William Black's "Daughter of Heth" is a minor classic.

Andrew Balfour has written "Vengeance is Mine" and Blundell-Burton "The House of Bondage" and "The Sword of Gideon," two fine titles. L. G. Moberley has "In the Balances," Charles Marriott "The House on the Sand," and Mrs. Coulson Kernahan "An Unwise Virgin" and "The Graven Image."

Harold Begbie is fond of Biblical titles. Among others are "Tables of Stone" and "In the Hands of the Potter." Richard Bagot uses "The Just and the Unjust," and one of the most popular novels of the day is "The Way of an Eagle."

In fact, this page might be filled with ease with Biblical titles of popular novels, and it would be a good exercise for a winter evening, not only to spot the Bible titles in a library catalogue, but also to see how many can be actually placed. Where, for instance, does "The Way of an Eagle" come? One might do worse than search Proverbs, a perfect storehouse of splendid titles, to go no further.—London Answers.

His Presence Was Requested.

Hobson (at club reception)—Say, who is that man over there? He's been standing around with his hands in his pockets all evening, and not a soul has noticed him.

Dobson—I guess he must be a guest of the club.

It is sixty years since British troops landed on the Continent.

A Bereaved Mother



MRS. CAVELL
Mother of Nurse Edith Cavell, who was murdered by the Germans in Belgium.

THE FIELD OF SCIENCE.

The majority of workers in copper mines are immune from typhoid. Nearly all the locomotives in Asiatic countries are driven by petroleum. Icebergs sometimes last as long as 200 years before they melt entirely away.

The reindeer has been known to pull 200 pounds at ten miles an hour for twelve hours.

The earliest designs used for china at Worcester are believed to have been copied from the Chinese.

Swedish school children, under the guidance of their teachers, annually plant about 600,000 trees.

All who are decorated with the Russian Cross of St. Andrew have the right once to demand a pardon for a Russian subject condemned to death.

Some of the huge crabs found on Ascension Island are each a foot in length. They have been known to steal rabbits from their holes and devour them.

Macedonia grows the richest opium of all countries. The product is used solely in the manufacture of morphine, and is not the quality used for smoking.

The orange was originally a pear-shaped fruit about the size of the common wild cherry. Its evolution is believed by naturalists to be due to 1200 years of cultivation.

The women of Mexico use fireflies as jewels. They tie them in little gauze bags and put them in their hair or their clothing. Then, until they require them again, they keep them in little wire cages and feed them on scraps of sugar cane.

Cotton grows best in low coastal land in tropical latitudes. It is probably a native of tropical Asia, and certainly two of the most important cotton products take their names from Asiatic towns—muslin from Mosul and calico from Calicut. It requires plenty of moisture and salt.

A peculiarity of deaf cats is that they seem to have a great sense of feeling in their feet pads. It is almost an impossibility for a heavy animal to approach a deaf cat from behind without giving it warning, and this may be attributed to the extreme sensitiveness of the cat's feet recording the slightest tremor of the ground.

A FRIENDLY GROCER

Dropped a Valuable Hint.

"For about eight years," writes a lady, "I suffered from nervousness—part of the time down in bed."

"Sometimes I would get numb, and it would be almost impossible for me to speak. At other times I would have severe bilious attacks, and my heart would flutter painfully when I would walk fast or sweep."

"I have taken enough medicine to start a small drug store, but without permanent benefit. One evening our grocer was asking my husband how I was, and urged that I quit coffee and use Postum, so he brought home a package, and I made it according to directions, and we were both delighted with it. We quit coffee altogether and used only Postum." (Tea produces about the same effects as coffee, because they both contain the drugs caffeine and tannin.)

"I began to get better, and in a month's time looked like another person. The color came back to my cheeks, I began to sleep well, my appetite was good, and I commenced to take on flesh and become interested in everything about the house."

"Finally, I was able to do all my own work without the least sign of my old trouble." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

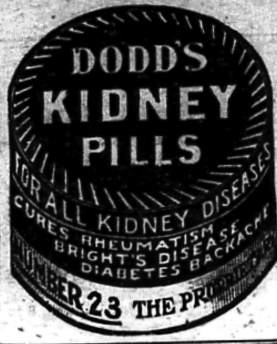
Postum comes in two forms: Postum Cereal—the original form—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—a soluble powder—dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious and cost about the same per cup.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.



A PEDAL TIC.

How Twitching of the Foot Unbalances the Mind.

When a foot twitches without apparent cause, automatically as it were, the doctors call it a pedal tic. Such a condition is not serious, but it is annoying, and soon gets on the nerves of the sufferer. Dr. Gustav F. Boehme of England reports a case of more than the usual interest, and its cure by psychanalysis.

A certain J. S., 29 years old, a clerk, had suffered for four years from a twitching of the right foot when at rest. Sometimes his left foot also twitched. He would have spasms of foot-twitching when in bed, when seated, when walking. His feet seemed to go beyond his control and he would stagger as if drunk. Otherwise he was well, and there was nothing in his family history that shed light upon his condition.

Dr. Boehme recognized that there was nothing organically wrong with him, so he began studying his "sub-conscious reflexes."

Dr. Boehme explained the twitching to J. S., saying that most men when seated cross one leg over the other and tend to swing the suspended foot. This is generally the right foot. When mentally perturbed the swinging becomes more pronounced. When J. S. returned to the unsatisfactory environment of his home and sat down to read, "his thoughts would wander, his worries would crowd into his consciousness, and the foot-twitching, at first voluntarily, would begin. Gradually, subconsciously, the tic gained the ascendancy."

Dr. Boehme described this condition to his patient, improved his general hygiene, and made him take long evening walks with cheerful friends. His condition improved within three days, and all twitchings had ceased after three weeks. J. S. declared he had no fear of a recurrence, but Dr. Boehme is not sure about this, saying it depends upon the clearness with which the patient has interpreted the symptoms.

WHO IS DR. JACKSON?

For years he taught food chemistry, dietetics, and diseases of the digestive tract in one of the large medical schools of the continent. In his extensive experience in free clinics he worked out the formula for Dr. Jackson's Roman Meal, a compound of whole wheat and rye, with deodorized flaxseed and bran. It nourishes better than meat, prevents indigestion and positively relieves constipation or "money back." Ask your doctor. At all grocers, 10 and 25 cents. Roman Meal is made by Roman Meal Co., Toronto.

HOW EXPLOSIONS KILL.

Concussion Bursts the Blood Vessels and Arteries.

It will be recalled that on the morning of the battle of the Marne return combatants related strange stories of the aspect of certain German unwounded corpses. Death had been so instantaneous that the bodies remained in a life-like posture, some shouldering a rifle, other pipe in mouth. In a communication made to the Academy of Medicine M. Reno Arnoux asserts that the phenomena were due to the efficacy of the French explosives. Within a fifteen yards' radius of the point where the shell explodes the displacement of the air is so intense as to destroy the equilibrium of pressure on the interior and exterior of the human body. The gas contained in the blood is thus liberated, causes a distension of the blood vessels and arteries, and, ultimately bursting these organs, induces sudden death. This argument is confirmed by the state of the bodies, which often showed the heart and liver greatly distended and numerous internal hemorrhages.

I was cured of painful goitre by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

BAYARD McMULIN.

Chatham, Ont.

I was cured of Inflammation by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

MRS. W. A. JOHNSON.

Walsh, Ont.

I was cured of Facial Neuralgia by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Parkdale, Ont. J. H. BAILEY.

Long Known.

"Father," said the minister's son, "my teacher says that 'collect' and 'congregate' mean the same thing. Do they?"

"Perhaps they do, my son," said the venerable clergyman; "but you may tell your teacher that there is a vast difference between a congregation and a collection."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

According to Orders.

The following unusual interpretation of a common command appears in London Tit-Bits. The mistress came downstairs and tried the door of the sitting room, only to find it locked against her, while the key, which was usually in the lock, was missing.

"Bridget, I can't get into the sitting room!" she cried.

"Sure, it's meself knows that; and ye won't, fur I hev the key in me pocket."

"Open the door immediately!"

"Will ye go in if I do?"

"Certainly I will."

"Then ye won't get the key."

"Open the door, I say! What do you mean?"

"Sure, it's by your own orders. Just yesterday ye said, 'Don't let me come downstairs in the morning and see any dust on the sitting room furniture.' So I just puts the key in me pocket, and says I, 'Then she shan't!'"

Throw Away Your Eye-Glasses!

A Free Prescription

You Can Have Filled and Use at Home

Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye-strain or other eye-weaknesses? If so, you will be glad to know that there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says, after trying it: "I was almost blind; could not see to read at all. Now I can read anything without any glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seemed clear. I can even read fine print without glasses." It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time, and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules. Here is the prescription: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto. Fill a two-ounce bottle with warm water, drop in one Bon-Opto tablet and allow to dissolve. With this liquid, bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start, and inflammation will quickly disappear if your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to have them now, before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time. The Yalmura Drug Co., of Toronto, will fill the above prescription by mail, if your druggist cannot.

A Soft Answer.

The sergeant was very crusty, and, of course, had to preserve his dignity, but as he was walking along the trench he suddenly slipped, and plumped right down into the middle of the slush of water and mud. None of the men near him could resist a smile, but when he picked himself up he turned on Malone.

"Well, what are you standing there looking like a jackass for? Do you see anything funny?" he bawled.

"No, sargeant," returned Malone, "but, begorra, shure, and a' was just thinkin' how funny it would have been if it had been somebody forby yourself."

FARMS FOR SALE.

FARMS—ALL SIZES—STOCK, Cattle, Dairy or Fruit. Write for want to buy, write H. W. Dawson, Brampton, Ont.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

FOR SALE.

NEWFOUNDLAND PUPPIES FOR Sale from pedigree stock. Also pure-bred Persian Kittens. Beautiful pets. Sure to attract attention. R. A. Gillespie, Abbotsford, Que.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.



Ship to Rogers. We give liberal prices, full value in cash and quick return. We have best market in America for Furs, Hides, etc. No commission. Write today for free price list. Trappers' Supplies at Factory Prices. ROGERS FUR COMPANY, Dept. 5, St. Louis, Mo.

GOLD GOLD
Write me for Special Information on **MONROE CONSOLIDATED GOLD MINE, Limited**
P. S. HAIRSTON,
1293 Traders Bank, TORONTO

BOOK ON DOG DISEASES
And How to Feed
Mailed free to any address by
H. CLAY GLOVER, V.S.
115 West 31st Street, New York

THE NEW HOTEL TRAYMORE
THE LARGEST FIREPROOF RESORT
HOTEL IN THE WORLD
The Spirit of America at play! Magnitude and Cheerfulness.
AMERICAN PLAN EUROPEAN PLAN
D. S. White, Pres. J. W. Mott, Mgr.

ED. 7. ISSUE 50-75.

MADE IN CANADA
MAGIC BAKING POWDER
CONTAINS NO ALUM
Makes pure, delicious, healthful biscuits, cakes and pastry. It is the only well-known strictly high class baking powder made in Canada, selling at a medium price.
Read the label
E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

Shaping the Tree.
The tendency of trees is to grow from the uppermost buds, so if it is desirable to keep the tree low, the new growth should be headed back each year. Every kind and every variety has a characteristic growth; the style of pruning, therefore, must conform to the habit of the tree.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Heartless Men.
"Some men have no hearts," said the tramp. "I've been a-tellin' that feller I am so dead broke, that I have to sleep outdoors."

"Didn't that fetch him?" asked the other.

"Naw. He told me he was a-doin' the same thing, and had to pay the doctor for tellin' him to do it."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

A Fast Goer.
"How's the new servant getting along?"

"Rapidly. Next Tuesday she'll have been gone a week."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Silenced.
"Their batteries have been silenced."
"Whose?"
"The amateur strategists who said the war wouldn't last a year."

MURINE. Murine is prepared by our Physicians, as used for many years in their practice, now dedicated to the Public and sold by Your Druggist. Try Murine to Refresh, Cleanse, and Strengthen Eyes after exposure to Cold Cutting Winds and Dust and to restore healthy tone to Eyes reddened and made Sore by Overwork and Eye Strain.

Some broadminded Physicians use and recommend Murine while others perhaps jealous of its Success, talk and rush into print in opposition to those whose Eyes need care can guess why, as there is no Prescription fee in Murine. Just hand your Druggist 50c and you have a Complete Eye Book—Murine—Dropper—and Cork Screw—ready for use. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes for Eye Troubles—No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye Free.

Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago

Actions usually speak louder than words. The wasp can't talk but he has a forcible way of expressing himself that renders words superfluous.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

FREE TO HOUSEWIVES
A big 65 page Household Account Book, Calendar and Recipe Book combined, size 5 1/2 inches, containing hundreds of the best and latest recipes.

HOW TO GET YOUR COPY.
Below are the names and addresses of twelve firms. Select eleven of your best friends and either have them write, or write a postcard yourself to each of these firms asking them to send "Shepard's Housekeeper's Perfect Account Book" to the address supplied.

For instance, supply your name and address to the first firm on the list, a friend's name and address to the second firm on the list and so on. Next week's issue of this paper will show another list of firms to whom you can send a further list of names and addresses.

Write your postcards to-day before you forget.

Canadian Shredded Wheat Co., Niagara Falls, Ont.
Christie Brown & Co., Toronto.
Cowan Co., Ltd., Toronto.
Maple Leaf Milling Co., Toronto.
E. W. Gillett Co., Toronto.

C. Turnbull Co., Ltd., Galt, Ont.
Clare Bros. & Co., Preston, Ont.
Dominion Camera Co., Hamilton.
Wm. Clark Co., Ltd., Montreal.
Fairweather's Limited, Yonge Street, Toronto.
Standard Tube & Fence Co., Woodstock, Ont.
Atlantic Sugar Refineries Limited, Montreal.

RACCOON
Revillon Freres
134 MCGILL STREET, MONTREAL

are manufacturers and can pay you best prices for furs of all kinds. Send for our price list.

SKUNK

Christmas music—and entertainment during long winter months.

You can have both if you own a Victrola. Music appropriate for the day, music that you can listen to throughout the year—the one great element necessary to social happiness, that will overcome the drab moments of long winter hours, and kindle afresh the family spirit with the delight and entertainment it provides.

The Victrola will play all your favorite songs and instrumental music. They are to be found in the list of over 6,000 Victor Records, including standard and popular music on ten-inch, double-sided records at 90 cents for two selections.

Any of "His Master's Voice" dealers will let you hear them. If there is not one in your vicinity notify us and we will see that you are not disappointed on Christmas morning.

BERLINER GRAM-O-PHONE CO., Limited
601 Lenoir Street, Montreal

DEALERS IN EVERY TOWN AND CITY
ONE PRICE FROM COAST TO COAST
VICTOR RECORDS—MADE IN CANADA
LOOK FOR "HIS MASTER'S VOICE"
—TRADE MARK.

New Agencies Considered Where We Are Not Properly Represented.

Victrola IV
\$21

With 15 ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records (30 selections, your choice) \$34.50.

Easy payments, if desired.
Other Victrolas, \$33.50 to \$400

Music appropriate for the day, music that you can listen to throughout the year—the one great element necessary to social happiness, that will overcome the drab moments of long winter hours, and kindle afresh the family spirit with the delight and entertainment it provides.

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—TRADE MARK.

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—TRADE MARK.

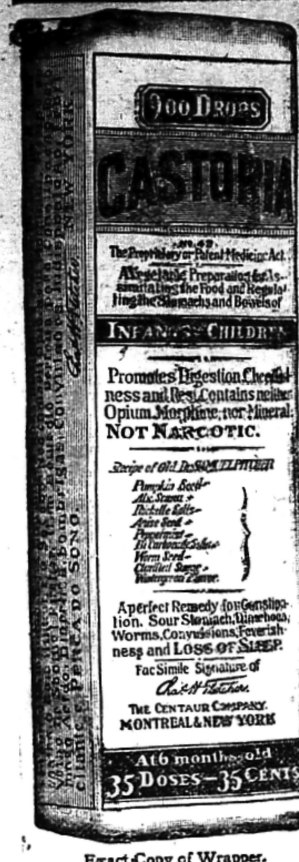
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ONE PRICE FROM COAST TO COAST
VICTOR RECORDS—MADE IN CANADA
LOOK FOR "HIS MASTER'S VOICE"
—TRADE MARK.

New Agencies Considered Where We Are Not Properly Represented.



CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria
Always
Bears the
Signature
of
Chas. H. Fletcher
In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

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Lumber :: Yards
Spruce and Pine Flooring
Shingles, Siding and Moulding
Hemlock and Pine Lumber
Beaver Board, Cedar Posts Etc
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DRAIN TILE
We have now ready for sale 3 inch, 4 inch,
6 inch and 8 inch Drain Tile.
Farmers and others in need of tile should
get our prices.
The Streetsville Brick Co.
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Licensed Embalmers, Funeral Directors
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Personal Attention Day or Night
Try us with a furniture order.
Our expenses are small and profits small.
We can save you money.
Lest you forget—we do Picture Framing

POTATOES
We have a carload of Choice
Potatoes at Rock Bottom Price
---grown on sandy land
They are going fast. If you
want some of these, order early
W. COUSE. Streetsville

Councillors to Pay Costs

In Stratford a properly signed petition was presented to the council asking for a local option vote. The council agreed until a counter petition was also presented. Then the councillors did not know what to do and a majority voted against submitting the bylaw.

A mandamus was asked from the court to compel the council to take the vote. It reads in part "the mandamus sought should be granted, with costs to be paid individually by those members of the council who voted against the bylaw."

Seasonable Hints For December

Now the live stock has been brought into the stable from the pastures. It is a common mistake to shut them into close quarters without exercise and immediately put them on all dry feed upsetting the digestive system. Laxative food and exercise are one of the secrets of successful feeding and if ensilage and roots be short, it would pay to supply a little bran, molasses, etc. as a supplement.

Feeds of all kinds are in demand and none should be wasted; the spring pasture is a long way off so roughage should be fed carefully. There is less waste and palatability is improved by cutting hay and straw and mixing them with silage, roots or meal.

As far as possible we should use home grown food stuffs and thereby save paying out money for expensive feeds, reducing our profits. Study both the feeding value and market price of what you have—it might be good economy to sell a few oats and buy cotton seed meal, for instance. Nothing is worth more to the stockman than to know the composition of the feeds at his disposal.

Let us study to make every pound of feed more profitable by better feeding methods and know each individual animal.

Nine times out of ten the horses on the farm get more than their share of feed and most horsemen give too much hay.

No man can be successful with horses if he works them a few days on heavy feed and then lets them stand in the stable without exercise. Give the work horse less grain, use a little bran and roots and see that he is exercised regularly. Idleness on heavy feed will do any horse more harm than hard work.

Agricultural Colleges have proven that an idle work horse in winter may increase in weight on a ration of 1 lb. of hay, 1 lb. of straw and 1 lb. of turnips or carrots per day per 100 lbs. of live weight.

Fat is fatal to success with in-foal mares as is also lack of exercise. Growing colts can stand a liberal supply of grain and they should have a shed or protected yard to run in. Do you keep dairy cows or do you keep you?

The best way to find a "boarder" in the herd is to buy a spring scale and hang it behind the cow stalls so each cow's milk can be quickly weighed. Sell the shirker.

Milk and feed record forms may be had by writing or calling at the Department of Agriculture office in Brampton.

If you are short of feed give the idle horses straw and roots and the dairy cows the hay and grain—fat horses do not pay dividends.

It is a great mistake to try and fatten scrub cattle, they will never bring within a cent per pound of what good steers will. Use only the best bulls for this reason.

The secret of sheep feeding is the economical use of roughages—pea straw or grass hay and a very little grain will give good results. A few roots will cut down the feed bill.

Experiments show that a young animal invariably puts on flesh more cheaply than older ones. This applies to other classes of animals nearly as much as to pigs. Feed the young stuff liberally.

Milk is almost essential to successful feeding of young pigs. Tankage (a slaughter house product) is the next best as shown by Prof. Day's experiments at Guelph. Little pigs must not be given cold slop; try cold potatoes yourself and see why.

Pens do not need to be very warm but two things must be avoided in pig feeding—dampness and dirt. Clean the pens often and use plenty of bedding.

The thick layer of fat on a hog's back is supposed to keep him warm in winter but don't let him bask in too much expensive fat in this way because it is a waste of feed—it is cheaper to build a shelter for him.

A practical shelter for hogs should be sanitary, protected from wind and driving rains, convenient, cheap, should admit sunshine and have some means of ventilation.

Comfortable quarters is one of the best preventatives against hog cholera.
Dept. of Agriculture.

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W. M. Secretary.

SPRINGFIELD COUNCIL No. 306, C.O.C.F.
Meets in the Hall at Erindale on the second and last Mondays of each month. Visiting brethren always welcome.
GEO BURKE C. O. C. H. PAGE
Rec. Sec.

BRITANNIA L. O. L. No 363.
MEET in their Lodge Room Queen St. Streetsville, on Wednesday or on before the full moon every month, at 8 o'clock p. m. Visiting brethren will be heartily welcomed.
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INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS
Streetsville Lodge No. 122
MEET in their own Hall every Friday evening at eight o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
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OAKVILLE
Fire, originating from an unknown cause, damaged the W. H. Carson saw and door factory on Dundas street last Saturday night to the extent of \$5,000. The alarm was sounded shortly after 10 o'clock and in a few minutes the local volunteer fire brigade 42 strong was on the job. In about two hours the flames were under control and confined to the factory building. Mr. W. H. Carson, the owner, said he did not know yet how the fire originated. There is about \$5,000 insurance on the building. Much of the stock was damaged too. He said he intended putting the building in repair again at once with a new floor and roof. About a dozen men are employed. What is believed to be the first model aeroplane flying contest in Canada was held here on Saturday under the auspices of the Local Community Y. M. C. A. The machine of the winner of the event, Mr. Milton Skinner of Port Credit, covered 90 yards in a straight line, while Mr. John Haskin, of Oakville, was second. The flights were witnessed by a large crowd.

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The remarkable increase in the circulation of The Daily News is the best evidence of the fact that if you give the people the kind of a paper they want they will take it in preference to any other. The average man and woman wants a high class, truthful, enterprising, well edited, well printed, well illustrated newspaper. That is what the Daily News aims to be. With special correspondents in all the European countries it is able to give all the news of the war—first. The Streetsville Review and The Daily News may be secured for one year for \$2.75. Send your subscription to this office.

MARRIED
REDICK-GRAYDON—At Trinity Church, on Saturday, Dec. 4th, 1915, by Rev. T. O. Curless, Miss Muriel Graydon, youngest daughter of Mr. Robt. Graydon, to Eugene F. Redick.

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STREETSVILLE, PEEL CO., ONTARIO, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1915

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48th Year No. 50

THE WELFARE OF THE PEOPLE IS THE SUPREME LAW.

COOKSVILLE

The vote on church union taken by the membership of the Dixie Presbyterian church showed a majority of eleven in favor of it, not more than one-half the congregation voting.

The annual Christmas services of the Cooksville Methodist Sunday School will be held on Sunday next, the Rev. W. A. Rodwell conducting morning and evening services, and an entertainment with a good program will be given on Tuesday evening, the 21st.

The special meeting of the Township Council held here on Thursday last to consider the proposed agreement submitted by the Hydro Radial for a vote to be taken Jan. 1st bonding this part of the Township interested for \$250,000 to cover construction. A petition signed by 68 of them was presented requesting the vote be taken and after a number of those interested gave their views a resolution was carried by the council agreeing to submit the by-law in connection with another one about 1st Feb., after reference to the Township Solicitor.

A meeting of the local board of health was held here on Thursday last and reports given as to the recent scarlet fever epidemic. The secretary made a report for the year showing a slight increase in expenditure. The board also recommended to the council the appointment of a new Medical Health Officer owing to the continued absence of Dr. E. J. Leary, who is at present serving his country in the military hospital at the front.

The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Patriotic League of Cooksville and district was held on Tuesday last. Mrs. Beatty of the Secord's National was present. The most interesting address on the needs of the French peasants. With the cold weather on them many are still practically destitute.

Clothing for a woman, such as are required were shown and a wish expressed that the League should assist in this portion of their work. The League having already sent several good ship ments to the Secord's National, hope to be able to assist again. Money sufficient to send two parcels of goods a month each to three "prisoners of war" is being forwarded each month by the League to the Canadian Red Cross Society.

The annual Christmas services and entertainment of the Cooksville Methodist Sunday School will be held as follows: Rev. W. A. Rodwell of Weston will preach on Sunday, Dec. 19, at 10:30 a.m. and 7 p.m.

On the following Tuesday evening Dec. 21, an excellent program will be rendered as follows: Choruses, Dialogues, Recitations, Drills etc. by the Sunday School, assisted by Miss Lyla Osborne of Toronto. Elocution 1st, and the Tolman Quartette of Cooksville.

Doors open 7:30; program commences 8 sharp. Rev. J. S. Humphreys, chairman. Admission Adults 25c; children 15c.

The annual Christmas entertainment of St. John's Church Sunday School, Dixie, will be held in the town hall, Cooksville, Thursday evening, Dec. 23rd. An excellent program will be rendered as follows: Choruses, Recitations, etc. by the Sunday School; Selections by one of Toronto's leading elocutionists, Miss Vera Gray; an operatic play by the Sunday School. Doors open 7:30. Concert to commence at 8. God save the King. Admission 25c children 15c. Rev. H. V. Thompson, chairman.

Port Credit

An enthusiastic rally marked the annual election and installation of officers of the Lake Shore Lodge L. O. E. No. 1 in the lodge room here last night when the following were elected:

Wm. Woods—W. M.
Roy Patchett—D. M.
B. Leach—Chaplain.
W. Leach—Rec. Sec.
A. Mahab—Fin. Sec.
E. Frankish—Treas.
W. Olfendick—D. C.
M. Delaney—Lect.
G. Gordon, W. Belford, J. Nixon, E. Dale, A. Allen, and C. Obandler—Com. Bro. Alex Hall of the Orange Sentinel conducted the installation ceremony. A splendid entertainment was given at the close. No less than eighteen members of this lodge have already donated the khaki.

Britannia

Anniversary services will be held in the Britannia Church next Sunday, Dec. 19. O. R. Kitching will preach in the morning and Rev. J. S. Humphreys in the evening. On Thursday evening, Dec. 23rd, an entertainment will be given, consisting of choruses, dialogues, recitations etc. by the school, assisted by Prof. F. J. Brown of Meadowdale. It will be an excellent program and the price of admission is only 15c.

For Sale

3 second hand cots in good repair. D. O'BRIEN, Erindale

Peel County Boys Win at Guelph

Peel County's Stock Judging team won sixth place in a class of 18 in the inter-county judging contest at the Guelph Winter Fair last week. Three boys comprise a team and were picked from the members of the Short Course in Agriculture held at Brampton and Bolton. During these courses considerable attention was given to stock judging and in the last few weeks the following 3 boys to represent this county: Clarence Hutton, Streetsville; Ira Noble, Castlederg, and Tindale Rutherford, Bolton.

Five classes of stock were judged: Horses, beef cattle, dairy cattle, sheep and swine. The Peel team was first in sheep judging and one of our boys, Tindale Rutherford, headed the list of 54 in judging sheep, winning the ten dollar first prize. He also got \$7 as 4th prize in horse judging.

The boys who take the Course in Agriculture in Streetsville this winter will be eligible for the same inter-county contest at Guelph in 1916. A special effort will be made to give the members of the Streetsville class a thorough training in this line to see if Peel can't carry off the highest honors of all next time.

The Short Course Calendar outlining the study in Agriculture and Domestic Science is in the hands of the printer and will be mailed in a few days. Any others who have not already sent in their names and boys likely who know of any girls or boys likely to be interested in either of these courses are asked to forward their name and address as soon as possible.

Short Course in Domestic Science

A Short Course in Domestic Science is the latest for Streetsville. The enthusiasm over the Agriculture Class was so keen that it was decided to give the farmers' daughters a chance too. As a result a class for girls and women will be put on in food values and cooking. It will last two weeks, from January 31 to Feb. 11, and since it comes while the boys' class is on, the country girls should arrange to come in with them. A graduate of Macdonald Institute, Guelph, will be the instructor and will give lectures in the forenoon, while the afternoon work will be practical cooking.

The Women's Institute Branch, Ontario Department of Agriculture, are directing this. For Institute members the fee is 25 cents and for non-members 50 cents. This covers the whole course for the two weeks. Peel County has never had a Domestic Science Class before and Streetsville is highly privileged in having the first honor. No girl or woman who can possibly spare part of 10 days can afford to miss this opportunity to learn something more about food values and real cooking.

All those interested in taking this Domestic Science Course are asked to get further particulars from Mrs. Lindsay, Secretary, Streetsville Women's Institute, Streetsville, Ont.

Auction Sale at Norval

Mr. J. L. Clarke of Lawford Stock Farm, 4th Line West, Oshington, is having a sale of 100 cattle, pigs and sheep on Monday, Dec. 20th. Trains meet at Norval Station.

The News Told Impartially

The Dominion and Provincial Parliaments will soon convene and there can be little doubt but that several questions of first importance to every citizen in Canada will be dealt with. No paper in Canada covers the session of the Dominion and Provincial Houses more fully or more impartially than The Toronto Daily News. The Streetsville Review has arranged with The Toronto Daily News to take subscriptions for both papers, and upon receipt of \$2.75 both the Review and The News will be sent to your address by mail for one year. Send your subscription to this office.

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All orders for newspapers must be accompanied by the cash.

Islington

Islington Methodist Church congregation which Rev. C. S. Apple gath is pastor is raising funds for the purchase of an army field kitchen for the overseas battalion of York. Owing to the fact that the 36th Peel Regiment has done some recruiting in York county and Toronto, it has not been decided to what regiment the kitchen will be given. The 12th York Regiment has been considerably embarrassed by the action of the Peel Regiment in recruiting in York. An order has been issued that county regiments must recruit in their own municipality.

Brampton

The death of James Young, one of Brampton's oldest residents took place Thursday evening. Deceased was in his 86th year and has suffered recently from paralysis which with his advanced age hastened his end. He came to Brampton over thirty years ago from Mono Mills. A daughter, Mrs. James Burrell, and a son, James, both residing in this town, survive him.

The two days bazaar at the skating rink conducted by the Girls Club was concluded late Saturday night with an auction sale. The proceeds will amount to about \$350.

The rink parlor was tastefully decorated in colors that blended harmoniously with the costumes of the bevy of pretty girls that disposed of the wares. Capt. Sarrett officially opened the bazaar Friday afternoon. The proceeds will be used to purchase material for the club's Red Cross Work.

The Baptist Church Sunday School made their annual collection of fruits, vegetables, clothing etc. yesterday to be sent to the Memorial Institute, Toronto, for distribution among the poor.

The players and supporters of the Excelsior Lacrosse Club surprised Walter Mara at his home on Friday night and presented him with a writing desk. Walter captained the Mara camp challengers on their eventful trip to the coast. He has retired from the game and is now a benedict.

Recruiting is brisk at the armories one of the latest to answer the call being Roswell Blair, only son of Peel's member at Ottawa. "Dick" is well known in sporting and social circles and is the fifth member of last year's intermediate O. M. A. team to join the colors.

Oakville

In the passing of Alexander Robertson, whose death took place on Saturday morning, Dec. 4th, in his 90th year, we have lost one of our pioneers and a most respected resident of this district.

Mr. Robertson was a pioneer in the fruit industry and was one of those who made Oakville famous as the home of the best strawberries. For a great many years his lakeside farm with its spruce hedges, its six acres of original bush, and the large well kept lawn, with rare trees and beautiful flowers, has been pointed out to visitors as one of the beauty spots on the lake shore road.

The deceased was the last of four brothers that played a large part in the growth and development of Oakville and vicinity. One son, Edward, of Detroit, and a daughter Mrs. Phillips, on the old homestead, are left to mourn.—The News.

Sliders Corners

A quiet wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Albert E. McMurray on Saturday, December 4th at 8 o'clock in the evening when their second daughter, Zella May, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Edward L. Slayer, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Slayer of Berlin, Ont. The bride was dressed in white duchesse mousseline silk, having rosebud and oriental trimming, with a corsage bouquet of violets, and entered the parlor leaving on the arm of her father. The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. V. Thompson, B. A. of Erindale. We extend to them our hearty congratulations and wish them much happiness in their new home in Oakville. Mr. Slayer is popular with the public and is the obliging operator at the G.T.R. station at Oakville.

"Up With You, Ye Dead!"

No incident of the war has taken so strong a hold on the French imagination as that of the soldier who, in the press of the fighting when most of his comrades lay dead around him, called upon them as the Germans repeated their attack, "Up with you, ye dead men!" and with the help of their spirits, assisted by a few wounded, routed the foe.

The hero of the episode was Lieut. Pericard, a man of 38, whose hair is already white. He is a man of intense religious feeling. This is his own story, as repeated in the Echo de Paris:

"The trench was full of corpses, with blood everywhere. At first I walked delicately, uneasy. I alone with all these dead. They seemed to be watching me. The Bosches were redoubling their efforts."

"I was seized with a holy madness I cried out to the dead men. They answered me. They said 'We are following'."

"And as I cried to them their souls joined my soul and made a glowing mass of it. I had the faith that moves mountains, the exaltation of the worker of miracles, who by his will causes the miracle. I felt I was master of destiny."

One of the men of my section, wounded in the arm, kept on throwing grenades that were stained with his blood. As for me I have the impression of having had an increased bodily size. I was a giant with superabundant, limitless energy."

"Twice we ran out of grenades and twice we found at our feet sacks full of them mixed with sand bags. All day we had gone over them with out seeing them. But it was the dead who had placed them there. "By their aid did we conquer."

Milton

The congregations of Campbellville and Sodom Presbyterian churches said farewell last week to Rev. A. Blair, D. D., who has been their faithful minister for thirty years. The love and esteem in which Dr. and Mrs. Blair are held was amply manifested at the gatherings held at Campbellville Monday night and at Sodom Wednesday night. The kindly words of farewell spoken and the generous purses presented, \$500 by each congregation, were ample manifestation that they live in the affections of the people. Dr. and Mrs. Blair will remove at once to Guelph where they have built a comfortable home.

The Milton Branch of the Halton War Auxiliary for recruiting purposes was organized on Tuesday night, with the following officers: President, Dr. McCaul; Vice Pres., Judge Elliott; Secretary, W. I. Dick; Treasurer, W. P. Cook. Executive—W. Panton, C. McGregor, Rev. C. D. Draper, Mayor Blain, Capt. R. M. Clements. Halton and Dufferin counties propose to raise one battalion, 1100 men, to be known as the Halton and Dufferin Regiment and to be commanded by Halton & Dufferin officers. It is stated that there will be medical examiners in Georgetown, Milton and Oakville and that the one examination will be final. This ought to help recruiting considerably.

The ratepayers of Milton will be called upon at the municipal elections to also vote upon the question of guaranteeing the bonds of the proposed hydro radial line through this town to the extent of \$65,000.—Milton Reformer.

Erindale

Court Lorraine Erindale I. O. F. will meet at P. C. R. Bro. Gibbon's the last Wednesday in December. Visiting brethren are cordially welcome. E. G. Little, C. R. J. T. O'Neil, Treas.

On Thursday, December 23rd, the St. Peter's Sunday School entertainment will be held at the Parish Hall, Erindale. A good program will be given commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. Admission 15c.

Churchville

A grand school concert will be given in the hall, Churchville, on Wednesday, Dec. 22nd, at 8 o'clock. Choruses, recitations, dialogues etc. by the school and young people of the section. Xmas tree. Admission 10 cents. Proceeds for school purposes. Everybody welcome.

Weston

The whirlwind campaign inaugurated by the Town of Weston in aid of the Red Cross Society terminated last night. The idea in the mind of the committee was to interest everyone in the work to the extent of an active or associate membership the former costing \$2 and the latter \$1, while a life membership, of which there were two, Mayor Charlton and Reeve J. M. Gardhouse, enriched the treasury to the amount of \$25 each.

When the returns were brought into the Town Hall Monday night by the captains H. J. Alexander and Lorne Fraser, it was found that the town raised \$2402 in addition to the former large amounts. There was friendly rivalry between the north and south forces, the latter winning out by a small margin. A public meeting was held at which short addresses were given by the mayor, reeve, captains and president of the society, Thomas Williams.

Municipal Matters

Posters are out announcing a meeting of the electors of Streetsville on Monday evening, Dec. 27th, at the town hall for the purpose of nominating candidates to fill the offices of Reeve and Councillors for 1916. This used to be the annual opportunity for certain citizens to "get even" with members of Council for sins committed while in office, but of late years the meetings have been very tame.

So far no new aspirants have been heard of and it is rumored that none of the present council are seeking re-election. If this be the case we will hunt up some new men. R. H. Greig is a good man in the Council. He filled the Reeve's chair very creditably a few years ago and would be our choice for Reeve for 1916.

How Will You Vote?

The by-law to raise \$5200 by debentures for the purpose of constructing a permanent roadway on Queen Street, appears in this issue. The Village Council are submitting it to the ratepayers who will vote on it at the annual municipal election on Monday, January 3rd, 1916. The Council believes this is the best way to build up the roadway and it is for the ratepayers to say whether they are in favor of the project or not. Some have voiced the opinion that it would be better to wait till the war was over, for we don't want to build roads for the Germans—but where is the British subject so pessimistic that he could ever think that the Allies would lose in this war? Of course we must remember that the general debenture debt of this fair village is over forty thousand dollars, and we ought to think twice before we vote. But then this roadway has been let run down for the simple reason that gravel was as scarce as money and while it is not the worst road in the county it is far from the best. However the Council thinks the proposed scheme will be the cheapest in the end, and they ought to know, because they have "inside information." The question will be discussed at the nomination meeting on the 27th.

Save your cotton and Linen

The Women's Institute will meet in the Oddfellows Hall upstairs Thursday Jan. 6, at 3 o'clock to cut up old cotton and linen into mouth wipes and wash cloths. Anyone having old linen or cotton is urgently requested to send or bring it to the hall that afternoon—every little helps.

The Women's Institute are sending away the large box of clothing which they have collected for the Belgians and wish to thank all those who contributed the many warm articles of clothing.

The Women's Institute sent away to day to the Red Cross five more pillows which were too late for their shipment last week. These were donated by Mrs. J. E. Dowling.

See The Review next week for full particulars about the course in domestic science.

Judge McGibbon passed sentence on Tuesday on L. Bailey and his wife, found guilty last week of assaulting one Harry Barrett. Both were fined \$60 to be paid to the complainant, or in default of payment three months in the county gaol.



The Instinct To Save

is in every well-balanced man. To start a savings account develops a foresight that will be to its owner's benefit in many ways, and to select this old-established bank as the depository for your money is evidence of sound and conservative judgment.

The Bank of Nova Scotia

PAID-UP CAPITAL - \$6,000,000
RESERVE FUND - 12,000,000
TOTAL RESOURCES over \$18,000,000

STREETSVILLE BRANCH
W. J. Gaydon, Manager



M. DOWELL-SNOW - On Wednesday, December 8, 1915, at Hamilton, by Rev. J. R. Watts, Mary Isabelle, daughter of the late Thomas Snow to Norman Fred McDowell, both of Milton.



ELLIOTT - At Port Credit Saturday December 11, 1915, Emma M., wife of Charles Elliott.

TALBOT - At Grimsby, on Saturday December 11th, 1915, Rev. James Hale Talbot, aged 65 years.

Want York Hotels Cut

Alleged that the hotels were not required for the accommodation of the travelling public, a strong deputation from the County of York waited on the Ontario License Board yesterday and asked that five licenses be refused for 1916. The deputation said that the two hotels at Woodbridge, two at Thistleton and one at Fisherville were a disgrace to the province, and were simply drinking resorts. They only produced much drunkenness in the districts and were a menace to the people.

Conditions in the districts where the hotels are located were described as intolerable. The speakers pointed out that they were not needed by the real tourists and presumably only existed to make money out of the sale of liquor. Chairman Flavell said that the bar was the adjunct of the licensed hotel, but never should the hotel be the adjunct of the bar. He promised that the Commission would go over the district if the roads were passable and make a personal inspection. He invited the deputation to attend the session of the Board in Toronto in January when the licenses for the county of York are considered.

STREETSVILLE CHURCHES

METHODIST.
Sabbath Preaching Service 11.00 a.m. and 7.00 p.m.
Class and fellowship service, 12.15 a.m.
Sabbath School 10 a.m.
Bible Class 2.30 p.m.
Prayer meeting (Wednesday) 8.00 p.m.
Rev. G. R. Kitching, Supt.
Rev. F. G. Purchase, Jr., Minister.
PRESBYTERIAN.
Sabbath Services—Morning at 11.00 evening at 7.00.
Sabbath School and Adult Bible Class at 10.00 a.m.
Week meeting—Wednesday 7.30.
Choir practice Wednesday at 8.30.
Ladies Aid 1st Wednesday of month.
W. F. M. S., 2nd Wednesday of month.
Olive Branch M. B., 3rd Wednesday.
Rev. J. F. Scott, Pastor.
ST. JOHN'S.
Mass at 11 a.m., 1st and 3rd Sundays in the month—all other Sundays at 9 a.m.
Rev. A. J. McCaffrey, Parish Priest.
TRINITY.
Morning Prayer, 11 a.m.
Evening Prayer, 7 p.m.
Holy Communion 1st Sunday in the month at 11 a.m.
Holy Baptism by arrangement with the Rector.
Other Services by announcement.
Sunday School, 9.45.
Rev. T. O. O'Brien, Rector.

Spread the Bread

with 'Crown Brand' Corn Syrup and the children's craving for sweets will be completely satisfied.

Bread and 'Crown Brand' form a perfectly balanced food—rich in the elements that go to build up sturdy, healthy children.

Edwardsburg 'Crown Brand' Corn Syrup

is so economical and so good, that it is little wonder that millions of pounds are eaten every year in the homes of Canada.

'Crown Brand'—the children's favorite—is equally good for all cooking purposes and candy making.

"LILY WHITE" is a pure white Corn Syrup, not so pronounced in flavor as 'Crown Brand'. You may prefer it.

ASK YOUR GROCER—IN 2, 5, 10 AND 20 LB. TINS

The Canada Starch Co. Limited, Montreal

Manufacturers of the famous Edwardsburg Brands




The Green Seal

By CHARLES EDMONDS WALK

Author of "The Silver Blade," "The Paternoster Ruby," "The Time Lock," etc.

CHAPTER XVIII.

As a matter of sentiment, I had kept all my father's more intimate personal effects; among which may be included his papers, ledgers, diaries, a few books, and the like. These were all in my rooms at the San Gabriel Club.

So it was in the privacy of my sitting-room, after dinner, that I once more got out the arranged and ticked packets of papers and various memoranda, and made myself comfortable in a sleepy-hollow chair, the papers and a shaded cluster of electric lights on the library table at my elbow.

This that I had set for myself was a disheartening task, because when the pater had not written in a species of shorthand peculiar to himself and positively indecipherable to others, he had jotted down the details he wanted to remember in a series of abbreviations that hid far more than they revealed.

Not until I came upon the initials "P.S." did I feel the least thrill of expectancy; then shortly I encountered the name "Jim"; and by-and-by I began to notice that, during a period of years—eleven, as near as I could make out—these initials, with the name "Jim" occurring only twice more, were the subject of a good many comments of one sort or another.

Interspersed throughout this same period was another symbol of identification, which—something I discovered later on practically demonstrated—that they referred to the same individual—were the frequently recurring abbreviations, "Syl" and "Maj." They occupied almost as much space as the others—with this significant difference: the entries wherein "J.S." and "Jim" figured all had to do with the exchange of money—pretty stiff amounts they were, too, sometimes—or of bills of goods or shipments of same. I do not mean to convey the idea that there were no other initials or names; on the contrary, his diaries bristled with them; but their importance seemed too remote to engage my time. But between "J.S." and my father there seemed to have been some sort of partnership.

Naturally enough, at this stage the conviction forced itself upon me that this individual must have been no other than James Strang. Could I have been right? Anyhow, I made a notation to this effect.

On the other hand, the relations between "Syl" and the pater, while close, appeared to have been mainly of a personal nature; most of the entries wherein he figured manifestly had to do with various social engagements. That "Syl" was not a woman was demonstrated when my mother's name was coupled with "Mr. & Mrs. Syl" in a reminder of some measurable excursion in the near future.

"Syl," however, was not altogether a social butterfly, as a few other entries testified. He and father seemed to have been interested together in at least two business enterprises of considerable magnitude, the nature of which it was impossible to interpret.

And one other entry made me speculate a good deal. It may be transcribed thus, though the scratches were hard to decipher: "Intat set and Marian if alv—if hve to mdr Chink." "One quarter interest," I interpreted it, "to be set aside for Marian, if alive—if I have to murder the Chink."

Who was Miss Marian, and why the doubts as to whether she was dead or alive? One-quarter interest in what? Why the necessity of murdering any Chinaman in her behalf? This

been displayed by her distinguished husband.

Mrs. Sylvester, I here assumed, was Marian.

If these were the sort of people the pater numbered among his intimates, I need not have hesitated about turning over any pages of his past. I flushed with shame at the recollection.

As is to be imagined, the newspaper accounts made the most of unavoidable hardships and dangers to be encountered, and not the least of these had been the uncertain temper of the natives along the populous reaches of the Yang-tse-kiang, where government protection was not to be relied upon at any time. But now the article hinted at unrest among the people, of sporadic uprisings here and there and yonder, quelled only after fighting and bloodshed, the details of which were hushed or glossed over by native officials.

Each member of the party had been chosen for his special fitness for some one of the several purposes of the expedition—which, briefly, had been to make geological and geographical surveys and ethnological tabulations. Here and there among the personnel I encountered a name that was not familiar even to me. And then one swam within my vision that stamped these old clippings with the utmost consequence—Lao Wing Fu.

No expense had been spared to meet every contingency that experience and knowledge of possible conditions could foresee. Guides had been brought down to Chan-ying from as far within the region to be traversed as any white man had ever penetrated; and among this branch of the party's personnel was mentioned the name of the Chinese.

I dropped the hand holding the clipping to my knee and sat staring long at nothing.

Lao Wing Fu! Why, he, a member of this very party, was at this moment in Los Angeles—"boss" of our Chinatown! It seemed incredible—too astounding for belief.

I turned to the other clippings, pawing them over excitedly to find a comprehensible sequence in time, and detailed experiences.

By and by I succeeded. I learned that in spite of all the many obstacles and handicaps, of all the forebodings and prophecies of failure and disaster, the progress of the party seemed to have been expedited instead of hindered. Accidents had been few and of minor consequence; transportation was invariably ready at hand; coolies showed a willingness to be hired and driven that was commented on as extraordinary. Blessings of good fortune seemed, veritably, to have been showered upon the expedition.

I transcribe one of the shorter clippings:

Advices have come down the river from Wu-chang of the Sylvester Expedition's safe arrival there. All are reported to have been in excellent health and spirits and greatly elated and encouraged by the ease and speed with which this stage of the journey was accomplished.

Many compliments were bestowed upon Mr. Lao Wing Fu, the brilliant young student of the Pekin University, for the genius displayed by him in managing the natives along the route, a gift that immeasurably facilitated the party's daily advance toward their distant goal. Mr. Fu is said to exercise a marked influence over all classes of people so far encountered, that has been of incalculable benefit to the intrepid explorers, and Major Sylvester is unstinting in his praise of the young student's tact, diplomacy and resourcefulness.

Did this "brilliant young student," I could not help wondering, know aught of our Western institution, the press-agent?

A later item stated, briefly: "Advices from as far west as Ichang announce the safe arrival and departure of the Sylvester Expedition."

This was the farthest the newspapers were able to follow their course; as far as the outer world was concerned, the Sylvester Expedition, apparently with the star of good-luck still hovering above them, passed into silence, into the unknown.

A year or more must have elapsed before civilization again heard anything of them; and then rumors—grave, dark, ugly rumors—began to drift into various mission stations, later to be gathered together and verified at Shanghai, and subsequently embodied in a formal report at Hong-kong and forwarded to the British War Office.

For the brave little band had, after all, met with appalling disaster. Reports in many instances were conflicting, but after painstakingly reading through them all I noted down upon a pad what I took to be a pretty accurate picture of the details of the party's fate.

It appeared that good fortune actually had followed them as far as Li-fan, a settlement north of Ching-too where the last supply train was encountered. At Li-fan the contemplated northern route had been discovered to be impracticable for caravan travel and guides were found to show the party a way westward through the Snowy Mountains to the great Kham Valley. They could not abandon the pack animals, for without them many indispensable instruments would also have to be sacrificed.

Here hardships and perils began to pile up and overwhelm them in earnest. The mountains were crossed, but only after the loss of twelve of the party—more than a fourth—and fully one-third of the animals.

The party now found themselves, with infinite labor and a succession of mishaps—and, alas! all too frequently recurring fatalities—obliged to find a way across leagues of salt marshes that were occasionally relieved only by illimitable expanses of wind-swept plains. The inhabitants of this bleak, forbidding land, roving Drupa tribesmen for the most part, were friendly enough disposed, but the best they had to offer was so unspeakably wretched that the party abandoned aid from this source excepting in cases of dire emergency.

Later on, those who survived, before starvation overtook them, were glad enough to find and partake of even this mean hospitality.

And remember—one of the party was a lady!

After many weeks of this sort of travel, the decimated and sadly worn little band literally stumbled upon the hamlet of Yalung, in the Di River Valley. Their condition was pitiable in the extreme. Wretched as they found conditions to be at this primitive place, their journey would have ended then and there had not the few inhabitants been generous with the little they had to offer.

For the party had reached the end of its endurance; a long rest was forced upon them. Only the strongest and most seasoned had survived, and their condition was distressing beyond the power of words to describe.

And now picture to yourself—amid these surroundings, at the mercy of an uncouth lot of barbarians, not one of whom ever before beheld a white face, a daughter was born to Mrs. Sylvester! It seemed so dreadful that I was obliged to pause a while in my reading.

(To be continued.)

The Farm

How to Use the Babcock Test.

The Babcock test has served as the necessary stimulant to raise dairying from a disliked sideline to a profession worthy of the efforts of well-trained men. It has placed dairying on a scientific basis, has promoted factory efficiency and has stimulated the breeding up of productive herds.

Ten necessary steps in making the Babcock test are as follows: Mix the milk thoroughly and take out a small sample. Do not let the sample evaporate or curdle before testing. Fill the pipette to the mark with milk. Empty the pipette without loss into a Babcock test bottle. Add sulphuric acid from the measuring cylinder to the test bottle. Mix the acid and milk thoroughly by shaking the bottle. Place bottles in the centrifuge cover and whirl for five minutes. Add hot water and whirl again twice one minute each. Read and record the per cent of fat in the neck of the bottle. Empty the test bottles and wash thoroughly.

Provide a quart or more of milk, with which to practice sampling and testing. Mix it thoroughly by pouring several times from one vessel to another or by stirring vigorously. Larger quantities of milk require more stirring. While the milk is still in motion, dip out half a teaspoonful and pour this at once into a small, clean, dry bottle. Fill the bottle nearly full, and stopper tightly to prevent evaporation. After stirring the milk again for a short time, take out another sample, place it in another bottle and stopper tightly as before. If the milk was thoroughly mixed each time these two samples will show exactly the same per cent. of fat by the Babcock test, provided the test bottles are accurately marked on the neck. Label the bottles with the name of the cow or owner.

The Small Sample

taken for the test must contain exactly the same proportion of fat as the entire contents of the pail or can. If milk stands for even a few minutes the cream will begin to rise and the top layer of the can will contain more fat than the rest of the milk. If the top part is used for the test, it will indicate a higher per cent. of fat than is present in the entire lot of milk. It is incorrect to take a sample for testing out of a pail, can or bottle without first thoroughly mixing the milk by stirring or pouring it from one vessel to another. When two people get different results in testing any lot of milk it is usually because one or both of them did not first stir the milk before taking the sample. In any case where the accuracy of the results must be proven, it is important that two or more separate samples be taken at different times while stirring. Each sample should then be tested by itself. If the results differ, it shows some error in the work and if the difference is over one tenth of one per cent., the sampling and testing should be repeated in a more careful manner.

If it is necessary to keep the milk samples several hours or days before testing, a preservative should be added to prevent curdling and the bottles should be kept tightly corked.

Thoroughly mix the sample to be tested, then draw the pipette nearly full of milk by sucking with the lips. Quickly place the forefinger over the pipette before the milk runs down the mark. If the finger is dry, it is easy, by changing the pressure on the end of the tube, to let the milk run down slowly and to stop it exactly at the mark. The tip of the pipette is placed in the top of the test bottle held in an inclined position and the milk is allowed to run down one side of the neck of the bottle, without filling the neck completely. In this way, exactly eighteen grams (17.6 cc.) of milk are transferred to the test bottle without loss.

The Beginner

should practice sampling and testing milk until he is well acquainted with every necessary step. He should be able to make several tests on the same sample of milk which do not differ in reading by more than one or two-tenths of a per cent.

Just What You'd Like

to Receive is What You Ought to Give

Ask to see the Safety, Self-Filling and Regular Types

Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen

Every pen desire can be gratified and every hand fitted. Prices \$2.50 to \$150.00. Be explicit—ask for the genuine Waterman's Ideal.

The Gift that is Constantly Used

Sold at the Best Stores

L. E. Waterman Company, Limited 107 Notre Dame St., W., Montreal

The milk in the test bottle should not be warmer than 60-70 degrees F., just before the acid is added. Milk fresh from the cow must be cooled before acid is added. Fill the acid measure up to the mark and pour into the test bottle. Hold the bottle in a slanting position so the acid will run down the neck and under the milk. Rotate the bottle slightly. Mix until the liquid in the bottle is of a brown color. Place all the bottles in the centrifuge and whirl for five minutes. Stop the machine gradually. Add hot water to the bottles with the pipette until each is full to the base of the neck. Whirl again for two minutes. Add hot water until each bottle is full within an inch of the top. Whirl again for one minute. The bottles are then taken out of the machine and the per cent. of fat is read from the neck of each bottle while still hot. By the aid of the dividers the per cent. of fat is read directly from the neck of the bottle.

situdes as those that cost Napoleon 450,000 men from the "Grand Army." Larrey, who wore a thermometer during Napoleon's Russian campaign, has left records showing that as early as November 14 the "Grand Army" had to endure a temperature of 12 below zero Fahrenheit on the line from Vilna to Moscow—the retreat having begun October 18. From November 17 the thermometer went down rapidly to 22 below zero; December 3 to reach 34 below zero when the retreating army reached Malodecyn. Equally low temperatures, according to Abbe Moreaux, are almost certain to prevail over considerable parts of the German front if it is maintained on the present line and are almost certain to overtake the German forces in retreat unless they abandon their positions immediately.

Boiling the Baby.

A newspaper calls attention to a nursing bottle advertisement, which concludes with the words: "When a baby is done drinking it must be unscrewed and laid in a cool place under a tap. If the baby does not thrive on fresh milk, it should be boiled."

GERMANS FACE HARD WINTER.

May Suffer Vicissitudes That Befell Napoleon.

Predictions that the approaching winter will be very severe have inspired comparisons between the German campaign in Russia and Napoleon's Russian campaign of 1812.

Abbe Moreaux, of the Bourges (France) Observatory, points out that a curve indicating the European localities where the average temperature in January is zero centigrade, or 32 above zero Fahrenheit would pass along the coast of Norway, protected by the gulf stream from greater cold, ascend abruptly along the west coast of Denmark, and follow a line considerably westward from Berlin, turning eastward in the region of Trieste to the Black and Caspian Seas. Another curve marking a zone where the average temperature is 14 degrees above zero Fahrenheit would comprise Berlin, Vilna, Riga, Dvinsk, Moscow and Petrograd. To make up this average, however, zones of greater cold are comprised, the maximum at Petrograd being 38 below zero, and at Moscow 47 below zero Fahrenheit.

Examining the situation from a meteorological point of view, Abbe Moreaux finds confirmation of the prediction of naturalists in reviewing, in his opinion, a period of cold winters, and he thinks that the German soldiers may experience the same vicissitudes as those that cost Napoleon 450,000 men from the "Grand Army."



Chapped Hands Quickly Healed

Chapped hands and lips always come with cold weather, but

Vaseline CAMPHOR ICE

Made in Canada

brings sure and speedy relief. Children especially need Vaseline Camphor Ice for their rough and smarting hands. Our new illustrated booklet describes all the "Vaseline" preparations. A postcard brings it. AVOID SUBSTITUTES. Insist on "Vaseline" in original packages bearing the name, CHESEBROUGH MANUFACTURING CO., Consolidated. For sale at all Chemists and General Stores.

CHESEBROUGH MFG CO. (Consolidated) 1850 CHABOT AVE., MONTREAL

Why those Pains?

Here is a testimonial unsolicited

"If I had my will it would be advertised on every street corner. The man or woman that has rheumatism and fails to keep and use Sloan's Liniment is like a drowning man refusing a rope."—A. J. Van Dyke, Lakewood, N. J.

Sloan's Liniment

for RHEUMATISM, SPRAINS, SORE MUSCLES



FREE TO HOUSEWIVES

A big 68 page Household Account Book, Calendar and Recipe Book combined, size 3 1/2 inches, containing hundreds of the best and latest recipes.

HOW TO GET YOUR COPY.

Below are the names and addresses of twelve firms. Select eleven of your best friends and either have them write, or write a postcard yourself to each of these firms asking them to send "Shepard's Housekeeper's Perfect Account Book" to the address supplied.

For instance, supply your name and address to the first firm on the list. A friend's name and address to the second firm on the list and so on. When you can send a further list of names and addresses.

Write your postcards to-day before you forget.

Guelphe Soap Co., Guelphe.
John Taylor & Co., Toronto.
Chisholm Milling Co., Toronto.
Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation, Toronto.
Home Bank of Canada, 1 King St. West, Toronto.
Standard Reliance Mortgage Corporation, Toronto.
Home Furniture Co., Queen St. East, Toronto.
Benjamin Moore & Co., Lloyd St., Toronto.
Rose Coal Co., 59 Yonge St., Toronto.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

There is a good deal of blundering in Christmas giving. There are a number of delusions in relation to this subject which it is worth while to discover and avoid. One delusion which prevails is that all our gifts are to be valued at the dollar and cent rate. At this rate the gift which cost \$100 will be worth to the recipient just a hundred times as much as the one which only cost one dollar. This is surely a bad blunder. The value of the gift depends comparatively little upon its monetary value. It depends very much more upon its suitability, and most of all upon the person who gives it. While Christmas is no time for extreme and unnecessary economy, it is just as little a time for ostentatious display of wealth. The emphasis must not be laid upon the dollar, for, if it is, the value of Christmas will be sadly impaired, and possibly wholly destroyed.

Another blunder is to allow our Christmas giving to worry us. It seems strange that this should happen, and yet we are persuaded that there are not a few who every Christmas really suffer from nervous exhaustion on account of the worry incident to their Christmas shopping. This probably may be largely avoided if we take plenty of time to choose our gifts, and purchase them as we have opportunity. And if the gifts are largely our own handiwork we can probably commence them much earlier and escape the penalty of Christmas weariness.

Another mistake is harder to remedy. It consists in giving people what we think they ought to like, instead of what they really do like. The boy would like a top or a sleigh; the father gives him Baxter's Saint's Rest. The girl would like a book or a brooch; the mother gives her a pair of boots. In all giving we have a right to consider what is best for the recipient, but we have an equal right to consider what he (or she) would most prefer. The tragic element in such cases too often lies in this, that the giver is woefully out of sympathy with the one he wishes to please. Probably the heart is grayer than the hair. Christmas, rightly used, should help to keep us young.

Another blunder lies in foolishly giving what our better judgment condemns. There are fathers and mothers who are too fond to be kind, and at Christmas they seek only to get that which the children most desire, forgetting that the day may come when the child, grown wiser through bitter experience, will curse the well-meaning folly which made his own wishes his parents' law. The child's wishes should be consulted, but the parent's judgment and experience must not be ignored.

Another mistake lies in confining our Christmas gifts to our own little circle. If the Christian church in Canada were fully alive to this, there need be no family in the whole land without a goodly measure of Christmas cheer. If each one would only look after his own corner! It would mean a little more time, a little more money, but a good deal more happiness, both to those who give and to those who receive. The Christmas time, if it is to realize what it seems to us it is divinely intended to realize, should make the whole world of mankind, at least for a little time, one great family, of which no member should be left out in loneliness or neglect.

A FEAST OF LIGHTS.

The Jews Keep Up the Festival of Hanukah.

Almost coincident with the Christmas festivities, when the lighted Christmas-tree is the special feature of the occasion, another feast of lights is celebrated by Jews.

It commemorates the victories of the Maccabees (Jews led by Maccabeus) over a tyrant king of Syria. This king had attempted to force the Jews to idolatry, hesitating at nothing to compass his ends, but the latter, led by Maccabeus, resisted, and, fortified with a true belief in their own religion, they gained a complete victory over the large armies of the enemy.

The Holy Temple, which had been polluted by the heathen soldiers, was again sanctified, and the true service of prayer re-established.

But on attending to the perpetual lamp it was discovered that there remained but one flask of holy oil sufficient for one day only. By a miracle of providence it sufficed for eight days, until a fresh supply could be obtained.

In memory of this dedication of the Temple, the Jews keep up the festival of Hanukah (the Hebrew word for dedication) by lighting up a candle in their synagogues and houses on the first night of the festival and adding one more each successive evening, so that on the eighth evening eight lights are kindled. After the candles have been lit a special hymn, expressing feelings of gratitude, is chanted to end the evening's ceremony.

Why He Needed It.

"There are things more valuable than money," ruminated the philosopher. "Sure!" retorted the iconoclast. "That's the reason I need money to buy them."

DINNER FOR FAMILY OF SIX

Good Christmas Fare at a Cost of Less Than \$2.

As the holiday season approaches the housewife is busy making the usual plan for a family dinner party, or for as many guests as she can accommodate. Christmas and New Year's dinners are frequently elaborate affairs, especially with those who can afford to buy all the good things in the markets. It is the less expensive dinner that the housewife has to figure out and plan for.

The dinner given below is of good quality and costs very little:

What Soup to Make.—Cut celery and one onion into very small pieces, cover with four cups of cold water and let boil until thoroughly cooked; do not strain off the water, but crush the celery and onion with a large spoon or potato masher, season well with salt and pepper; add to this one cup of milk and one teaspoonful of butter, thicken with a little flour or bread crumbs.

Stuffed Shoulder of Pork.—Have the butcher remove all the bone from three pounds of a shoulder of fresh pork. Wipe the pieces of meat with a damp cloth and be sure there are no particles of splintered bone remaining on it. Rub the meat well with salt, pepper and powdered sage. Fill the cavity from which the bone has been removed with a stuffing made of two cups of bread crumbs, the onion finely chopped, chestnuts that have been blanched and put through the grinder, season well with salt and pepper, tie together with a strong white cord and bake in a double roasting pan. Bake in a buttered dish three or four cooking apples that have been pared, cored and quartered. Serve on platter with the meat. One pint of cranberries, sugar, make into sauce or jelly. The cranberry sauce or jelly is very attractive when served in small individual glasses.

Take seven cents' worth of potatoes that have been boiled, mashed and seasoned well with salt, pepper and sufficient milk to make them creamy, place in a well-greased baking dish and put in the oven to brown.

Creamed Pumpkin.—Use half of a pumpkin, remove all the pumpkin from the rind, taking care not to break the latter, as it makes a very attractive centerpiece for the table filled with fruit. Take the pumpkin that has been removed from the rind and steam until tender, then mash and add seasoning of salt, pepper and a spoon of cream or butter.

A Mixed Salad.—Salad made of one small head of lettuce, two apples finely chopped and a little grated cheese; just before serving put the apples and cheese on the crisp lettuce leaves, pour over all a French dressing made of two tablespoons of oil, two of vinegar, a pinch of dry mustard, salt, pepper and a dash of paprika. Apples, cheese and dressing.

Steamed Pudding.—To two cups of bread crumbs add one-half cup of finely chopped suet, one-half cup of seeded raisins, chopped nuts, three-quarters of a cup of sugar, nutmeg and cinnamon; moisten all with equal parts of water and milk, put into a well-greased pudding pan and steam for three hours. Serve with a pudding sauce of one large cup of boiling water, two tablespoons of sugar, one tablespoon of butter, half teaspoon of nutmeg, and thicken with cornstarch to consistency of cream. Just before serving add a little brandy or cherry wine. Cost of sauce, 9 cents.

Crackers and Cheese.—Crackers, cheese, spread cream or grated cheese on saltines or water crackers that have been split. If using grated cheese, place the crackers in the oven just before serving. If cream cheese is used spread on crackers and sprinkle with a dash of paprika.

Holiday Games

At our Christmas bazaar green canes (cut on the river bank and closely resembling bamboo) furnished the foundation of a most effective Japanese booth. They were easily made into a latticed summer-house, over which wild smilax was trained. This keeps its glossy green leaves all winter in the South. When heavy clusters of loosely made pink paper flowers were added the result was beautiful. Several hundred of these flowers were made in one evening by simply scalloping two circles of paper, one slightly smaller than the other, twisting them together in the centre and slightly curling the petals. They were fastened to the leaves with pins. This little flower-covered booth, with its lanterns half hidden by the flowers and leaves, had a distinctly Japanese air.

The "lucky bean" game can be played at any informal dinner, supper, children's party, fancy dress dance or masquerade. Each guest, on arrival, is asked to partake of a small piece of cake, a bean being hidden in one of the pieces. The lucky finder of the bean becomes king or queen of the evening, and is crowned with great ceremony. The sovereign holds full sway for the rest of the evening. Whatever he or she does all must follow suit. If he chooses to hop around the room, all must do so, if he drinks, all do the same; in fact, every action has to be imitated by the other guests, or the penalty is a forfeit.

In the left-handed party the host and hostess have their right hands fastened behind them in receiving their guests. Any guest giving his right hand in greeting pays a forfeit later in the evening. Potato races form a part of the entertainment. Potatoes are placed at one end of the room in a row. Contestants start from the other end, take up the potatoes in spoons held by the left hand, and return to the other end of the room within a given time. Then a large bowl of peanuts is put on the table, and each guest removes as many as he can on the back of his left hand, even to the partaking of refreshments.

A company of boys and girls who seem determined to play "Quaker Meeting" and nothing else, can often be roused from their starchy stiffness by the highly intellectual game of Cat. Seat the players in a circle with one in the centre to be the cat. This animal at once proceeds to make his moan at the publicity of his position, and with as wailing wails as possible, kneels before some member of the party and tries to make him laugh. The cat can make three pleas, each as long and doleful as possible. Meanwhile the seated players must reach out his hand, pat the cat on the shoulder and say, "Poor pussy, poor pussy, poor pussy!" three times without laughing. If he laughs he must become the cat. This is not a game that can be played long, but to break the ice it is very successful, since it is so utterly ridiculous that even the shyest must smile at least a bit.

Santa Found Out.

Ha! ha! You can't fool me—I know who Santa is! For I lay awake the whole night long. And solved the tactless quiz. I wondered why my mamma put us kids to bed at eight. While she stayed up a-workin' round 'Till it was awful late; So, with my eyelids almost closed, I kept awake, ha! ha! And waited for old Santa Claus To find it was just—Ma!

A LITTLE CHILD.

Babe of Bethlehem Was a Simple, Helpless, Human Child.

Did you ever stop to think what it must mean to the world of Christian men and women that once in every year they are everywhere impelled to gather about the cradle of a little human child. For we must remember always that Jesus was that. He was, indeed, no make-believe child, any more than He was a make-believe man in the after years. The Gospels tell us no marvel tales of His early years, for there were none to tell. We cannot understand it; it is the greatest marvel of the many marvels that crowd our lives, but we must stand by this, that the Babe of Bethlehem, though He was the Son of the Father, was a simple, helpless, human child.

And every year we stand about His cradle, learned and unlearned, and standing there, with Him the centre of our thought and feeling, our earthly hopes and ambitions and longings grow to be something other and better than they were. Apart from all that Jesus does for us in other ways, His influence over us as the little Child in Bethlehem is wonderfully full of blessing and of helpfulness. That little Child must make the life of the world simpler, homelier, purer, more kindly, more helpful than it could otherwise have been. Looking at Him there in all His helplessness, filled with all the mystery and strangeness and consecration of that scene in Bethlehem's inn, the hardness and goldness and self-seeking of our lives drops from us at least a little, and purposes for better and kinder and holier living fill and grip our hearts. In a fulness of meaning that we but little understand, it is true that "a little child" is leading the world into ever new and better and happier and holier ways.

Looking at Him to-day we ought to resolve that our lives will realize the promptings that stir within us as we gaze with the shepherds and wise men of old at the strangest, most beautiful sight this world has ever seen. We ought to determine that we will let Him, the Babe on Mary's knee, who was so much more than we may never understand, lead our lives up along those higher ways of love and charity and holiness and service.

HANDKERCHIEF GIFTS.

A Very Intimate Little Token of Remembrance.

Handmade handkerchiefs are the most delightful of gifts. Every woman likes a dainty handkerchief, but many women consider them an extravagance not to be bought out of their own purses. It remains for friends and anniversaries to form a conspiracy and give that economical woman a supply of daintiness that will last her until another gift time comes about. As color is one of the leading notes in handkerchiefs, both feminine and masculine, pretty, plain handkerchiefs can be made from squares of sheer linen button-holed in color about the edges, instead of being hemmed. Add to this a monogram worked in color, and possibly a monogram frame or wreath about that, and you have as smart a handkerchief as one could wish. Still other hand-made handkerchiefs have little sprays of foliage and flowers, worked in the same color, in one corner. White lace and sheer linen combinations are as welcome always. They may be simple little hemstitched squares with an edging of lace, or more elaborate handkerchief with insertion, edging and even inset medallions of valenciennes or filet.

A handkerchief has the advantage of being, if you wish it, a very intimate little token of remembrance if enclosed in the same envelope, with an affectionate note. A handkerchief will make a "letter" gift worth having.

GIFTS FOR THE MEN FOLKS.

A Few Suggestions That Will Come In Useful.

A remark often heard at this season of the year is: "I can't think what to give So-and-so for Christmas."

That is the trouble—to think of things. The making or the shopping are minor details when one has decided what to make or buy. The shops do not help much, for there is so very much to be seen that they are apt to dull the imagination rather than sharpen it.

Here are a few suggestions that may prove useful, or may at least suggest something else to your mind.

We will think of presents for men first, as they are by far the hardest. The older man, who usually is adequately supplied with gloves, ties, handkerchiefs, sleeve links, cigarette cases, etc., who has no idea what else he wants, is the problem of every household. Would he, for instance, like an electric toaster. They come now for \$2.50. They make the best toast imaginable, and the man with a toaster beside him on the breakfast table can be sure of hot, delicious toast each morning, no matter how early or late he may be, for his breakfast.

If there is a motor in the family, brass initials or a monogram will make a nice gift for its owner. These can be made by a harnessmaker or a silversmith. Pocket travelling slippers of soft leather that come in little leather cases and cost from \$1 or \$2, are a good idea for a man who has to travel much. Florida water is a gift often appreciated by the fastidious man, as it is a toilet water that can be used after shaving without leaving an offensively perfumed odor.

WHEN MISTLETOE WAS SACRED.

Ancient Druids Brought Greens With in for Sylvan Spirits.

The Druids with ceremonies of great solemnity used to collect mistletoe "against the festival of winter solstice." Only the oaks bearing mistletoe were sacred to this ancient order of men, and they made solemn procession to such oaks, a prince of the order cutting the mistletoe with a golden sickle.

It is recorded that the people's reverence for the priests proceeded in great measure from the cures which the priests effected by means of this curious green plant of the pearlike berries. It was collected thus ceremoniously by the Druids because it was supposed to drive away evil spirits.

The reason among the Druids for bringing in bits of evergreen from the woods and adorning the house is a most charming and lovable one. "The houses were decked with evergreens in December that the sylvan spirits might repair to them and remain untroubled with frost and cold winds until a milder season had renewed the foliage of their darling abodes."

IF ANIMALS COULD TALK.

Would Recall Events Which Happened Hundreds of Years Ago.

It is a startling fact that if some animals could tell their life history they would be able to recall events which happened hundreds of years ago.

A Russian eagle, for instance, would be able to remember watching with greedy eyes as one by one the French soldiers under Napoleon fell exhausted out of the ranks in their awful retreat from Moscow in 1812. There are crocodiles alive in India to-day which saw the first English traveller set foot there, while there are whales in the sea which might have skirted the coast of France when the English invaded it in 1415.

A great many elephants could recall historical events of a hundred years ago, while there are ravens still living whose memory could go back twice that period.

Talking of birds, the parrot, the crow and the swan often live a hundred years—that is, of course, if they do not meet with misfortune—while the heron will live 60 years. Geese and pelicans will survive half a century and the sparrow 40 years.

Pigeons, linnets, canaries, cranes and peacocks will live to well over 20 years, while the goldfinch, partridge, pheasant, lark and nightingale will live from 15 to 18 years, the robin 12 years and the thrush and hen 10 years.

Napoleon and Hannibal.

Napoleon and Hannibal were both supreme in the art of battle-winning. To the question, "Which was the greater?" it is difficult to give an answer. A great many military authorities give the palm to Hannibal over all the great captains of history.

The common hen lays about 500 or 600 eggs in ten years.

"I understand Smith and Jones had high words the other day." "Yes; and they're going to have higher ones. Each of them has engaged a lawyer."

In the matter of recruiting, Wales has done better in proportion to her population than either England or Scotland.

Proud Father—"I believe, my dear, that the baby knows as much as I do." Mother (gazing at the infant)—"Yes, poor little fellow."

HOLIDAY SWEETMEATS

There is no culinary secret so dear to the feminine heart as a recipe bequeathed by one's great-great-grandmother. The recipes for these little cakes have been used for generations by the Moravians whose quaint Old World religious customs have withstood our fin-de-siecle civilization for a century and a half. To them the neighborly exchange of Christmas cakes is an institution as honored as the singing of carols, and much more gratifying to the youngsters who revel in edible birds and beasts cut after the grotesque Moravian patterns. The cutters used to form these unusual shapes are now found in some house-furnishing stores, but they can be made by any tinsmith.

Cakes made from these recipes will keep for weeks if they are put in a stone crock in a cool place. Pepper nuts are especially good for long keeping, because they contain no shortening to become rancid. If they are made before Christmas they will keep perfectly until late in the spring. All of these cakes are better if they are mixed one day and baked the next. The dough should be covered and kept in a cool place overnight.

Pepper Nuts.—Mix one pound and a quarter of brown sugar, two table-spoonfuls of cinnamon, one table-spoonful of cloves and one teaspoonful of baking powder. Stir into this three eggs and add as much flour as it is possible to work in. The dough must be very stiff. Roll it out moderately thin, and cut the cakes no larger than a silver quarter. Bake in a very cool oven. These cakes will puff up round, and are more attractive if the flat side is spread with a hard icing. This recipe will make between three and four quarts of cookies.

Bethlehem Spice Cakes.—Cream one pound of brown sugar and one pound of butter, add to this one quart of molasses, one ounce of cinnamon, one ounce of ginger, one ounce of allspice, half an ounce of cloves, the grated rind of one orange and flour enough to make a dough stiff enough to roll out very thin.

Moravian Chocolate Cakes.—Mix together two cupfuls of light brown sugar and half a cupful of butter and lard mixed. Add two eggs, a half cupful of grated chocolate that has been melted over hot water and one teaspoonful of soda. Stiffen this with flour and form into a long roll as large around as a small baking powder can. Slice this down very thin, dip one side in granulated sugar, and bake in a moderate oven.

Nazareth Chocolate Cakes.—Cream two cupfuls of granulated sugar and a scant three-quarters of a cupful of butter. Stir into this one cupful of water, two eggs, two small teaspoonfuls of baking powder, half a cake of melted chocolate and four large cupfuls of flour. Roll very thin and bake slowly.

Almond Cakes.—Rub together a quarter of a pound of powdered sugar and a half a pound of butter, add the yolks of four eggs, three table-spoonfuls of cream and one pound of flour. Mix sufficient sugar and flour in equal parts to sprinkle over the dough board. Roll the dough on this until it is a quarter of an inch thick, then cut in diamonds, and when the cakes are baked ice them with the following icing: Beat together the yolks of two eggs and two table-spoonfuls of water and thicken with confectioner's sugar. Spread this on the cakes and sprinkle thickly with almonds that have been blanched and cut fine, then set in the oven a few minutes to dry.

Crisp Molasses Cakes.—Mix a pound and a quarter of dark brown sugar, half a pound of butter and half a pound of lard. Add to this one quart of molasses, two table-spoonfuls of ginger, two table-spoonfuls of cinnamon, one table-spoonful of cloves and a small teaspoonful of soda. Work in enough flour to stiffen and roll very thin.

Bavarian Christmas Cookies.—Mix half a pound of butter with a quarter of a pound of granulated sugar, add three-quarters of a pound of flour and moisten with three table-spoonfuls of orange juice. Roll the dough thin, cut into small round cakes and spread a little of the well-beaten yolk of an egg in the centre of each. Sprinkle pulverized sugar and a little cinnamon over the egg, and bake in a slow oven.

White Christmas Cakes.—Cream one pound of butter and one pound of sugar, add five eggs and one cupful of sour cream in which has been dissolved a teaspoonful of soda. Stir in flour enough to make a soft dough, roll thin, cut into round cakes and press half of a hickory nut meat in the centre.

Rice Cakes.—Rub together one pound of butter and one pound of sugar, add two eggs and one pound of rice flour. After the dough is rolled thin and cut, spread a little beaten egg on each cake and sprinkle with sugar and cinnamon.

Vanilla Wafers.—One-third of a cupful of butter and lard mixed, one cupful of granulated sugar, half a teaspoonful of salt, one egg, a quarter of a cupful of sweet milk, two and a quarter cupfuls of flour, one teaspoonful of baking powder and two table-spoonfuls of vanilla. Bake in a moderate oven.

Some people are always more suspicious of a self-admitted saint than they are of a self-confessed sinner.



The Busiest Fellow in the Land.

BY-LAW No.

A By Law to authorize the issue of Debentures of the Corporation of the Village of Streetsville for \$5200 00 to construct a permanent roadway on Queen Street in the said village.

Whereas, the Municipal Council of the Village of Streetsville has decided subject to the approval of the ratepayers to construct a permanent pavement on Queen Street in the said village of Streetsville between the southerly and northerly limits of the said street at a cost of \$5200 00

And Whereas in order to construct the said permanent pavement it will be necessary to borrow the sum of \$5200 on the credit of the Corporation and to issue debentures therefore bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum which is the amount of the debt intended to be created by this By Law

And Whereas it is expedient to make the principal of the said debt repayable in yearly sums during the period of twenty years of such amounts respectively that the aggregate amount payable for principal and interest in any year shall be equal as nearly as may be to the amount so payable for principal and interest in each of the other years

And Whereas it will be necessary to raise annually the sum of \$458 85 during the period of twenty years to pay the said yearly sums of principal and interest as they become due

And Whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Municipality according to the last revised assessment roll is \$291,888

And Whereas the amount of the existing debenture debt of the Corporation (exclusive of local improvement debts secured by special rates or assessments) is \$28,987 96 and no part of the principal or interest is in arrears.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Village of Streetsville enacts as follows:

1. That for the purpose aforesaid there shall be borrowed on the credit of the Corporation at large the sum of Five Thousand Two Hundred dollars (\$5200.00) and debentures shall be issued therefor in sums of not less than \$100 00 each bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum and having coupons attached for the payment of the interest

2. The debentures shall all bear the same date and shall be issued within two years after the day on which this By Law is passed and may bear any date within such two years and shall be payable in twenty annual instalments during the twenty years next after the time when the same are issued and the respective amounts of principal and interest payable in each of such years shall be as follows:

No.	Principal	Interest	Total
1	141 35	812 00	453 35
2	149 85	803 50	453 35
3	158 88	794 52	453 35
4	168 87	784 98	453 35
5	178 46	774 89	453 35
6	189 18	764 17	453 35
7	200 52	752 83	453 35
8	212 56	740 79	453 35
9	225 81	728 04	453 35
10	238 88	714 52	453 35
11	253 15	700 20	453 35
12	268 84	685 01	453 35
13	284 44	669 91	453 35
14	301 51	654 84	453 35
15	319 60	639 75	453 35
16	338 78	624 57	453 35
17	359 10	609 25	453 35
18	380 64	593 71	453 35
19	403 48	577 87	453 35
20	427 70	561 65	453 35

\$5200 00 8987 00 9067 00

8 The debentures may be payable at any place or places in Canada

4 The Reeve of the Corporation shall sign and issue the debentures and interest coupons and the same shall also be signed by the Treasurer of the corporation and the debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the corporation.

6 During twenty years the currency of the debentures the sum of \$458 85 shall be raised annually by a special rate sufficient therefor over and above all other rates on all the rateable property of the Municipality at the same time and in the same manner as other rates.

6 The debentures may contain any clause providing for the registration thereof authorized by any statute relating to Municipal debentures in force at the time of the issue thereof.

7 This By Law shall take effect on the day of the final passing thereof

Passed this day of A.D. 1916

NOTICE

Take notice that the above is a true copy of a by law which has been taken into consideration by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Village of Streetsville and which in the event of the assent of the electors of the said Municipality being obtained thereto will be finally passed after one month from the first publication thereof in The Streetsville Review and that the date of the first publication is the 16th day of December A.D. 1915

And take notice that the votes of the electors of the said Village of Streetsville will be taken on the day of the annual election 1916

And take notice that a tenant desiring to vote must deliver to the Clerk not later than the tenth day before the day appointed for taking the vote the declaration provided for by subsection 8 of section 265 of the Municipal Act.

That on Friday the 31st day of December the Reeve of the said village shall attend at the town hall at 10 o'clock in the forenoon to appoint persons to attend at the polling place and at the final summing up of the votes by the clerk respectively on behalf of the persons interested in and promoting or opposing the passing of this by law.

That the clerk of the said Municipality shall attend at the town hall in the said village of Streetsville on the 4th day of January 1916 at eleven o'clock in the forenoon to sum up the number of votes given for and against the by law

Dated the 13th day of December A.D. 1915

S. H. SMITH, M.P.
Clerk, Village of Streetsville



At Last, We Have It!

In these strenuous days, when people specially need the benefit of good music, it is gratifying indeed that such a great firm as the Columbia Graphophone Company decided to offer

A Grafonola that would present at a popular price all the essential features--such as tone quality, volume of sound, mechanical construction, beauty of design and finish, that have heretofore only been associated with costly instruments.

We are at last enabled to announce to our music-loving friends that all these desirable features are now awaiting them in this

Handsome Mahogany Grafonola and Cabinet Outfit Complete As You See it Here for Only \$60

This is an entirely enclosed and fully cabined Grafonola, made of selected mahogany of excellent design. When record is in position for playing, the top—which is automatically supported when raised, and similarly released by a slight lift—can be closed so that only the pure sound that is intended to come from the record is emitted from the large tone chamber. Here are the brief details of construction:—

Measurements—The height of grafonola with record cabinet is 43 inches, and 17½ x 17½ inches at base of instrument.

Tone Arm—Two spring drive, non vibrating, non vibrat. Plays three records on one winding. Absolutely noiseless. Motor is mounted on new metal motor plate.

Control—Speed regulator operated on graduated dial, combined with start and stop device

Tone Control—Columbia tone control leaves, operated by a button in front of panel; also by variety of needles

Tone Arm—New bayonet joint tone arm of one piece, seamless, drawn, tapered tubing.

Reproducer—New Columbia No. 6

Lid—Piano hinged and equipped with automatic support

Needle Equipment—200 full tone needles. Top of cabinet contains three sunken needle cups for two grades of needles and used needles

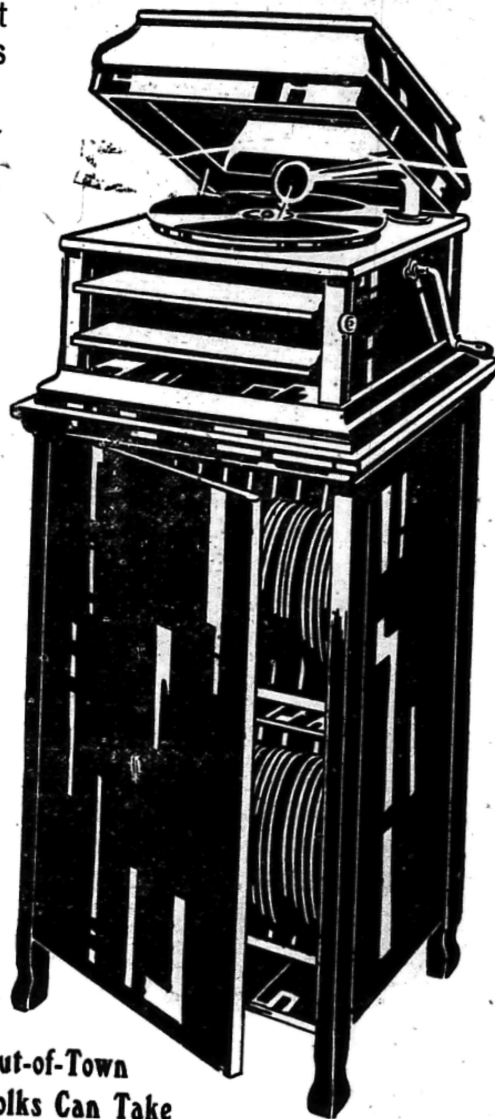
Record Capacity—Racks in cabinet have 80 divisions. Will hold upwards of 100 records

EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT

Arranged to Suit

In order that you may have your Grafonola home without delay we will gladly arrange easy payment terms. Come in and talk it over with us.

Delivery Christmas Eve if you desire it



Out-of-Town
Folks Can Take
Advantage of This Great Offer

Large
Stock of
Columbia
Records
Come in and
hear them, FREE

McCLINTOCK

Local Agent

Streetsville, - Ont.

Timber for Sale

There will be offered for sale at Caslor's Bridge, Streetsville, on

Tuesday, Dec. 21, 1915

At two o'clock p. m.

The old timbers taken off the said bridge, measuring 3" x 12" x 18 ft.

For further particulars apply to

D. H. McCAUGHERTY,
Commissioner, Streetsville

CREDIT Auction Sale

OF
50 Head of Fresh MILCH COWS
Springers and Sheep

The undersigned has received instructions from

Mr. D. Evans

To sell by public auction at the Bonnie Brae Farm, Streetsville, on

Wednesday, Dec. 22, 1915

At 1 o'clock sharp the following:

8 cows with calves at foot

8 cows coming in in January

2 farrow cows

25 cows supposed to calve in Feb.

Mar. and Apr.

5 head of young cattle

1 Bull

8 breeding ewes supposed to be in lamb

The above cattle are an extra fine lot and will be sold without reserve.

The sale may be held under cover if weather is unfavorable

Terms: Nine mos. credit on approved joint notes. 6 per cent per annum off for cash

W. A. Russell, Auctioneer
W. F. B. Switzer, clerk

We have the Goods You have the cash

Exchange with us
And we all benefit

ASK FOR COUPONS

NORRINGTON'S

FARMERS

ORDER YOUR FARM IMPLEMENTS FOR THE SPRING DELIVERY IN MARCH FROM

W. F. B. SWITZER

AGENT FOR

Cockshutt Farm Implements — Adams Wagons and Sleighs — Brantford Carriages and Cutters — Frost & Wood Mowers, Grain and Corn Binders — Burlington Perfect Silos — Frost Wire Fence — Sharples Separators and Mechanical Milkers — G. A. Rudd's Harness — Gasoline Engines and Litter Carriers

Office and Show Room in the Queens Hotel Block
Phone 44. Phone and Mail Orders Promptly attended to

For Xmas. Goods

CALL AND SEE OUR
Currants, Raisins, Peels, Dried Peaches
Prunes, Oranges Etc.

WE ALSO HAVE
Toys for the Little Ones

Wishing all a Merry Xmas

HECTOR WRIGHT

Successor to F. Ward

Call and see our display of

RANGES BASE - BURNERS —AND— HEATING STOVES

Leading Hardware **J. DANDIE** Streetsville
Phone 21

As past years
have found our
stock of

Xmas. Fruits

Peel, Candy,
Nuts, Oranges
Etc.

COMPLETE

So this year it will
be found the same.

Lots of Good things
to be got

AT

FALCONER'S

Streetsville Planing Mill

JOS. PHAIR, Prop.

Best facilities in the county
of Peel for the erection and
completion of Frame & Brick
Houses, Barns, Etc.

Lumber of all kinds—either
Rough or Planed—for sale;
also No. 1 and No. 2 Shingles

Estimates given on large
or small contracts.

Streetsville LIVERY

Single or double rigs
Pianos and Furniture moved
Agency for A. B. Greer's
and Barrie carriages.

C. G. QUENNELL

Christmas Presents

No need to worry about what the man
appreciates, just call and see our varied
lines for men including:

PIPES,
CIGAR CASES
POUCHES
Cigars in Boxes

ranging in prices from 50c to \$4.00
Tobacco in Tins
Imported and Domestic

Razors, Razor Strops
& Shaving Brushes
At less than Toronto prices

C. E. DARKER
Barber - Tobacconist
Streetsville

The Streetsville Review

Published every Thursday at Streetsville, Ont.
Subscription Rates—\$1.50 a year; or \$3.00 in paid
advance. Single copies 10c. Advertising Rates on Application.
S. H. CHURCH
Editor & Proprietor

Thursday, Dec 16, 1915

Business Locals, or notices of entertainments are
charged 5 cents per line, under this heading. No
advertisement inserted for less than 25 cents. No
free advertising.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher

Mr. A. Norrington has his window
nicely decorated for Christmas.

J. M. Barker, Erindale, Ont., Issuer
of Marriage Licenses.

Come to the Christmas entertainment
in the Methodist Church, given by the
Sunday School, Friday evening, Dec. 17.

The Anniversary Services of St. An-
drews Presbyterian Sunday School will
be held on Sunday, Dec. 26th. Rev. N.

A. McEachren, B. A. of Brampton will
preach in the morning and Rev. Dr.

Pidgeon in the evening. The annual
entertainment will be held New Year's

Eve., Friday, December 31st.

Mess R. J. Free and J. A. Mc
Caugherty of Kingston visited at

Mr. D. H. McCaugherty's last week.

Mr. J. J. Morrissey moved to Brant
ford this week.

Mr. Robert Westfall, who has
been employed with Mr. W. J. Betts

moved to Brampton this week.

On Friday evening Dec. 17, a very
interesting Christmas Cantata, entitled

"Santa's Gold Mine," will be given in
the Streetsville Methodist Church in

connection with the Sunday School
anniversary. There will also be recita-

tions, choruses, drills, dialogues etc.
Admission 25c., children 15c.

The troopship California, with
some 2000 Canadian soldiers arrived

in England on Sunday, Dec. 5th.

This is the vessel Lieut. Cecil Statia
was on, and is the fourth to arrive

within a week, the lot carrying about
8000 men. The torpedo or submar-

ine has not yet inflicted loss on any
Canadian transports.—Dufferin Post

Orangeville.

For sale, cheap, a pair of light bob
sleighs with shafts, box and two seats.

—J. Dandie.

Any person wanting a range or a
stove of any kind should call and see J.

Dandie's display before purchasing.

The post office department, as
indicated a few days ago, has de-

cided to issue a stamp of the value
of three cents, obviating the neces-

sity of putting two stamps, regular
and war postage, on a letter. Upon

the two cent stamp a special mark
will be placed, giving it the value of

three cents. In this way it will be
easier to revert after the war to the

two cent postage.

Mr. J. W. Smith of Churchville
has sold to Mr. J. E. Bailey, our

family butcher, a special baby beef
weighing about 1100 lbs., at 15c lb.

Any person wanting a quarter of
beef should ring up Mr. Bailey.

Phone 22.

Mr. and Mrs. George Sparling of
Lisgar have moved into their fine

new brick residence in Streetsville,
after a long and successful farm life.

They are most desirable citizens
and we hope they will be spared

many years to enjoy their new home.

Lots of oranges, candies, nuts, and
table raisins at Falconers.

Raisins of all kinds, currants and peel
—all new goods—at Falconers.

New stock of neckwear, trawls and
shirts for Christmas gifts at Falconers.

Mr. F. E. Graydon of Winnipeg
arrived this week to spend his

Christmas holidays with his father.

The old timbers off the Caslor
bridge will be sold next Tuesday

afternoon. See ad.

Come to the Christmas entertain-
ment in the Methodist Church Fri-

day evening, Dec. 17th. There will
be recitations, choruses, dialogues

and a Christmas Cantata, entitled
"Santa's Gold Mine." Admission

25c. and 15c. Program commences
at 8 p. m.

About two inches of snow fell on
Sunday night, hardly enough for

sleighing, but a few sleighs may be
seen.

Rev. J. S. Humphreys, of Cooks-
ville, preached anniversary sermons

in Streetsville Methodist church last
Sunday morning and evening to

large and appreciative congregations.
The anniversary will be continued

tomorrow evening by an entertain-
ment in the church, at 8 p. m.

Found

A Watch. Owner may have the same
by proving property and paying for ad.

Apply to

T. E. SANFORD.
Base Line.

Real Estate

Farms for sale, in Halton,
Peel and Wellington Counties
239 farms, all sizes. If you
want a farm write me for cata-
logue; or if you wish to sell
or exchange write me. Have
every facility for transmitting
our business to your complete
satisfaction. Correspondence
solicited

J. A. WILLOUGHBY
Farm Selling Specialist
Georgetown

Coming Events

Friday, Dec. 17—Streetsville Meth.

S. S. Anniversary.

Monday, Dec. 20—Credit auction sale
of cattle, pigs and sheep at Norval. J. L.

Clark, owner.

Monday, Dec. 20—Regular meeting of
Court Streetsville No. 1243, Independent

Foresters.

Tuesday, Dec. 21—Christmas enter-
tainment in Methodist Church, Cooks

ville.

Wednesday, Dec. 22—Credit auction
sale of cattle and sheep at Bonnie Brae

Farm, Streetsville. D. Evans, Owner.

W. A. Russell, auctioneer.

Wednesday, Dec. 22—School concert
at Churchville

Thursday, Dec. 23—Christmas enter-
tainment in town hall, Cooksville

Thursday, Dec. 23—Britannia Meth.

S. S. Entertainment.

Thursday, Dec. 23—Nomination meet-
ing in town hall, Cooksville, at 1 p. m.

Thursday, Dec. 23—St. Peter's S. S.

entertainment, at Erindale

Monday, Dec. 27—Nomination meet-
ing in town hall, Streetsville

Friday, Dec. 31—St. Andrews Pres.

S. S. Entertainment.

There will be skating on the rink at
the power dam Saturday afternoon and

evening.—C. Evans.

Special Christmas services will be
held in the Methodist Church next

Sunday. Rev. F. G. Purchase will
preach in the morning and Rev. G.

R. Kitching in the evening.

Sleds for boys and girls make nice
Christmas presents. Get them from

J. Dandie.

There is to be another change in
our High School staff. The pupils

and their parents and the Trustee
Board will regret the resignation of

the principal, Mr. Wm. Kemp, M.A.

Mr. Kemp has been principal here
for over 5 years and the school has

flourished under his charge. He is
also one of our best citizens, always

taking an active part in any work
that was for the betterment of the

individual or the community at large
—a member of the Methodist

church and the Masonic Lodge.

Mr. Kemp leaves at New Years to
be principal of the new Technical

School, Toronto

Mr. A. E. Graydon of South River
is spending a few days in town

The Willing Workers of Trinity
Church held a very successful bazaar

in the Morgan store last Friday.

They had a nice collection of articles
suitable for Christmas gifts, home

made baking, candy etc. and their
sales totalled \$113.00.

"Wee McGregor," the grand
champion steer of this year's Toron-

to fat stock show, brought a record
price of 46 cents per pound live

weight under the hammer at the
Union Stock yards on Saturday. As

the splendid looking black turned
the scales at 1500 lbs. James D. Mc

Gregor of Brandon, Man., in addi-
tion to the honor of breeding the

champion received \$600.00 for his
animal and also the Queen's Hotel

cup, Gunn's special and the Toronto
World special prizes. The steer was

in excellent condition and should
dress up well. There was keen

competition for ownership but the
T. Eaton Co. Ltd. became the pur-

chaser.

A 550-pound heifer was donated
J. W. Smith of Churchville, to the

Red Cross fund, brought \$125.

J. D. McGregor, breeder of the
grand champion, gave his first prize

grade steer for auction on behalf of
the fund for returned soldiers at

Brandon.

J. Dandie has a choice lot of horse
blankets cheap.

Send in the names of your Christmas
visitors for our personal column and any

other items. We want all the news.

J. Dandie has a first class assortment
of Winter Mitts at reasonable prices.

River Park Lodge will meet Tuesday

evening next for the election of officers
and other business.

Members of Court Streetsville No. 1243
Independent Foresters—You are re-

quested to attend a meeting of your Court
next Monday night at 8 o'clock for the

election of officers and other business.

Wanted

A young man to learn the blacksmith

trade. Apply to

L. A. POPE,
General Blacksmith

STREETSVILLE

PUMP WORKS

Agent for Perkins Gas-
olene engines and their famous
oil-less windmill. All Ontar-
io repairs and goods supplied,
also Mandrills and full equip-
ment for babbling windmills
when out of mesh.

Choice lot of all kinds of
pumps kept in stock.

Porcelain, iron and brass
cylinders used with galva-

nized pipe only.

Wells and cisterns sunk or
cleaned.

Repairing promptly Attended to.

Phone 55

Walter Bailey

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Christmas and New Year

Excursion Fares

Between all stations in Canada, Fort
William and east, and to Sault Ste
Marie, Detroit, Mich. Buffalo & Niagara
Falls, N. Y.

Single Fare

Good going Dec. 24th and 25th 1915

Return limit Dec. 27th 1915. Also Dec.

31st 1915, Jan 1st, 1916. Return limit

Jan. 8th 1916

Minimum charge 25c

Fare and One Third

Good going Dec. 23, 24 and 25th

1915. Return limit Dec. 28. Also Dec.

30, 31st, 1915, Jan. 1st, 1916. Re-

turn limit Jan. 4th 1916

Minimum charge 25c

Full particulars from any Canadian

Pacific Ticket agent or write M. G. Mur-

phy, District Passenger agent, Toronto.

Streetsville Meat - Market

We have a choice stock of all kinds

—of—

Fresh Meats
Cured Meats
Cooked Ham
and Sausages

Ingersoll and Home Made Sausage.

Home made Lard

Try our home made head cheese

2 lb. for 25c.

Orders promptly delivered.

Your patronage solicited.

Telephone connection

Jas. E. BAILEY

Family Butcher

W. D. LINDSAY

Streetsville

Pumps and Windmills

Repairing a Specialty

Wood and Iron Pumps

We use Brass or Porcelain Cylinders

to suit customers

Having purchased a well drill I am

prepared to do all kinds of drilling.

Phone 14—4

B. ROOT

Tinsmith & Fitter

ALL KINDS OF

General House Repairs

Executed

GET MY PRICES FOR EAVETROUGHING

NOTE ADDRESS:

WALTER BAILEY'S PUMP SHOP

STREETSVILLE

Phone 14—4

Jos. W. Harkess Builder & Contractor ERINDALE

Contracts taken for dwelling houses, garages, stables, outbuildings, etc.
No contract too large and none too small. Jobs for hire.
All kinds of Sash and Doors. Window and Door Frames made to order.
All work promptly attended to.
Your patronage respectfully solicited. Phone 25—4. Streetsville

Call and See the Automatic CREAM SEPARATOR

and Engine combined

In actual use at our farm

J. E. DOWLING

Agent for Farm Implements and Machinery
Streetsville



"MADE IN CANADA"

FORD TOURING CAR
PRICE \$530

FORD RUNABOUT
PRICE \$480

The above prices F. O. B. Ford, Ont. effective
Aug. 2, 1915. No Speedometer included in this
years equipment. otherwise cars fully equipped.
Cars on display and sale at

Streetsville Garage

J. E. ALDERSON
W. C. ANDREW

Ford

Only For Those Who Know

It is folly to give Chocolats des Aristo-
crates to one who cannot discriminate
between "just chocolates" and these
most exquisite of all confections.

On the other hand, one cannot pay a
finer compliment to a lady who is a
connoisseur than to make her a gift of
Chocolats des Aristocrates.

The smooth, rich coatings, the delicate
flavorings and the luscious variety of
fillings, are unexcelled.

One Dollar a Pound Box.

A Most Appropriate Christmas Gift

SOLD AT

McCLINTOCK'S STORE

WILL BREAK OFF RELATIONS UNLESS SETTLEMENT IS REACHED

United States at Last Means Business on Submarine Warfare Question—German Attaches to Go

A despatch from Washington says: Following a brief visit by Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, to the State Department, Secretary Lansing announced that the German Emperor has acquiesced in the request of the United States for the recall of Captains von Papen and Boy-Ed, the military and naval attaches respectively of the German Embassy.

Austria-Hungary must yield to the demands of the United States for satisfaction on account of the sinking of the Italian liner Ancona and the killing of Americans, or else face the likelihood of a break of diplomatic relations.

This is the interpretation put by Washington on the note which the Government has sent to Austria.

The communication is characterized by a tone of severity and bluntness never before used by the United States in its correspondence with the belligerents in the present war.

A demand is made for the following satisfactions:

- 1—Denunciation of the act.
- 2—Punishment of the submarine commander who was responsible.
- 3—Reparation by the payment of a money indemnity.

The note explicitly prescribes the form of the denunciation, Austria

must "denounce" it as "an illegal and indefensible act."

This is the vital paragraph in the note: "As the good relations of the two countries must rest upon a common regard for law and humanity, the Government of the United States cannot be expected to do otherwise than to demand that the Imperial and Royal Government denounce the sinking of the Ancona as an illegal and indefensible act, that the officer who perpetrated the deed be punished, and that reparation be made for the citizens of the United States who were killed or injured by the attack on the vessel."

Not the least significant feature of it is the employment of the term, so rarely used in diplomatic correspondence—"demands."

It is noted, too, that the United States in the case of Austria calls for a denunciation of the act, not a "disavowal," as in the case of Germany.

It is words like these, which mean so much more in the language of diplomacy than elsewhere, that has convinced Washington of the peremptory character of the communication. "Inhumane," "barbarous," "abhorrent," "wanton slaughter," "outrage," are some of the other expressions that stand out in the note.

TAKE ENTIRE STAFF OF ENEMY DIVISION

Two German Generals and Seven Officers Captured in Sortie.

A despatch from Petrograd says: The entire staff of the eighty-second German army division was captured by Russian mounted scouts and brought as prisoners into the Russian lines as the result of a daring night raid recently, according to unofficial accounts, which have just been received.

Under cover of darkness, a small company of scouts worked its way past the German trenches towards the German base. Emerging from a wood, the scouts found themselves close to a village. They stopped and sent forward a reconnoitering party.

The latter soon came upon a German sentry, who gave the alarm. Ten minutes later a German cavalry squadron galloped out of the village, followed by two companies of Austrian Landsturm troops. The Russians meanwhile had dismounted, hiding their horses and concealing themselves.

The Germans and Austrians fell into the ambush and became panic-stricken when the Russians opened fire, the Austrians running for their lives and throwing down their rifles. In the confusion the German cavalry, not knowing how large a force might be opposing them, also retreated, many troopers falling under the Russian fire.

The Russians were ordered to follow on foot into the village. They came upon a large estate, and through the windows of the mansion made out the figures of German officers. Half of the force of scouts made for the mansion, while the others continued their pursuit of the retreating troops.

A rush for the doors of the mansion was made by ten Cossacks, and so quick was the progress of events that the German officers did not have

time to secure their coats and furs before they were hustled outside.

By this time the other division of the scouting party had returned and searched the mansion, which proved to be a division staff headquarters, and secured valuable papers. The whole incident took place in less than 15 minutes.

With their prisoners the scouts began to retire. The German cavalrymen meanwhile had reformed and attempted to cut off the Russian retreat. The prisoners were sent back under escort, however, and the retreat covered by the bulk of the scouts, who also succeeded in returning to the Russian lines with small losses.

It is stated that the captured staff included two generals, one being a division commander, seven staff officers and several Red Cross physicians. One colonel was killed in attempting to escape.

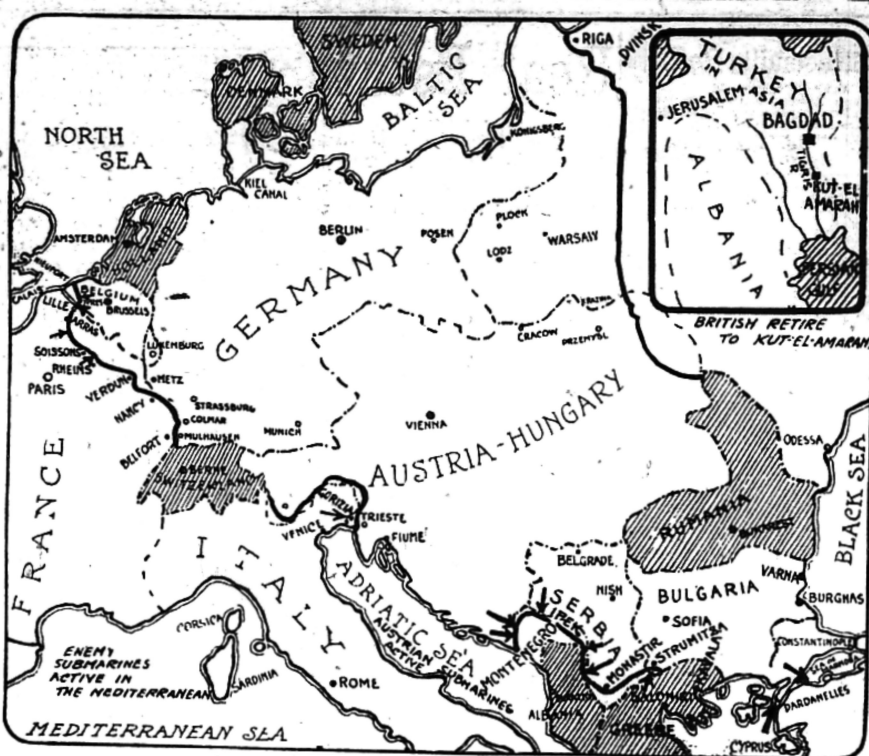
DISCHARGE DEPOT MOVED TO ENGLAND

Soldiers Will be Examined There Instead Of At Quebec.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A new arrangement has been made by General Hughes regarding the examination and care of invalid soldiers returning to Canada. Hitherto they have been sent in batches, when transportation was convenient, to Quebec, where they have been examined by the medical board of the department and an official report upon their condition made.

Quebec has been the discharge depot for returned soldiers, and arrivals have been disposed of as speedily as possible.

However, the discharge depot will be Liverpool after this. The medical board of the Militia Department will go to Liverpool, and returning soldiers will be examined there or on the way across the ocean. Medical officers will travel on every vessel carrying Canadian soldiers.



The Week's Developments in the War.

Serbia continues to be the chief war centre of interest. The invasion of Serbia has been practically completed and now Bulgarian and Austro-German forces are concentrating against the French and British troops, two to one, they may have the advantage in heavy artillery, which is already interfering with the concentration of the enemy.

The Serbian army, despite heavy losses, has escaped into Montenegro, joined the Montenegrin forces and united also with the Franco-British line.

The outcome of the battle now impending will have an important bearing upon future developments in the Balkans, and possibly may decide the action of Rumania and Greece.

The British Expeditionary Force, which reached to within a few miles of Bagdad, has been forced to retire to a strong position at Kut-el-Amara. The British, however, effected the withdrawal successfully and are now being reinforced.

Russian troops have been unofficially reported in Bulgaria, but the censorship has thrown a veil over operations.

Greece is procrastinating and, apparently, still negotiating with the Entente Allies and the Central forces.

Conflicting reports also come from Rumania. On the Isonzo front Italian artillery has reduced Gorizia to ruins, but apparently the Italians have not, as yet, been able to occupy the city.

On the Western front there has been renewed activity in some districts, the Germans having undertaken local offensive movements, apparently without any great significance.

Austrian submarines have been active in the Adriatic and have done considerable damage to Italian shipping. Enemy submarines have also done some effective work in the Mediterranean.

Apparently important events are impending, probably on all the battle fronts, and the next few weeks should bring important news.

Further, instead of sending men home irregularly as heretofore, they will be sent weekly, and come 150 at a time.

The object of the new arrangement has been to obviate any delay of the invalids at Quebec. Recently a batch of 700 soldiers were kept at Quebec for a week, and as some of the men came from British Columbia they were long in reaching their homes. The reason for the delay was the necessary examinations to discover what the physical condition of the soldiers was. On this examination depended the questions of pay and pensions. By having the examinations done at Liverpool or on the way out there will be no necessity for the men going to Quebec at all. When they reach St. John, N.B., they will entrain at once for their homes, or the convalescent homes as the case may be.

WILL FALL BACK UPON SALONICA

Anglo-French Retirement From Serbia Is Officially Announced.

A despatch from London says: The Anglo-French forces have commenced a general retirement from Southern Serbia, and it is suggested that their destination is the region of Salonica. This retirement was necessitated, not only by the superior forces which the Bulgarians and Germans opposed to the allies, but to a threat of an outflanking movement from Petrovo, where the Bulgarians have arrived, and also to the danger of their line of communication from Bulgarian irregulars who have crossed the Greek frontier.

Both the British and the French forces, who are well supplied with artillery and machine guns, engaged in a four days' battle, in which they inflicted very heavy losses on the Bulgarians who fought with desperation and the greatest courage. Attack after attack was repulsed, but the Bulgarians still came on, and each evening the allies fell back to new positions where events of the day before were repeated.

What seems to be an intimation that the troops of the Entente allies contemplate evacuating Serbian territory, is contained in a statement declared in a Reuter despatch from Salonica to have been issued by the French general staff on the Balkan front. The statement says:

"In view of the fact that the Serbian army for the moment is out of the reckoning, our presence in Serbian territory is no longer necessary."

"Bulgarian successes amount to an occupation of territory no longer disputed by us."

"They have invariably suffered checks each time the allied troops assumed the offensive, notwithstanding their numerically superior forces."

NINE GERMAN OFFICERS SUICIDE ON RUSSIAN FRONT AT DVINSK

Cold and Hardships of the Campaign Alleged as the Cause of the Epidemic

A despatch from Petrograd says: Another epidemic of suicides is reported among the German forces in the vicinity of Dvinsk by prisoners captured in that region, according to the Birzhevyia Vedomosti, a daily newspaper. Nine officers, including the commander of a battalion, ended their lives within a period of twelve days. Cold and hardships of the campaign are alleged to be the cause.

Polish and Serbian landstürms captured from the Austro-German forces along the southern front report that a new alignment of Austro-Germans has been detached to forage food and stores from the captured territory at points near the frontier.

Vladimir and Volynsk are being hurriedly fortified with trenches for a radius of seven miles, apparently in anticipation of a Russian offensive.

Two German aeroplanes, manoeuvring over Ellerbruck recently, were in head-on collision at a height of several hundred feet, and dropped to earth, their four occupants being killed. The gasoline tanks exploded, playing streams of flame over the falling aircraft. The bodies of the four men were burned beyond recognition.

Salt sprinkled over carpets before sweeping preserves the colors and keeps away moths.

A good present for the woman with a garden is a pair of hand shears or some other hand tool.

When plants are frost-bitten put them at once in a cool, dark room, then shower them with cold water.

To err is human; to fail to profit by your mistakes is still more so.

Many a man who runs for an office doesn't seem to get anywhere.

It is stated that German money to the extent of \$500,000 is being sent to the district for the purpose of sabotage. Barcelona is named as the headquarters of the plot, which in its ramifications bears a resemblance to the conspiracies recently unearthed in the United States.

The German purpose is said to be to frustrate the export of copper from the famous Rio Tinto mines to the allied countries. Since the command of the sea passed to the allies the Rio Tinto mine has been the scene of unusual activity.

Eighty Germans die; Namur fort explodes

A despatch from Amsterdam says: Fort Cognelee, one of the most important features of the old defences of Namur, Belgium, has been completely destroyed by an explosion, according to the newspaper Echo de Belge. The explosion is said to have caused the death of 80 German soldiers.

It is easier for a man to escape being a fool than it is for him to escape being called a crank.

The Leading Markets

Breadstuffs.
Toronto, Dec. 14.—Manitoba wheat, new crop—No. 1 Northern, \$1.22½; No. 2, \$1.20½; No. 3, \$1.16½, on track lake ports, immediate shipment. Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 51½c, nominal, on track lake ports.

American corn—No. 8, new, 76c, on track Toronto.

Canadian corn—No. 2 yellow, old, 75c, nominal, on track Toronto.

Ontario oats, new crop—No. 3 white, 87 to 89c; commercial oats, 36 to 38c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, 99c to \$1.02; slightly sprouted and tough, according to sample, 96 to 98c; sprouted, smutty and tough, according to sample, 80 to 90c.

Peas—No. 2, nominal, per car lots, \$2; sample peas, according to sample, \$1.50 to \$1.75.

Barley—Malting barley, 57 to 60c; feed barley, 50 to 55c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—Nominal, car lots, 75 to 76c, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 1 commercial, 86 to 87c; rejected, 70 to 80c, according to sample.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, \$6.20; second patents, in jute bags, \$5.70; strong bakers', in jute bags, \$5.50, Toronto.

Ontario flour—New Winter, \$4.20 to \$4.50, according to sample, seaboard, or Toronto freights in bags, prompt shipment.

Millfeed, car lots, delivered Montreal freights—Bran, per ton, \$23; shorts, per ton, \$24; middlings, per ton, \$26; good feed flour, per bag, \$1.55.

Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh dairy, 28 to 30c; inferior, 22 to 24c; creamery prints, 33 to 34c; solid, 31½ to 32c.

Eggs—Storage, 80 to 32c per dozen; select, 35 to 36c; new-laid, 43 to 45c, case lots.

Honey—Prices, in tins, lbs., 10 to 11c; combs, No. 1, \$2.40; No. 2, \$2.

Beans—\$3.50 to \$3.75.

Poultry—Chickens, 13 to 15c; fowls 11 to 12c; ducks, 15 to 16c; geese, 14 to 15c; turkeys, 20 to 22c.

Cheese—Large, 17½c; twins, 18c.

Potatoes—Car lots of Ontario, \$1.25 to \$1.30, and New Brunswicks at \$1.40 per bag, on track.

Provisions.

Bacon—Long clear, 15½ to 16c per lb. in case lots. Hams—Medium, 17½ to 18c; do., heavy, 14½ to 15c; rolls, 15½ to 16c; breakfast bacon, 21 to 23c; backs, plain, 24 to 25c; boneless backs, 26 to 27c.

Lard—The market is firm; pure lard, tubs, 14c; compound, pails, 12c.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Dec. 14.—Wheat—December, \$1.09½; May, \$1.12½. Cash—No. 1 hard, \$1.13½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.10½ to \$1.11½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.06½ to \$1.08½. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 75 to 76c. Oats—No. 3 white, 39½ to 40c. Flour and bran unchanged.

Duluth, Dec. 14.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.13½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.12½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.08½; Montana, No. 2 hard, \$1.10½ December, \$1.10½; May, \$1.12½. Linseed, cash, \$2.06 to \$2.06½; December, \$2.05; May, \$2.10.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Dec. 14.—Butchers' cattle, choice, \$7.75 to \$8.15; do., good, \$7.25 to \$7.50; do., medium, \$7.25 to \$7.50; do., common, \$5.50 to \$6; butchers' bulls, choice, \$6.75 to \$7.25; do., good bulls, \$5.75 to \$6.25; do., rough bulls, \$4.75 to \$5.25; butchers' cows, choice, \$6.50 to \$6.75; do., good, \$6 to \$6.25; do., medium, \$5.25 to \$5.75; do., common, \$4 to \$4.50 feeders, good, \$6.50 to \$6.75; stockers, 700 to 900 lbs., \$6 to \$6.75; canners and cutters, \$3 to \$4.50; milkers, choice, each, \$75 to \$100; do., common and medium, each, \$35 to \$60; springers, \$50 to \$120; light ewes, \$6.50 to \$7.25; sheep, heavy, \$5.25 to \$6; do., bucks, \$3 to \$4.50; yearling lambs, \$7 to \$7.75; spring lambs, cwt., \$9.60 to \$10.25; calves, medium to choice, \$6.50 to \$10; do., common, \$4 to \$4.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$9 to \$9.15.

Montreal, Dec. 14.—Choice steers, \$7.50 to \$7.75; good, \$7 to \$7.25; medium, \$6.50 to \$6.60; butchers' cows, \$4.50 to \$6.25; bulls, \$5 to \$6.50 per cwt. Canning stock—Cows, \$3.25 to \$3.50; bulls, \$4 to \$4.50 per cwt. Sheep and lambs—Ontario lambs, \$9.50; Quebec, \$9 to \$9.25; sheep, \$5.75 to \$6.50 per cwt. Calves—Milk-fed stock, 8 to 9c; grass-fed, 4 to 7c per lb. Hogs—Selected lots, \$9.50 to \$9.75 per cwt., weighed off cars.

The One Who Likes You.
"What chance have I got with that girl? One of her admirers owns an automobile and the other has a motor boat."

"Son, if she likes you, a trip to the movies would please her just as well."

DRIVE ENEMY FROM TRENCHES IN CHAMPAGNE DISTRICT

French Artillery Effectually Prevents Germans From Organizing Positions

A despatch from Paris says: Not only has the German advance in Champagne, which resulted in the capture of French advanced positions south of St. Souplet and at the Butte de Souain, been stopped, but the Germans are being driven out of the position occupied, and the French guns are preventing them from organizing the ground taken. A German munition depot was exploded south of St. Souplet.

On the road between Roze and Montdidier, the French artillery fired effectively on a German battery near Dancourt. Mine fighting, in which a party of German workers were buried by the explosion of a French mine chamber, is reported from Les Eparges.

Fort Cognelee, one of the most important features of the old defences at Namur, has been destroyed by an explosion, according to the Echo de Belge. The explosion is said to have caused the death of 80 German soldiers.

GERMAN-MADE DYE-STUFFS TO REACH UNITED STATES

Imperial Government Has Decided to Allow Them to Pass Through British Lines in France

A despatch from Washington says: In three different directions Great Britain has given evidence of a desire to placate the American Government by a loosening of her restrictions against American commerce.

Ambassador Page at London and the British Embassy in Washington informed the State Department of a decision of Great Britain against the

PARCELS TO THE FIRING LINE CAN BE SENT MUCH CHEAPER

Canada to Forego All Postal Charges for Conveyance in Canada and on the Atlantic

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Post-office Department has foregone its share of the postage on parcels to soldiers in France, thus effecting a material saving in the cost of forwarding such matter to the front.

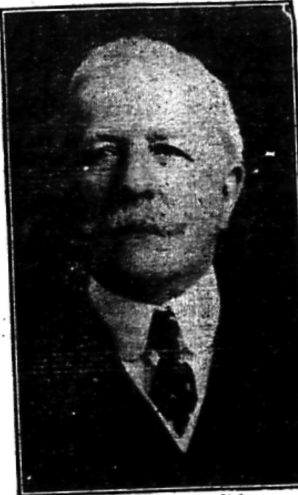
"For parcels weighing up to three pounds, 24c; for parcels weighing over three pounds, and not more than seven pounds, 32c; for parcels weighing over seven pounds and not more than eleven pounds, 38c."

BANK OF MONTREAL

NINETY-EIGHTH ANNUAL REPORT SHOWS BANK IN VERY STRONG POSITION.

Exceptional interest attaches this year to the Annual Report of Canada's leading Bank, and the addresses delivered at the Annual Meeting by the President and General Manager. They afford an insight into the financial consequences of a year of war on the country generally, and into the outlook for the future, as interpreted by men who have every opportunity to judge it.

Mr. H. V. Meredith, the President, pointed out that the effect of the war on Canadian trade had been less injurious than had been expected, and



Mr. H. V. Meredith

that this year's bountiful harvest may not only be expected to stimulate current trade, but to attract renewed emigration to Canada.

The Annual Report shows the Bank of Montreal in a position of unprecedented strength. With assets of \$302,980,554—an increase for the year of \$38,800,138—it takes rank with the most powerful banking institutions in the world. Of this enormous sum, no less than \$170,007,568 is in cash and liquid assets. This is over 64 per cent. of the Bank's total public liabilities—a ratio whose significance will be better understood when it is compared with 55.4 per cent. last year, and a little less than 50 per cent. (considered a high proportion in normal times) in 1913.

While holding so large a proportion of the Bank's assets in liquid form does not tend to large profits, it is a source of great strength not only to the Bank, but to the whole of Canada, in these trying and difficult times.

The profits for the year, however, were most gratifying. Amounting to \$2,108,631, they provided for the usual quarterly dividend and two 1% bonuses on the Capital of \$16,000,000; the War Tax on Bank Note Circulation, \$127,347; and left over \$60,000 to be added to the Profit and Loss Account, bringing the balance of the latter up to \$1,293,952. This, of course, is in addition to the Rest Account of \$16,000,000—equal to the Capital.

Owing to the reduced volume of commercial business in the country, the current loans dropped from \$108,845,332 in 1914 to \$99,078,506. Loans to municipalities, on the other hand, show an increase of over two millions, reaching the figure of \$11,203,472.

One of the most striking and important features of the Report is the remarkable increase in Deposits. Those bearing no interest have increased during the year from \$42,689,031 to \$75,745,729, while interest-bearing deposits have grown to \$160,277,083—a total increase of \$39,800,138. Though this is partly accounted for by special transactions, it must be regarded as highly satisfactory and an especial mark of public confidence.

In reviewing the year, the President laid special stress on the record harvest in the West, where a greatly increased area under cultivation has given the highest average yield in the history of the country. The estimated value of the grain crop of Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan he placed at four hundred million dollars—a sum which could be depended upon to liquidate much indebtedness and stimulate current trade.

Referring to the remarkable change in Canada's position from a debtor to a creditor nation, Mr. Meredith said: "In the seven months ending October 31st, 1918, the value of exports of Canadian products was \$245,550,000, and in the same period of 1914 was \$226,757,000; while this year in these seven months we have exported Canadian products of the value of \$326,430,000, or \$100,000,000 more than last year, and the great crop surplus has still to go forward."

"Comparing the foreign trade of Canada for the seven-months period ending with October, imports have declined from \$390,544,000 in 1913 to \$258,107,000 in 1915, while exports of domestic products, as I have said, have risen from \$245,550,000 to \$326,430,000; and adverse balance of \$145,000,000 being converted into a favorable balance of \$73,823,000, or a betterment in respect of foreign trade of interest.

no less than \$218,000,000 within the short space of two years."

Taking a prudently optimistic view of the future, Mr. Meredith said: "The position of Canada is a highly favored one, with an assured future of growth, development and general prosperity. At present, however, we live in the shadow of the great war, to which all else must be subservient. What its duration will be, and the position in which its termination will find us, can be matter of the merest conjecture. The vast armies now engaged in the struggle cannot be kept in the field indefinitely. The financial factor is daily assuming increased importance, and in this respect the advantage is unquestionably with Great Britain and her Allies."

"After the war, a readjustment of trade conditions is to be expected. The flood of wealth which has attended the export of munitions and war supplies must of necessity be largely curtailed, and a new set of problems will have to be faced. As I have said on former occasions when I have had the pleasure of addressing you, if economy be exercised to meet the increased burden of taxation, of which we must bear our share, and the production of exportable articles increased to the utmost extent, to protect our gold supply and minimize our borrowings, and if we keep strong in working capital, then no matter what difficulties the future may have in store for us, we can look forward to them with a degree of complacency. Our agricultural resources and undeveloped wealth will enable us to bear the strain which may be imposed upon us, and we shall in the end come safely through the period of economic upheaval and world-wide conflict with a larger debt, it is true, but with our ability to meet it unquestioned and our economic position not seriously impaired."

SPECIAL WAR STAMPS.

Some Issues Have Already Become Valuable.

Stamps that a few months ago were of very little value will be much in demand in the future owing to the alterations in the map of Europe, and indeed of the world, brought about by the present war.

Among some curiosities already being collected and treasured, says London Answers, may be mentioned a number of Red Cross postage stamps issued from the French post offices in Morocco, from which certain letters and figures have been omitted. England has not issued any official war stamps whatever, but it is interesting to observe the issue of "occupation stamps" in the invaded German colony of Togo.

No postage stamps of any description were found in Lome after it had been evacuated by the Germans, for they had destroyed or hidden all there were. But a great number of stamps were discovered in a box sunk in a dry well in another village, and they were over-printed, some with French and some with English words, for provisional use. But only a limited number were treated this way, and the demand for them from stamp dealers all over the world has been so enormous that the price has already risen considerably.

Denmark, although not yet involved in war, has prepared a special war postcard and supplied it to the naval and military forces which have been mobilized. It is the ordinary five ore postcard that has been overprinted with the initials, in black lettering, "S. B." which signifies Soldater-Brevkort, "soldiers' postcard"; one card a week is handed out free to each soldier and sailor.

It is said that one of the most valuable stamps in the future will be that of Samoa, which was overprinted by the New Zealand postal authorities with a local surcharge. One single sheet containing 100 stamps has a peculiar error, and as only forty of those stamps are available already the price paid for them has reached £20 each.

THE VERY TIME

When Powerful Food is Most Needed.

The need of delicate yet nutritious food is never felt so keenly as when a convalescent gets a set back on account of weak stomach. Then is when Grape-Nuts shows its power, for it is a most scientific and easily digested food.

"About a year ago," writes a western woman, "my little six-year-old niece moved to a new home. She naturally had a change of diet and of course a change of water, and somehow she contracted typhoid fever."

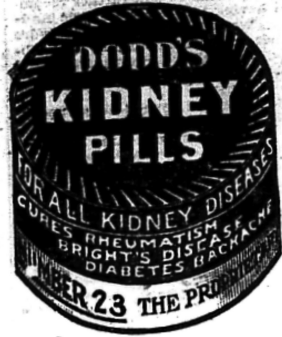
"After a long siege her case seemed hopeless, doctors gave her up, and she was nothing but skin and bones, couldn't eat anything, and for weeks did not know even her father or mother. Her parents, in trying to get something delicate and nourishing that she could eat, finally hit upon Grape-Nuts food, and it turned out to be just the thing."

"She seemed to relish it, was soon conscious of her surroundings, and began to gain strength so rapidly that in a short time she was as well, playful and robust as if she had never been ill."

"We all feel that Grape-Nuts was the predominating factor in saving the sweet little girl's life."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Never read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.



HOME TRUTHS!

Cider gets sour with age—just like some of us.

You can always rely on a fool to tell the truth—at the wrong time!

About the hardest work in the world is trying to rub along without any.

A luxury is something the other fellow thinks we don't know he can't afford.

It is just as well to let one leg know that your other leg is being pulled.

Any schoolboy will tell you that the hardest branch of learning grows on a birch tree.

Old Father Time hands each of us a wrinkle every now and then to remind us, probably, that we haven't been forgotten.

It is no uncommon thing for a man who cannot speak even one language correctly to be able to swear fluently in three or four.

Financial stress is brought about by successfully underestimating and over-estimating—according to whether you are buying or selling.

How to Save Your Eyes

Try This Free Prescription

Do your eyes give you trouble? Do you already wear eyeglasses or spectacles? Thousands of people wear these "windows" who might easily dispense with them. You may be one of these, and it is your duty to save your eyes before it is too late. The eyes are neglected more than any other organ of the entire body. After you finish your day's work you sit down and rest your muscles, but how about your eyes? Do you rest them? Do you do anything to keep your eyes busy? You work your eyes until you go to bed. That is why so many have strained eyes, and finally other eye troubles that threaten partial or total blindness. Eyeglasses are merely crutches; they never cure. This free prescription, which has benefited the eyes of so many, may work equal wonders for you. Use it a short time. Would you like your eye troubles to disappear as if by magic? Try this prescription. Go to the nearest wide-awake drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets; fill a get a bottle with warm water, drop in one tablet and allow it to thoroughly dissolve. With this liquid just the two to four drops on the eyes. Just note how quickly your eyes clear up and how soon the inflammation will disappear. Don't be afraid to use it; it is absolutely harmless. Many who are now blind might have saved their eyes had they started to care for them in time. This is a simple treatment, but marvellously effective in a multitude of cases. Now that you have been warned don't delay a day, but do what you can to save your eyes, and you are likely to thank us as long as you live for publishing this prescription. The Valmar Drug Co., Toronto, will fill the above prescription by mail, if your druggist cannot.

Accommodated Him.

A doctor, celebrated as much for his love of good living as for professional skill, called upon an eccentric nobleman who was just beginning a most elaborate dinner. After a while, receiving no invitation to join his lordship, the medical man said: "Now sir, if I were in your place, I should say, 'Pray, doctor, do as I am doing.'"

"So sorry," said his lordship. "Well, doctor, do as I am doing—go home and eat your dinner!"

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

WAR TRANSPORT SERVICE.

"Ignorance" and "Ineptitude" in Admiralty Methods.

"From the point of view of the shipping man the whole history of the war, as far as the transport service is concerned, is a wicked story of ignorance, ineptitude and colossal waste," declares the editor of Syren and Shipping, the leading journal of the British shipping trade. He adds: "Costly and useful ships were used for months as prison ships. Super-ships like the Aquitania were employed on scouting missions, their magnificent passenger equipment gutted. Ships were allowed to load cargo or to book a full passenger list and then owners were informed that the Admiralty required these boats."

An instance is given of a 7,000-ton boat which was all ready to sail, with 200 passengers, when it was taken over and sent to the west coast of South America, although it might have been loaded with coal and realized a small fortune. Another case is given of a 6,000-ton boat at Huelva about to load with a cargo of iron ore for England, which was requisitioned suddenly and sent empty to the Pacific, although there should have been plenty of merchant ships available much nearer the desired destination.

"How long," asks the journal, "will these methods be tolerated? In the national interest, a committee of shipping men should have been selected to organize the Admiralty chartering."

The man who is afraid of work deserves to be scared to death.

BIG AUSTRALIAN CRUISER.

First of Type Constructed Entirely by British Colony.

The cruiser Brisbane, the latest unit in the Australian navy, which was launched successfully at the Cockatoo Island Naval Yard, Sydney, last month, is the largest vessel of any type yet launched under the Union Jack in the southern hemisphere. The Brisbane is of 5,400 tons, and is the first cruiser to be constructed completely by any of the overseas British dominions.

At the launching she was christened by Mrs. Fisher, the wife of the Prime Minister, who is from Queensland. It is after the capital of that State that the cruiser is named.

It is hoped to place the Brisbane in commission next August. She is to be followed on the stocks by another vessel of the same type, to be called the Adelaide, in honor of the capital of South Australia.

A GENTLE LAXATIVE FOR LITTLE ONES

Baby's Own Tablets are a gentle laxative. They are absolutely safe and so pleasant in action, that once the mother has used them for her little ones, she will never again resort to that harsh, ill-smelling, bad-tasting castor oil, which baby always fought against taking. Baby will take the Tablets with a smile, and thousands of mothers tell us their little ones will coax for them. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

His Chance.

"What chance has he to win that suit? The evidence is all against him."

"I know he's on the wrong side of the facts, but he has the best lawyer in town."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Explained.

"Your daughter plays some very robust pieces."

"She's got a beau in the parlor," growled pa, "and that loud music is to drown the sound of her mother washing the dishes."

Sore Eyes

Granulated Eyelids. Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Freckle Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Make Your Own Selection.

"Could you recommend a good physician?"

"I'm sorry, but there are two persons that I no longer recommend—doctors and servant girls."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

Discouraging.

Invalid—I'd like to see the proprietor of this sanitarium.

Clerk—He has gone away, sir, for his health.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FARMS—ALL SIZES—STOCK, Grain, Dairy or Fruit. When you want to buy, write H. W. Dawson, Brampton, Ont.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB OFFICE for sale in good Ontario town. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 75 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Belman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

GOLD GOLD

Write me for Special Information on MONROE CONSOLIDATED GOLD MINE, Limited

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And How to Feed Mailed free to any address by the Author

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ABSORBINE

will reduce inflamed, swollen Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Soft Bunches, Heals Boils, Foll Evil, Quittor, Fistulas and infected sores quickly as it is a positive antiseptic and germicide. Pleasant to use; does not blister or remove the hair, and puts you back to work.

\$2.00 per bottle delivered. Book 7 M free.

ABSORBINE, J.R., the antiseptic liniment for medical use. Reduces Painful Swelling, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, and Inflammation. Price \$2.00 per bottle in dealers or delivered. Write for more if you wish. Liberal Trial Bottle for 10c in stamps.

W. F. YOUNG, P. O. Box 510, Lyman, N.B., Montreal, Can.

Quinine and Absorbine, J.R., are made in Canada.

ED. 7. ISSUE 51-15.

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CONTAINS NO ALUM

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E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.
WINNIPEG, MONTREAL

Quite a Feat.

There is in the employ of a Vermont man an Irishman who recently met with a domestic affliction. As soon as the employer was advised, he sought out the Celt and offered his condolences.

"I am sorry to hear, Daniel," said he, "that your good wife is dead."

"Sure, 'tis a sad day for me, sir," replied the Irishman. "The hand that rocked the cradle has kicked the bucket."

In Court.

"Do you know the nature of an oath, madame?"

"Well, I ought to, sir. We've just moved and my husband has been laying the carpets."

I was cured of Rheumatic Gout by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Andrew King, Halifax.

I was cured of Acute Bronchitis by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Lt.-Col. C. CREWE READ, Sussex.

I was cured of Acute Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT. Lakefield, Que., Oct. 9, 1907.

Complete Reformation.

"Muh wife mar'd me to refawn me, sah," stated Brother Hillsongdigger, "and I'm so plumb bodaciously refawned dat I wouldn't marry ag'in if I done lived to be as old as Methoozelum."

Married men are not so very bad off, they always have the last word but one.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

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Revillon Freres
134 MCGILL STREET, MONTREAL

are manufacturers and can pay you best prices for furs of all kinds. Send for our price list.

Will there be a Victrola in your home this Christmas?

Victrola IV \$21

With 15 ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records (30 selections, your choice) \$34.50.

Easy payments, if desired. Other Victrolas, \$38.50 to \$400

The real value of your gift is the happiness it will bring, not alone at Christmas, but in days to follow. A genuine Victrola will give the family hours of enjoyment that can come from no other source. The world's best music right at your fireside, the greatest living artists to sing and play for you, the most tuneful of popular melodies, delightful band and instrumental selections; all to brighten the home during the long winter months.

Write for our Musical Encyclopedia listing over 6000 Victor Records, including all standard and popular music on ten-inch, double-sided records as low as 90 cents for two selections.

Any of "His Master's Voice" dealers will let you hear them. If there is not one in your vicinity notify us and we will see that you are not disappointed on Christmas morning.

BERLINER GRAM-O-PHONE CO., Limited

601 Lenoir Street, Montreal

DEALERS IN EVERY TOWN AND CITY OFFER PRICES FROM COAST TO COAST VICTOR RECORDS—MADE IN CANADA—LOOK FOR "HIS MASTER'S VOICE"—TRADE MARK

New Agencies Considered Where We Are Not Properly Represented.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—A Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

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Spruce and Pine Flooring
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Hemlock and Pine Lumber
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We can save you money.

Lest you forget—we do Picture Framing

POTATOES

We have a carload of Choice Potatoes at Rock Bottom Price—grown on sandy land. They are going fast. If you want some of these, order early

W. COUSE, Streetsville

TORONTO TOWNSHIP COUNCIL

The regular meeting of the Toronto Township Council was held in the Council Chamber on Saturday the 4th inst.

All members present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. The following communications: From E. G. Graham, solicitor, Brantford, acting for Wm. Watkin, and David Tomlinson of Malton, regarding the cutting down of the roadway on Scarboro St. in the Village of Malton, which has caused great damage to their properties by the reduction of their value, and has also damaged the trees along the front of their property, the council are requested to rectify the said matter at once; from the Dept. of Lands, Forests and Mines re the completion of survey of the Kelley Road, the same having been performed in conformity with instructions and to the satisfaction of the Minister of said dept. and order all expenses incurred by the surveyor, Wilbert S. Gibson, namely, the sum of \$229.00, be paid to him.

The Council then went into a committee of the whole and passed the following accounts: W. H. Rutledge, services at div. court, 16 days, \$1.00, \$16.00; H. H. Shaver, services at div. court, 16 days, \$1.00, \$16.00; George McClelland, war tax stamps, \$5.90; W. H. Rutledge, services under voter's list act, \$46.46; C. H. Gill, services under voter's list act, \$89.60; The Contract Record, advertising Barberton bridge, \$4.50; Pedlar People, 3 culverts, \$44.80; the registrar of deeds County of Peel, registering by-law, \$4.05; pay roll No. 1, Weylie McCracken, Road Commissioner, \$78.23; pay roll No. 2, Gerald Irvine, Road Commissioner, \$144.75; pay roll No. 3, W. H. Johnston, Road Commissioner, \$151.30; pay roll No. 4, Robt May, Road Commissioner, \$332.5; Weylie McCracken, special for Barberton bridge, \$32.29; St. John's Hospital, to keep of Mrs. Adams, per order, \$124. McCaugherty-Pallett—Resolved that the clerk be and he is hereby instructed to make application to the Ontario, Railway and Municipal Board for the approval and validation of By-laws Nos. 449 and 451, re Hydro Electric Power debentures passed the 2nd day of October and the eighth day of November respectively in accordance with the provisions, section 295, R.S.O. Carried.

Pallett-Lammy—Resolved that the current premium of \$20 on Bond No. 264213 issued by the United States Fidelity and Guarantee Co. re the Township Treasurer, and that the Reeve issue his order for the payment of the same. Carried.

Pallett-Lammy—Resolved that Mr. E. Steen be paid the sum of \$18.00 being a two-third value of two sheep and two lambs killed by dog or dogs unknown, and that J. J. Thompson be paid the sum of \$16.50 for three sheep killed in the same way. Carried.

McCaugherty-Orr—Resolved that the treasurer place to the credit of the municipality the sum of \$10.25 for old plank sold to Mr. Wm. Steen from the Bonham bridge, on the base line; also the sum of \$1.00 received from Mr. Cook for old plank. Carried.

McCaugherty-Pallett—Resolved that the accounts presented by the Medina Shale Brick Co. for work done on the Red hill to the value of \$20.00, also two days' work done by Stephen Cook, the sum of \$4.00, and to Marchmont & Son \$80.00 for improving roadway at Meadowdale. Carried.

Orr-Pallett—Resolved that the treasurer receive and place to the credit of the municipality the sum of \$120.00 in full for pool and billiard license as per by-law. Carried.

Pallett-Orr—Resolved that whereas Mr. Wilkinson has complied with the provisions of by-law respecting sheep claims, that the reeve be and he is hereby authorized to pay said claim, amounting to sum of \$16.50, being two thirds value of 3 sheep killed by dog or dogs unknown to him. Carried.

Also that J. P. Dunn be paid the sum of \$16.50, he having 3 sheep killed by dog or dogs unknown to him, the same being two-thirds value as per by-law. Carried.

Pallett-Lammy—Resolved that the clerk be and he is hereby instructed to forward to the council of the Township of Etobicoke a statement of the amount of account for work done at Craig's Hill, to the extent of \$10.50. Carried.

Moved by Mr. McCaugherty and seconded by Mr. Pallett, for leave to introduce a bill to authorize a certain agreement between the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ont., and this Municipality, and that rule No. 11 be suspended in so far as it relates to the same; leave granted. Bill introduced and read a first time. Moved by Mr. McCaugherty, and seconded by Mr. Orr, that the bill as read a first time be laid on the table, and taken up again on Thursday, the 9th, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Carried.

On motion the council adjourned. Special Meeting
The council met pursuant to adjournment. Members all present. The reeve explained to the large gathering present the object of this special meeting, it being for the purpose of taking into consideration the Hydro Electric Railway By-law. A number of ratepayers took part in the discussion, namely, Mr. Kelly, Mr. E. H. Lush, Mr. W. A. Shook, Mr. W. A. Oughtred, Mr. C. J. Pallett, Mr. Hewelton from the Hydro Dept., and others, after which the council passed the following resolution:

Moved by Mr. Orr and seconded by Mr. Pallett, and resolved, whereas the Hydro Electric Power Commission of Ontario have requested the council to enter into an agreement to and with them for the construction, equipment and operation of an electric radial railway through the said Municipality. And whereas owing to the limited time at the disposal of the council for its proper advertisement. And whereas in the opinion of this council so important a question should receive further consideration and that the Township Solicitor's opinion

should be obtained and further recommended having the Hydro Electric Radial Railway By-law and the Hydro Electric Power Debenture By-law submitted to qualified ratepayers on or about the 1st day of February, A.D. 1916. Carried.

On motion the council adjourned to meet again on Wednesday the 16th at the hour of ten o'clock a.m.

Dr Sparrow's Diphtheria Cure

—FOR SALE AT—
The Review Office

This is the best known remedy for all kinds of sore throat and will prevent diphtheria. Use according to directions. Send for a bottle at once if you have a case. Price 50c.

Streetsville Public Library

Open Monday and Friday from 9 to 12 a. m. only.

Open all other days from 9 to 12, 8 to 5 and 7 to 9.

MOWER PARK LODGE No. 316 A. F. & A. M. G. R. C.

Meets in the Masonic Hall, Streetsville, each Tuesday on or before full moon.
W. C. HUBBELL, Secy.
L. MONTGOMERY, Secretary.

SPRINGFIELD COUNCIL No. 308, C.O.C.F.

Meets in the Hall, Erindale on the second and last Mondays of each month. Visiting brethren always welcome.
GEO BURKE, C.C.
C. H. PAGE, Rec.-Sec.

BRITANNIA L. O. L. No 983.

Meets in their Lodge Room Queen St. Streetsville, on Wednesday on or before the full moon every month, at 8 o'clock p. m. Visiting brethren will be heartily welcomed.
T. M. McCracken WM. G. BILDGEER R.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS Streetsville Lodge No. 122

Meets in their own Hall every Friday evening at eight o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
J. HALEY, Noble Grand
A. E. POPE, Rec.-Sec.

Court Streetsville No 1243 I. O. F.

MEETING NIGHTS—THIRD MONDAY in each month at 8 o'clock in the Review Society Hall, Queen street. Visiting brethren will always receive a cordial welcome.
O. R. CHUBB, Chief Scribe
C. H. PALCOMER, Secretary

G. W. GORDON

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Winter Term opens January 3rd.

C. P. R. Time Table

Corrected from latest Time Table
Oct 31, 1915

East Bound

Train No. Leave Streetsville Jct. Arrive Toronto

640 7.28 8.80
630 8.10 9.20
712 11.14 12.10
688 6.16 7.10
714 7.52 8.45
632 8.10 9.00

West Bound

Train No. Leave Toronto Arrive Streetsville Jct

629 7.00 7.55
711 7.30 8.30
681 8.30 9.20
713 4.45 5.45
687 5.10 6.00
639 6.40 7.30

North Bound

711 Leave Streetsville Jct 8.30 a.m.

713 " " " 8.40 p.m.

Streetsville—Lower Station

640 Leave Streetsville 7.31 a.m. East

689 " " " 6.55 p.m. West

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HARDWARE
Stoves and Tinware
—ALSO—
Washing Machines
and All Kinds of Builders' Hardware
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Sold at less than city prices.
Kindly give us a call when you need anything in above lines
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Stoves and Ranges
The Happy Thought is the best stove on the market
R. H. GREIG Streetsville
The Old Reliable Hardware

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FONTHILL NURSERIES
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Stone and Wellington
TORONTO, ONTARIO

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Estimates given on necessary equipment for water supply and material furnished.
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Opens January 3rd in all departments of Shaw's Business Schools, Toronto. Our Catalogue explains our superiority in Equipment, Staff, Methods and Results. You are invited to write for it if interested in the kind of school work which brings best success. Address W. H. Shaw, President, Young and Gerrard Sts., Toronto.

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Cleveland Bicycles
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Prices on Application
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The Streetsville Review.

AND PORT CREDIT HERALD

48th Year No. 51

STREETSVILLE, PEEB CO., ONTARIO, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1915

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Rev. H. V. Thompson \$2.00, Mrs. H. V. Thompson \$2.00, Noel Thompson \$1.00, Hugh Thompson \$1.00, Roger Thompson \$1.00, Ken Thompson \$1.00, Margaret Thompson \$1.00, S. J. Timbs \$2.00, Mrs. S. J. Timbs \$1.00, Mrs. Frank Taylor \$1.00, Wm. Taylor \$1.00, Duncan Turpie \$1.00, Miss Meta Turpie \$1.00, H. S. Tyndal \$1.00.

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Donation I. O. F. Court Lorraine \$5.00.

Total \$1068.50.

Hear Dr. Sharpe

St. Andrews Presbyterian Church should be packed to the doors on the occasion of the annual Sunday School entertainment New Years Eve, Dec. 31. Dr. W. D. Sharpe, of Brampton, who had charge of Red Cross Work in Serbia and escaped when the city was bombarded by the murderous Hun, will give a thrilling account of the war. It will be first hand information and of great interest. A returned officer from France, Lance Corporal Martin will also relate his experience at Langemarck. Be sure and hear them.

Brampton

The High School commencement at the Giffen Theatre last night was better than ever. A comedy playlet "The Freshman" featured the programme. The prizes and diplomas to successful pupils in the field day sports and examinations were presented by Dr. Roberts, chairman of the High School Board. The entertainment will be repeated Monday the proceeds to go towards a worthy cause.

Mrs. Wm. Nix died Thursday at the home of her daughter Mrs. H. Riddler, Queen St. Deceased was in her ninetieth year and the end was expected. She was well known and highly respected throughout Chinguacousy where she spent most of her life. A large family survive her, all residing in this locality.

The soldiers in training here have canvassed the factories but results were not up to expectations. The company has not yet reached the one hundred mark but expect a revival after the Christmas holidays when meetings will be held throughout the county.

Road Commissioner Weylie McCracken of the Township of Toronto appeared before Magistrate Crawford Saturday morning on a complaint lodged by W. J. Brett, a Meadowvale miller, for destroying a fence that has occasioned considerable trouble. The fence in question is on township property and the council ordered its removal. They appointed McCracken to attend to it and in removing the obstruction he destroyed the building value of the lumber reducing it to kindling. Magistrate Crawford decided in favor of the complainant and McCracken will have to pay \$15.00 damages to Brett and the costs of the court.

To raise \$48,000 by monthly collections of \$4000 is a New Years resolution of the Peel War Auxiliary for 1916. This was the enthusiastic outcome of a meeting held in the Court House Saturday afternoon. There was a good representation of delegates from the different branches of this organization throughout the county. Sir Herbert Ames delivered a patriotic address. The boys in khaki should be their first consideration and sacrifice would have to be made to relieve in a small way the suffering and distress. The delegates present unanimously decided to ally themselves with the Canadian Patriotic fund as the Peel Branch. A whirlwind campaign will commence in January.

Red Cross Notes

The committee of the Streetsville and Harris Corners Branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society desire to acknowledge with thanks \$7.50 for the British Red Cross Trafalgar Day Fund, per Mr. C. H. Falconer. This, together with the \$200 voted by the Branch has been forwarded to the Treasurer of Ontario, who has also received from Streetsville \$62.50 collection at Trinity Church and collections at the High and Public Schools for the British Red Cross. The committee have also to acknowledge with thanks the sum of \$28.01 per Mr. H. Couse, proceeds of a gathering held under the auspices of the St. Andrews Presbyterian church Adult Bible Class: 40 pairs of stockings per Mrs. H. H. Rich, President of the Willing Workers, of Trinity Church, and a quantity of bottled fruit and jam from various sources, per Rev. T. O. Curless. These latter are being forwarded to headquarters as the first contribution in kind from the local Branch. The committee is prepared to furnish funds for the purpose of providing wool or other material to the Women's Institute, Willing Workers or other organization prepared to undertake the making up of such articles as are asked for by headquarters. Application for funds for this purpose should be made to Mr. J. H. Walker, President and Mr. W. J. Graydon, Treasurer.

PIANOFORTE LESSONS

MISS J. LEES

Erindale

For particulars enquire at the above address or telephone Cooksville. 70-5

COOKSVILLE

A very sad and unexpected death took place here on Friday night last when Myrtle, the 18 year old daughter of Mr. Wm. McKay passed away. She had been sick and under medical care for about a week and at first it was not expected to result seriously but she succumbed from an attack of pernicious vomiting. Since her mother's death some time ago she has kept house for her father and fulfilled the duty satisfactorily and it will be to him a great loss in which he has much sympathy. The funeral took place to Burnhamthorpe on Sunday.

The last regular meeting of the Toronto Township Council was held here on Wednesday, Dec. 15th with all the members present and the final business of the year was closed up. It was decided to appoint Dr. Groves as Medical Health Officer which if accepted will be ratified by the new Council for next year. First Deputy Reeve D. H. McCaughy has announced his intention of standing for Reeve for 1916, Mr. Wm. Rutledge having retired; 2nd Deputy Reeve L. H. Pallett will be a candidate for 1st deputy, and Councillor E. A. Orr says he will be in the field for 2nd deputy; Councillor D. Lammy has not yet decided as to his position. We understand Mr. W. A. Russell has announced he will also be a candidate for 1st deputy reeve. Several other names have been mentioned as possible candidates for Council and doubtless nomination day on Thursday Dec. 23rd will see the field cleared for action and a battle royal occur and according to prevailing war spirit on Saturday, Jan. 1st, new Election Day.

The Rev. W. A. Rodwell of Weston a former pastor, acceptably filled the pulpit at both services of the Cooksville Methodist Church on Sunday last. The annual entertainment was held on Tuesday evening and was well attended the program being provided by the children assisted by others, all acquitting themselves to the satisfaction of the audience.

Upon his return here Thursday evening to take up his residence, after his wedding with his third wife formerly Miss Jane Tolman, Mr. Thomas Camplin, was given a chari vari by the boys of the village. It was not very demonstrative or lengthy as the demands of the crowd were quickly satisfied with the necessary funds and they quietly departed to enjoy it after having given three cheers for the happy wedded couple.

Weston

Subscriber writing from Weston, says "I notice you have an account of the whirlwind campaign inaugurated by the town of Weston in aid of the Red Cross. The notice needs a little correction. You have the correct figures but instead of two life members, we have thirty, all the other members of some families being made active or associate members as well. Weston has raised a little over \$7000 for Red Cross purposes from a population of 2400. \$8800 of that amount was for the British Red Cross. S. M.

Port Credit

The Methodist Sunday School held a tea in the basement of the church last Thursday when all the scholars teachers and parents gathered together and had a social evening. After tea a good program was rendered by the scholars and all went home well pleased with the night's entertainment.

On Tuesday afternoon in the Odd Fellows Hall prize day exercises were held when a good program of songs drills etc were given by the scholars. Prizes were presented to those passing the high school examination and to others for good attendance. The hall was crowded to the doors. This shows the need of a larger hall in the village.

The river is frozen over and good skating all the way up to the Golf Club which is taken advantage of by young people. Crowds are seen afternoon and evening skating on the ice.

Work on the highway is almost at a standstill owing to frost as no concrete work can be done.

Mrs. Geo. Caven who has been ill for some time is somewhat improved.

Mr. Geo. Caven is also on the sick list but we hope both will have a speedy recovery.

Jimmie Farrell Built a House in France

Mrs. James Farrell received the following letter from her son now in France:

Dear Mother—I really have got myself to sit down and write a letter. It may go like the others, though. I wrote to Victor and you before and carried them around in my pocket for a couple of days and then tore them up. I have so many letters to answer and I hate writing letters so much I don't know what to do. Just a few days ago I got a letter from Myrtle Evans. She saw my photo in the papers and she wrote. She said that Freds and mine were in together, so I want you to send one. I think they were in the Evening Telegram of Nov. 4th, so don't forget. I am still with the 2nd Div. Supply Column and we are quite a long way from the firing line. Don't be sore if I don't write often but I will try and drop a card once a week anyway. I got a letter from Harry the beer man. He asked me to answer his letter through The Review. He is at Valcartier and will be over to England soon. He told me to write and tell you that he had enlisted and wants it put in The Streetsville Review. He will write to me again when he sees it in the paper. I got three letters from you in two days. I and another boy built a little house to live in. The second night I slept in it the wind blew the roof off and it was raining. All the rain came in and I moved out. I have a good place now. I must send something to Mary for Xmas. The people here make a lot of lace and silk and I think I will get a nice centre piece for Mary. Kate wrote to me and I suppose I will have to send a silk hood to Betty. I am living in a place about as big as Guelph. I have plenty of money now, but if you ever send any next year, don't send more than \$5 at a time. Tell father I am going to fool him as I am going back to Canada after the war.

A Big Sale

One of the largest sales ever held in the county was the sale of the late Joseph Featherston estate last Thursday. Messrs. Shook and Russell were the auctioneers and Messrs. Switzer and Clarke book keepers. The sale began at one o'clock when the farm was offered for sale but it was not then sold. The stock, chattels etc. were then disposed of and it was well on into the evening before the hammer was brought down on the last article. Bidding was brisk and keen, especially on the pigs and cattle. Mr. Featherston is known all over Ontario for the good stock he keeps. There was a large crowd of buyers and others who came out of curiosity.

81st Anniversary

The 81st anniversary of St. Andrews Presbyterian Sabbath School, Streetsville, will be held Dec. 26 and 27. Special services will be conducted on Sunday, Dec. 26, by Rev. N. A. McEachren B. A. of Brampton at 11 a. m. and by Rev. G. C. Pidgeon D. D. of Toronto at 7 p. m.

A first class entertainment will be given in the church on Friday evening Dec. 31st by the following talent: Mrs. Frank Reid, soloist; Miss Newton, Elocutionist, Toronto; addresses by Dr. W. D. Sharpe, who has just returned from Serbia, where he was in charge of the Red Cross Work, and a returned officer from France, Lance Corporal B. H. Martin, who was wounded and gassed in the battle of Langemarck; Choruses duets, recitations and a drill by members of the School; Tea served from 8 to 8. Admission 25c & 15c.



BORN—On Ninth Line Trafalgar on Tuesday, Dec. 21, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Sanford, a daughter.



STEPHENS—In Streetsville Thursday, Dec. 16, 1915, William Stephens aged 71 years.

MORGAN—In Streetsville Saturday Dec. 18, 1915, Lillian, eldest daughter of Mrs. M. V. Morgan.

HARDY—At Erindale, Friday Dec. 17, 1915, Clarence Wilkinson Hardy, son of John Hardy, in his 17th year.

McKAY—At Cooksville, Friday 17th Dec. 1915, Myrtle McKay, daughter of Wm. McKay aged 18 years.



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Methodist Anniversary

The weather was not favourable for the annual entertainment of Streetsville Methodist Sunday School last Friday evening but there was a very good attendance. There was a good program, of vocal and instrumental music recitations, dialogues, Choruses and a Christmas Cantata, entitled "Santa's Gold Mine." Each one of the participants performed remarkably well and deserve great credit. Miss Mable Hicks assisted the ladies of the school in the training of the scholars and Mr. Munro trained the ladies for the flag drill which was a pleasing feature of the evening. The dialogue by a number of young men members of Miss Nellie Hicks' Class, was very amusing. The singing by the quartette was also much enjoyed. Irwin Thomas acted the part of Santa Claus remarkably well in the Cantata entitled Santa's Gold Mine. There were many others worthy of special mention but as space is scarce we cannot give a lengthy report. Rev. G. R. Kitching occupied the chair. At the close the scholars were presented with candies and oranges.

Erindale

On Friday Night last Dec. 17th a gloom was thrown over this neighbourhood when it became known that Master Clarence Hardy, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Hardy of this place, had passed to the great beyond. Clarence was a bright, goodnatured kindhearted boy, just turning 17 years of age, and his actions were more like that of a man, than that of a boy, he was the bright of the home, and the hope of the father and mother, and will be sadly missed both in the home and in the neighbourhood.

The funeral, which was very largely attended, took place on Monday afternoon Dec. 20th. The floral tributes were very large and beautiful.

The Rev. Mr. Humphrey of Cooksville performed the funeral services at the home, and the Rev. Thompson also performed the funeral services in the English Church, and spoke very beautifully of the many youth who had gone before us.

Mr. and Mrs. Hardy have the sympathy of the entire neighbourhood in their sad bereavement.

GERMAN PLOT TO BLOW UP WELLAND CANAL FOILED

Flaps and Drawings of the Canal Found in Possession of Men Arrested in New York

A despatch from New York says: A plot to blow up the Welland Canal is charged in connection with the arrests of three prominent Germans in New York. The arrests are said to be the prelude to a series of startling exposures of German propaganda in this country, which may link together a number of events that have occurred in the United States.

The first man arrested was Paul Koenig, head of the Bureau of Investigation of the Hamburg-American Line, and believed to be the head of the German secret service in this country. Koenig is a well-to-do man, and has been conspicuous in German circles. He took out his first papers in connection with his plan to become an American citizen ten years ago, but never applied for his second.

The second man is Richard Emil Leyendecker, retailer of art goods at 347 Fifth Avenue, and living at 640 Morris Avenue, the Bronx. He is a naturalized American citizen, and these arrests make the first instance where the so-called "hyphenated Americans" have been arrested in connection with the German propaganda.

The third person arrested was Fred Metzler, alias F. R. Reimer, who was arrested in Jersey City. These men are charged under section No. 13 of the Federal Criminal Statutes with planning a military enterprise or undertaking of hazard against a country friendly with the United States. The penalty on conviction is three years in prison or \$5,000 fine, or both.

The precise details of the alleged plot are withheld by the Federal authorities, but it is understood that Koenig and Leyendecker had employed spies, who went out from Buffalo and Niagara Falls to photograph the canal, prepare plans and make arrangements for blowing up the waterway at its most important point, and that nitro-glycerine was to have been used as the explosive.

Koenig and Leyendecker were in Buffalo about four days, according to the authorities, and returned to New York with the execution of the alleged plot left in the hands of their agents. As far as its known by the Department of Justice, it was said, they still contemplated the carrying out of the plot when the arrests took place when the opportunity offered.

With the arrest the special agents of the Department of Justice, under Wm. F. Offley and Jos. A. Baker, and the detectives, under Captain Tunney, of the bomb squad, raided the offices, they packed up a great mass of material concerning the movements of German secret agents. Secret codes, which were changed every week to elude any person who might have been shadowing them or listening over the telephones, also were found.

These codes showed that when Koenig or any other of his men telephoned to another "to meet me at south ferry," that meant Pabsts, 125th Street, or some other place. In addition to these codes there were found many other documents of great importance, including maps and drawings of the Welland Canal.

LORD KITCHENER TO MARRY WIDOW

His Engagement to Dowager Countess of Minto Will Be Announced Shortly.

A despatch from London says: It is claimed on excellent authority that the engagement of Earl Kitchener of Khartoum to the Dowager Countess of Minto will be announced shortly.

The Countess has been a widow for almost two years, her husband, the late Earl of Minto, having died on February 28, 1914. He was Viceroy of India in succession to Lord Curzon of Kedleston, who resigned the Viceroyalty because the Home Government supported Lord Kitchener, then Commander-in-Chief of the Indian army, in his dispute with Lord Curzon over the reorganization of the army. Earl Minto went to India from Canada, where he was Governor-General for six years.

The Countess of Minto is the daughter of the late Gen. Chas. Grey, and a first cousin to the present Earl Grey.

KOOLBERGEN WILLING TO EXPOSE TEUTONS

A despatch from Lethbridge, Alta., says: With regard to the existence of gigantic German plots to destroy American commerce and also to blow up all bridges on the C.P.R. system in Canada which were hatched in San Francisco, admission that he accepted the commission from Baron von Brincken to carry out the Canadian end of the plots (but acted the role

of a double traitor and gave information to the Canadian Pacific), is made by Johannes von Koolbergen, alias von Montford, who now lies in the provincial jail here, serving a sentence of one year on a charge of forgery from Calgary.

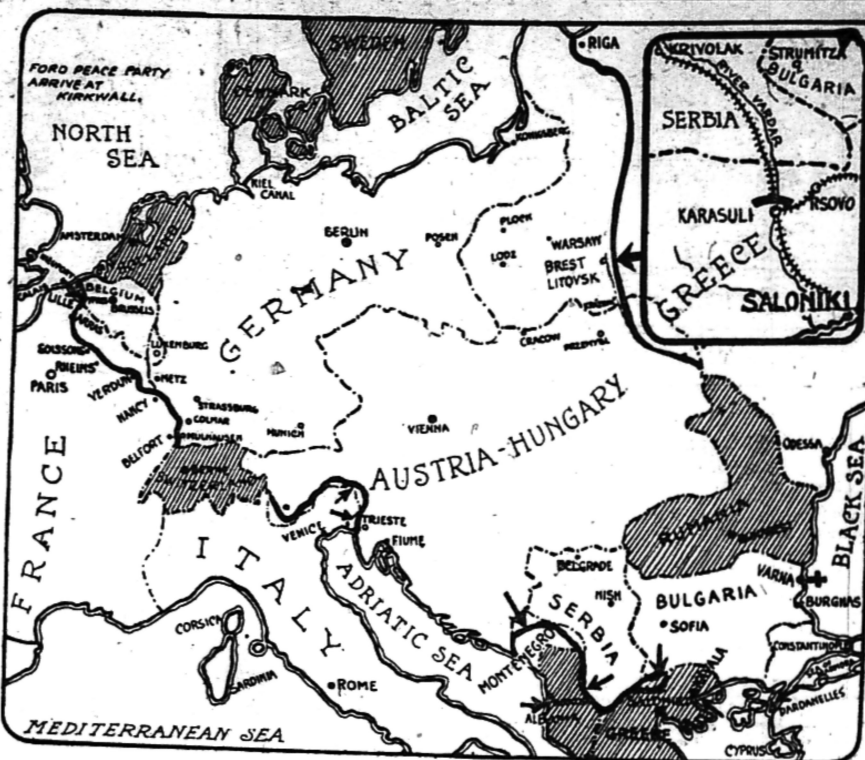
Von Koolbergen is the man who is wanted by the United States officials at San Francisco as the star witness in the prosecution of Baron von Brincken and Crowley, charged with the conspiracy to destroy American commerce with the allies, to blow up munition plants and burn flour mills. Von Koolbergen does not know whether he will be taken to San Francisco to give his evidence, but says he is perfectly ready and willing to give his evidence if he is taken there.

KING OF SERBIA TO LIVE IN ITALY.

A despatch from Paris says: It is reported from Rome that King Peter of Serbia, driven from his country by the Teutonic invasion, will take refuge in Italy. A Rome despatch to the Matin says the King has accepted Italy's offer of the palace at Caserta, near Naples, which is now being prepared for his use.

ROUMANIA IS FRIENDLY WITH THE ALLIES.

A despatch from London says: In a written reply to a Parliamentary question, Lord Robert Cecil, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, states that the relations between Roumania and the Entente allies are perfectly friendly, but that he is not in a position to reveal the military plans of Russia.



The Week's Developments in the War.
British and French troops, landed at Saloniki and sent to the aid of the Serbian army, have withdrawn because numerically superior forces and now occupy a strong position on both sides of the river Vardar, at a short distance north of Saloniki.

It is expected that, if the Bulgarian army or Austrian and German forces cross on to Greek territory, the Allies will defend this position until the defensive works at Saloniki are completed.

The Entente Allies are said to have some two hundred thousand men now in the Balkans and their retirement from Serbia was made without serious losses.

On the western front heavy artillery duels have been in progress and an early resumption of the offensive on the part of the German forces in this theatre is anticipated.

On the eastern front German forces have been weakened and the German line has been withdrawn a considerable distance toward the strong fortress of Brest-Litovsk.

The Italian troops are still hammering away at Gorizia and minor advances are reported.

There has been some naval activity in the Black Sea, off the Bulgarian port of Varna, in which the enemy suffered minor losses.

Outside of the situation in the Balkans and a new Austrian movement against Montenegro, the week has not been productive of important developments. Many factors, however, indicate that big battles are impending on several of the fronts.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Dec. 21.—Manitoba wheat—New crop, No. 1 Northern, \$1.22½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.19½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.17, all rail.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 47c; No. 3 C.W., 44½c; extra No. 1 feed, 44½c; No. 1 feed, 43½c, all rail.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, new, 77½c, track Toronto.

Canadian corn—No. 2 yellow, old, 75c, nominal, Toronto.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 37 to 38c; commercial oats, 35 to 37c, according to freight outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2, Winter, per car lot, 98c to \$1; wheat, slightly sprouted and tough, 96 to 98c, according to sample; wheat, sprouted, smutty and tough, 80 to 90c, according to sample.

Peas—No. 2 nominal, per car lots, \$1.90; sample peas, \$1.50 to \$1.75, according to sample.

Barley—Malting barley, 57 to 60c; feed barley, 50 to 53c, according to freight outside.

Buckwheat—Nominal, car lots, 76 to 77c, according to freight outside.

Rye—No. 1 commercial, 86 to 87c; rye, rejected, 70 to 80c, according to sample.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, \$6.40; second patents, in jute bags, \$5.90; strong bakers', in jute bags, \$5.70, Toronto.

Ontario flour—New Winter, \$4.20 to \$4.50, according to sample, seaboard, or Toronto freights in bags, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal—Bran, per ton, \$23; shorts, per ton, \$24; middlings, per ton, \$26; good feed flour, per bag, \$1.65.

Country Produce.
Butter—Fresh dairy, 28 to 30c; inferior, 23 to 24c; creamery prints, 33 to 34c; solids, 31½ to 32c.

Eggs—Storage, 30 to 32c per dozen; selects, 35 to 36c; new-laid, 43 to 45c, case lots.

Beans—\$3.50 to \$3.75.

Poultry—Chickens, 13 to 15c; fowls, 11 to 12c; ducks, 15 to 16c; geese, 14 to 15c; turkeys, 20 to 22c.

Cheese—Large, 17½c; twins, 18c. Honey—Prices, in tins, lbs., 10 to 11c; combs, No. 1, \$2.40; No. 2, \$2.30.

Potatoes—Car lots of Ontario quoted at \$1.25 to \$1.30, and New Brunswick, at \$1.40 per bag, on track.

Provisions.
Bacon—Long clear, 15½ to 16c per lb. in case lots. Hams—Medium, 17½ to 18c; do., heavy, 14½ to 15c; rolls, 16 to 16½c; breakfast bacon, 21 to 23c; backs, plain, 24 to 25c; boneless backs, 26 to 27c.

Lard—Pure lard, 13½ to 14½c; compound, 12 to 12½c.

Business in Montreal.
Montreal, Dec. 21.—Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 78 to 79c. Oats—Extra No. 1 feed, 47c; No. 2 local white, 45½c; No. 3 local white, 44½c; No. 4 local white, 43½c. Barley—Malting, 57c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$6.50; seconds, \$6; strong bakers', \$5.80; Winter patents, choice, \$6.20; straight rollers, \$5.80 to \$6.00; do., bags, \$2.60 to \$2.70. Rolled oats—Bbls., \$5.20 to \$5.25; do., bags, 90 lbs., \$2.45 to \$2.50. Bran, \$23. Shorts, \$23. Middlings, \$25 to \$30. Mouillie, \$30 to \$32. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$19 to \$19.50. Cheese—Finest West-erns, 17½ to 18c; finest Easterns, 17½ to 17¾c. Butter—Choice creamery, 38½ to 39c; seconds, 37½ to 38c. Eggs—Fresh, 48 to 52c; selected, 33c; No. 1 stock, 30c; No. 2 stock, 28c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, \$1.30 to

REPLY OF GREECE TO THE TEUTONS

Central Powers Protest Against Erection of Fortifications at Salonica.

A despatch from London says: Athens despatches say that the work of fortifying Salonica against the expected Teutonic attack continues night and day with feverish haste. Transports are arriving daily with ammunition, food and additional troops. The allies are now credited with having an army of 200,000 at Salonica, and along the Vardar south of the Serbian frontier.

The railway from Guevghele, just inside the Serbian border, south through the Vardar valley to Salonica is being destroyed by French troops. This will be the route of the principal attack toward Salonica. The allies have moved heavy artillery forward from Salonica and stationed it on the heights near Sariguel and Kilkie.

Greece has issued a formal reply to Austro-German representations protesting against the erection by the allies of fortifications around Salonica. The Greek Government replied to the protesting Teuton diplomats that Greece was powerless to prevent the fortifications as they are "indispensable to the safety of the Anglo-French expeditionary force." The safety of the Anglo-French troops, the Greek reply is quoted as pointing out, has been formally guaranteed by Greece. The reply also emphasizes that Greece is still Serbia's ally.

This reply intensifies the crisis, in that it increases the danger of German invasion of Greece with the object of driving out the allies. It is not the presence of the allied troops, but their fortifying Salonica that forms the chief point at issue in the German representations at Athens.

A Soldier's Experience.

Few men of Kitchener's Army can boast as many souvenirs of the war as can Private P. E. Macintyre, Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry, who, writing to his sister in Glasgow from Southsea Hospital, tells her that "I have a German bullet that passed through my coat, jacket and pants, but never touched my skin. Then I have six pieces of the shoulder button of my tunic that were taken out of a hole in my shoulder. There is still a part of the button in yet, also a piece of shrapnel, and several pieces of tunic and shirt. I expect to be going through an operation soon, to get some metal out of my back."

The Season's Needs.

"Now you must have a couple of trunk handles on this ball gown." "Trunk handles? What on earth do you mean?" "You expect to dance the new dances, do you not?" "Of course." "Well, how do you expect your partner to swing you around his head?"

Those Pessimists Again.

Friday night my little boy asked his grandpa the difference between a pessimist and an optimist. "An optimist thinks the times are ripe—the pessimist thinks they are rotten," said the gent.

BRITAIN AND FRANCE CLOSER POLITICALLY.

A despatch from London says: A project for the formation of a committee of the House of Lords and Commons to cultivate closer relations with the Foreign Affairs Committee of the French Senate and the French Chamber has been successfully launched. An executive committee, with Viscount Bryce as chairman, has been organized to carry out this plan. It is expected that, although the work of the committee will be entirely unofficial, valuable results will be obtained.

GERMAN EMISSARIES BOMB ITALIAN SHIPS.

A despatch from Milan says: The Secolo asserts the British Government has warned Italy that German emissaries have left United States ports with the purpose of committing acts of violence in Italy, particularly against merchant shipping. In this connection the Secolo calls attention to recent fires on a steamship at Naples and on the docks at Genoa.

AUSTRIAN CONSULS PREPARE TO LEAVE THE UNITED STATES

Little Doubt Remains That Diplomatic Relations Will Be Broken Off Between the Two Countries

A despatch from Washington says: A cipher telegram has been sent by Baron Zwiadinek, the Acting Austrian Ambassador at Washington, to every Austro-Hungarian Consular office in the United States. This telegram instructs the Consuls to make every thing ready for their immediate departure and to consult at once with the Bulgarian or Turkish official in their city, so as to acquaint him with the routine of each office in order that such officials may take immediate possession and carry on the work on behalf of the Austrian Government when the expected break with the United States comes.

There is little doubt here that Austria's answer to the second United States note will be unsatisfactory and that diplomatic relations between the two countries will be severed.

SUPER-ZEPPELIN DESTROYED, SUBMARINE SENT TO BOTTOM

All of the Forty Members of the Crew of the Dirigible Were Either Killed or Wounded

A despatch from Copenhagen says: The reports of the destruction of the super-Zeppelin L-22 was received from Schleswig by a Copenhagen newspaper. Nearly all the 40 members of the crew were killed or wounded. The loss of the Zeppelin was due to the accidental explosion of a bomb as the airship was leaving its shed. The explosion demolished the shed. The Zeppelin had been in service only a few weeks. It is described as a sister ship of the Z-18, recently reported destroyed by an explosion at Tondern. It was of the latest type, with invisible gondolas, platforms at the top of the envelope, and detach-

able rafts for use in case of accident while crossing the sea.

A despatch from Paris says: The Milan Secolo's correspondent at Athens announces that a German submarine has been sunk in the Black Sea near the Bulgarian port of Varna, and a Turkish torpedo boat has been destroyed by the British in the Sea of Marmora.

A despatch from London says: Capt. Smith, of the Royal Flying Corps, was burned to death while flying an aeroplane at Farnborough. While in the air the aeroplane suddenly burst into flames. The pilot tried to reach the ground, but succumbed just before landing.

TWO GERMAN WARSHIPS SUNK BY SUBMARINE IN THE BALTIC

A despatch from Amsterdam says: It has been officially announced in Berlin the German cruiser Bremen and a torpedo boat accompanying her have been sunk by a submarine in the Eastern Baltic Sea. The announcement stated that a considerable portion of the crews of both vessels were saved.

The torpedoing of the German cruiser Bremen occurred on the night of December 17 close to Libau, while she was returning with her lights out from a tour of inspection in the Gulf of Finland. Many bodies and wreck-

ALL OVERSEAS DIVISIONS ARE TO BE PURELY CANADIAN

No More Units to be Supplied From Imperial Forces—Cause of Falling Off in Urban Recruiting

A despatch from Ottawa says: If a fourth Canadian division is placed in the field by Canada, as is not unlikely it will be purely Canadian. The same may be said of the third division, which is now being organized to take its place on the firing line beside the Canadian army corps already there, and consisting of the first and second divisions. It has been the practice in the past,

of course, to have Canadian units comprise the Dominion's army in the field, but some of the smaller units have been supplied from the Imperial forces. On the other hand, the Princess Patricia Regiment, raised in Canada, was for a time brigaded with a British division. Now all branches of the Canadian divisions, no matter how many in number, will be altogether Canadian.

THEY ARE STURDY AND GOOD-NATURED

BRITISH ARMY NOT MADE UP
OF RAGAMUFFINS.

A Correspondent of German News-
paper Describes a Visit to Bri-
tish Prisoners.

Describing a visit to British pri-
soners recently captured by the Ger-
mans, Bernhard Kellermann the spe-
cial correspondent in Flanders of the
"Berliner Tageblatt," says:

Western Front, October.
They had been captured in the Bri-
tish attack in Givenchy and Loos.
The courtyard was full of them. The
winding leggings (puttees) are un-
bound, rubbed between the hands,
washed, and hung up to dry. With
pocket-knives the crusty mud is
scraped off the uniforms. One lusty
fellow stands in his shirt, beating his
clothes with a stick. No one would
credit the amount of clay dust that
can stick to a pair of breeches. And
these men have sat in the mud of the
trenches for weeks.

A couple of lanky Highlanders, in
their short Scottish skirts (sic) are
standing at the water tap washing
their bare legs. They had fought
splendidly, the Scots, firing volleys
from the erect position, and charging
like demons. But it had availed them
nothing. Only a few of them are
here; the rest—we can see it in the
eyes of these survivors—lie stark
outside. All are busy at their clean-
ing, without laughter, with scarce a
spoken word—with the seriousness of
men who have nothing left to think
about. One sees that they are habitu-
ated to cleanliness; that slovenli-
ness and dirt are hateful to them;
that they get great store by their
personal appearance. Yesterday—taken
in the battle—these English soldiers
looked a dirty, ragged lot. To-day
has been cleaning-up day, water and
the razor have changed their appear-
ance. To-morrow they march off into
captivity—their part of the contract
finished. Often have I seen French
prisoners, three days after their cap-
ture, still in their rags and filth, sunk-
en in misery, careless of their ap-
pearance. Their contract is never com-
pleted.

Sturdy and Good-Natured.
Amongst these English faces one
sees a fair number of the criminal
and the working-class wastrel type;
the off-scourings of Whitechapel and
other city slums. But the great ma-
jority look as soldiers should look—
simple, sturdy, good-natured. They
show the characteristic marks of their
race—leanness, narrow faces, the
short-clipped moustache, and bad
teeth. There are many middle-aged
men amongst them, and many baby-
faced boys of 19 or under. But they
are good soldiers, all, without doubt,
brave and tough, though whether they
would be as useful in the open as in
trench warfare is questionable. It
was a great mistake to suppose that
the Kitchener army was composed of
ragamuffins and rascals.

At first they are reserved and mis-
trusting. But—like all war prisoners—
they become communicative when
they find anyone to take an interest
in their fate. Yes, they had enlisted
because they had not a penny in the
pocket, some in defence of their coun-
try. They are honest fellows, too.
Asked whether he was glad to be
taken prisoner, or would prefer to
continue fighting, one clear cold-eyed
sergeant replied: "Of course I would
rather go on fighting, and so, I think,
would most of us." From several
other under-officers (non-coms.) I got
the answer. But many of the soldiers,
after a little fencing with the ques-
tion, admitted they were not sorry it
was all over. Only one—an artist,
who spoke fairly good German—had
any idea where they had been fight-
ing, or whence they had advanced.
With the rest it was just "the
trenches," of the configuration of the
English lines they had no conception.
But my artist had got the picture in
his mind's eye; some day he would
paint it.

The majority of them did not be-
lieve that compulsory military ser-
vice would be adopted by England,
and one of the non-coms. who would
gladly have returned to the thick of
the fight, expressed himself as op-
posed to the system. "What is the
merit in fighting," he argued, "if you
are forced into it?" Strange, this
English point of view! And the
chance of the war? Most of them
firmly believe that Germany must ex-
haust herself; Kitchener could get as
many soldiers as he wanted.

A Loud Song.
In a neighboring building the En-
glish officers are temporarily quar-
tered. How long the war might last
was a matter of indifference to them. One
year, two years, three years, if needs
be; England had money enough, men
enough. The longer it lasted the bet-
ter England's chances. If we have
not broken through this time we shall
do it next time; if not this year, next
year." As officers they could not well
have spoken differently. Whether they
believed we should not allow them the
time for this was a question which
they left unanswered.

Now the English soldiers are mus-
tered for transportation. They tell in
with alacrity, their faces beaming
with joy at the prospect of a change.
Along their ranks a buzzing half-tone
air is heard; presently it swells into
a loud song: "It's a long, long way
to Tipperary"—and they are off.
With quick, elastic step and swinging
arms they march—most of them nod-
ding to me as they pass—more like
athletes than like soldiers. Very
speedily they have accommodated
themselves to their new conditions.
If they walk into battle with the same
swing as into captivity they are to
be respected.



General Alexejeff, New Chief-of-Staff of Russian Armies

a loud song: "It's a long, long way
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With quick, elastic step and swinging
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If they walk into battle with the same
swing as into captivity they are to
be respected.

How You May Throw Away Your Glasses

The statement is made that thousands
wear eyeglasses who do not really need
them. If you are one of these unfortun-
ates, then these glasses may be ruining
your eyes instead of helping them. Thou-
sands who wear these "windows" may
prove for themselves that they can dis-
pense with glasses if they will get the
following prescription filled at once: Go
to any active drug store and get a bottle
of Bon-Opto tablets; fill a two-ounce bot-
tle with warm water and drop in one Bon-
Opto tablet. With this harmless liquid
solution bathe the eyes two to four times
daily, and you are likely to be astonished
at the results right from the start. Many
who have been told that they have astig-
mation, eye-strain, cataract, sore eyelids,
weak eyes, conjunctivitis and other eye
disorders, report wonderful benefits from
the use of this prescription. Get this pre-
scription filled and use it; you may so
strengthen your eyes that glasses will not
be necessary. Thousands who are blind,
or nearly so, or who wear glasses might
never have if they had used this prescrip-
tion for their eyes in time. Save your eyes
before it is too late! Do not become one of
these victims of neglect. Eyeglasses are
only like crutches, and every few years
they must be changed to fit the ever-in-
creasing weakened condition, so better see
if you can, like many others, get clear,
healthy, strong magnetic eyes through the
prescription here given. The Valmar Drug
Co. of Toronto will fill the above prescrip-
tion by mail, if your druggist cannot.

THE MONGOOSE.

Wee Animal Delights in Fighting
Huge Snakes.

Perhaps the greatest tracker in the
animal world is the mongoose or ich-
neumon, the latter name being de-
rived from the Greek and meaning
"tracker out."

While he moves and acts like a
weasel, the parallel goes no further,
however, for he seems to have a
strong strain of the hyena and he is
wild, brave and fierce.

He is found largely in Africa and
India, especially in the latter country.
There he has achieved fame for his
daring in attacking and killing snakes.
The cobra and many other deadly ser-
pents may make human life wearis-
ome in India, but the mongoose is the
master of the snake tribe.

A battle between the two is fair,
for each desires to eat the other. The
snake seeks to bite with his fangs,
poison and eat his victim at leisure.
The mongoose has only his teeth as a
weapon, but he is blessed with a
greater alertness and speed than the
snake.

When the snake seeks to dart out
his head and "strike" with his fangs
the little mongoose deftly leaps
aside, and then, almost in the same
movement, launches himself upon the
reptile and if his aim is good, as it
usually is, he crushes the snake's skull
in his jaws. It is said that the fear-
lessness of the mongoose is one of his
best weapons.

The mongoose and the dormouse
are two of the things the venom of
the cobra cannot easily kill. The mon-
goose even after being bitten will eat
the serpent's head, poison glands and
all.

The mongoose is right where he is;
he may be misplaced. That is what
we found in Jamaica. Great rats,
monsters which might have broken
away from the Pied Piper's charm,
were eating up all the sugar cane,
ruining the planters, imperilling the
fortunes of the islands. After other
experiments had been tried, mon-
gooses were introduced. There fol-
lowed a terrible time for the rats. In
three years not a rat was left in the
island. But what was the mongoose
to do then? With his feed supply
gone, he must fend for himself, and
he gobbled up all the poultry in the
island, all the useful animals, all the

young of the insect-eating birds. The
result was that insects multiplied so
enormously that the last condition
was worse than the first, and he is no
more in Jamaica.

He and the Jamaicans are not now
on speaking terms, and he is not to
be invited to any more islands where
he may eat up enemies and then prey
on friends because he can find nothing
else to eat.

But in India the mongoose is pre-
cious almost beyond price. There
poisonous snakes kill every year over
20,000 of our fellow men.

18TH CENTURY SEERS ON WAR.

Union Against "Apostate Empire"
Foretold.

The following prophecies about the
war are taken from a book printed at
Turin in 1858 entitled "A Collection
of Some Remarkable Prophecies and
Vaticinations."

A Swiss hermit who died at St.
Gall in 1760 predicted that there
would be "famine, hunger, devastations
and considerable mortality
throughout Europe in 1915."

An anonymous French monk wrote
toward the end of the eighteenth cen-
tury that "in 1915 the Turks, Heretics,
Schismatics, Catholics, and Idolaters
of foreign nations will go against
each other with anger and fury," add-
ing:

"The first spark of the great war
will start from the North. The war
will last about two years and the
armies of the enemies will not invade
the apostate empire, but they will
surround and wait until the rebels re-
turn to their duty. They (the rebels),
however, will not make any act of
submission or of repentance, but con-
tinue their excesses, so that all the
Powers of Europe will be allied
against them."

This prediction ends with a descrip-
tion of Te Deums and thanksgiving
services in all churches and temples
"for the victory of the Allies."

A prophecy made by a Flemish
monk in 1772 alludes to two wars
against Austria with Russia's partici-
pation and continues as follows:

"The Turks who will take part in
the struggle will not cross their
frontiers, but the foreigners will in-
vade France."

A Capuchin friar of Genazzano,
writing in the eighteenth century,
predicted the war in Italy in the fol-
lowing terms:

"Serious disagreements will arise
between the Allied Powers and the two
Emperors will be compelled to fight
against their ally."

Finally another prophecy by Dr.
Cumming, a Protestant minister, runs
as follows:

"Russia, driven away from her frozen
trenches, will again return, crush-
ing every resistance and she will even
reach Palestine. England will de-
fend to the very end God, the Bible,
freedom and life until the Pope will
crown with his own hands a personage
and declare him Emperor of the Ro-
mans and there shall be then peace
throughout the world."

Don't think because a man wears a
large hat that he is the head of the
house.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURED BY THE
DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
23 THE PR



SEND FOR OUR PRICE LIST OF Beautiful Musk Ox ROBES

Less Than Half Usual Prices

Most Suitable for Autos and
Trains.
An unusually fortunate
purchase enables us to offer
MUSK OX ROBES at prices
less than half usual cost. One
of these Robes for sleigh or
cutter would make an ideal
Christmas Gift. They are a
rich brown-black with beau-
tiful lustre and perfectly tan-
ned. They are unsurpassed
for warmth, wear and appear-
ance.
Makes a Luxurious Floor Rug
for the Home.
Write to-day for price list
from the largest dealers in
Canada.

LAMONTAGNE, LIMITED
P. O. Box 1410.
338 Notre Dame St. West,
MONTREAL.
Manufacturers of Quality
Harness, Trunks, Bags, Etc.
Established 1869.

NEW HOTEL TRAYMORE
THE LARGEST FIREPROOF RESORT
HOTEL IN THE WORLD
The Spirit of America at play!
Magnitude and Cheerfulness.
AMERICAN PLAN
EUROPEAN PLAN
D. S. White, Pres. J. W. Mott, Mgr.

NIAGARA White
Wyandottes
"None Better."
Winners at biggest shows. Good
cockerels \$2, \$3, \$5 each. Catalog free.
MARSHALL & MARSHALL
Box 11, Niagara Falls, Canada.

GOATS IN ENGLAND POPULAR.

Club Founded to Encourage Raising
of the Animals.

This is the time, when milk is dear
and supplies for the household are
limited, that the picturesque and use-
ful goat takes a higher position in
the economic scale in England.

Goat keeping by the small holder
has increased considerably since the
war, and suburban residents, too, have
found the ownership of a goat or two
less troublesome and more profitable
than pigeons, rabbits or even poultry.

In the view, however, of the Rev.
A. C. Atkins, founder of the new Na-
tional Utility Goat Club, the keeping
of goats for utility purposes should
be more largely extended, and with
this aim he is taking a census of all
the goats in the country.

MURINE Granulated Eye Lids,
Eyes inflamed by exposure
to Cold Winds and Dust
are quickly relieved by Murine
Eye Remedy. No Smart-
ing, Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggists
50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c.
For Book of the Eye Free write
Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago

Willing To Drop It.
A prisoner was in the dock on a
serious charge of stealing, and the
case having been presented to the
Court by the prosecuting barrister he
was ordered to stand up. "Have you
a lawyer?" asked the judge. "No,
sir." "Are you able to employ one?"
No, sir. "Do you want a lawyer to
defend your case?" "Not particular,
sir." "Well, what do you propose to
do about the case?" "We'll-ll," with
a yawn, as if wearied of the thing.
"I'm willing to drop the case so far as
I'm concerned."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Dog Is Quiet Now.

Jones is a meek little man till he's
roused; then nothing stops him. The
other night Mrs. Jones and he couldn't
sleep a wink all night because of the
noise their neighbor's dog made.

So Jones declared at breakfast that
he'd tackle the owner of the dog on
the way to business, and "get this
thing settled."

"Well, Joseph," asked Mrs. Jones
that evening, "did you do anything
about that wretched dog?"

Mr. Jones puffed out his meagre
chest with pride.

"Yes, I did," he replied. "I told
Brown that if he didn't put a stop to
it I'd buy a piano and let both our
girls take lessons."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Her Family.

Modest Suitor—I have only \$5,000
a year, sir; but I think I can support
your daughter on that.

Father (enthusiastically)—Support
her, my dear boy. Why can you sup-
port her entire family on it.

MEMORY IN GIRLS AND BOYS.

Varies, Says Japanese Investigator,
According to Ages.

Dr. Sakaki, professor of the Medical
College, of the Imperial Kyushu Uni-
versity, who is devoting himself to
tests of the memory of children of
inferior mental capacity, has published
the result of his investigations.

As the basis of his researches the
doctor has carried out experiments
with the development of the faculty
of memory in the case of 1,026 boys
and girls of the Fukuoka normal
schools and elementary schools since
1908.

The result of the experiments made
over 49,000 times during the first four
years shows, says the East and West
News, that in memory of figures the
younger are superior to the older, and
of the children between 8 and 13 years
of age girls possess superior memory
to boys, while with those ranging
from 13 to 14 years of age the case
is quite the reverse, this latter fact
being due to the change of mental
and physical condition of boys and
girls just entering the period of
youth from childhood, as Dr. Sakaki
thinks.

Méneleur:
For 15 days in the month of January
I was suffering with pain of rheumatism
in the foot. I tried all kinds of remedies
but nothing did me any good. One person
told me about MINARD'S LINIMENT;
as soon as I tried it the Saturday night,
the next morning I was feeling very
good. I tell you this remedy is very good;
I could give you a good certificate any
time that you would like to have one.
If any time I come to hear about any
person sick of rheumatism, I could tell
them about this remedy.
Yours truly,
ERNEST LEVEILLE,
216 Rue Ontario East, Montreal,
Feb. 14, 1905.

When Soldiers Were Not Paid.

It is gratifying to know that our
men in khaki, who, according to Mr.
Asquith, are now costing between
£250 and £300 a head, receive their
pay with commendable promptitude,
says the London Chronicle. In the
prolonged campaigns of former times
our soldiers often received no pay for
years, and considered themselves
lucky if they then procured a small
part of what was due to them. In one
of his dispatches, May 27, 1703, Marl-
borough complains of the great hard-
ships suffered by a certain regiment
to whom £5,500 was due, and pointed
out that it would "much contribute to
the service if some part of it were
paid to enable the colonel the better
to clothe his regiment and the officers
to support themselves in the army."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Don't think because a man offers an
apology he really means it.

GILLETT'S LYE EATS DIRT



Barker and Performer.

The politician hollers loud
To catch the notice of the crowd.
The statesman labors sure and slow
And tries to give us all a show.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

FARMS FOR SALE.

FARMS — ALL SIZES — STOCK,
Grain, Dairy or Fruit. When you
want to buy, write H. W. Dawson,
Brampton, Ont.

FOR SALE.

100 ACRES, 14 IN SIXTH CON-
cession Franklin, \$5000.
Louisa Wilder, Birkendale, Muskoka.

FOR SALE.

FERRETS, HEALTHY STOCK,
white and brown bucks \$5, does \$4.
No less. L. W. Murray, Harrow, Ont.

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Offices for sale in good Ontario
towns. The most useful and interesting
of all businesses. Full information on
application to Wilson Publishing Com-
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Internal and external, cured with-
out pain by our home treatment. Write
us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical
Co. Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

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And How to Feed
Mailed free to any address by
the Author
H. CLAY GLOVER, V.S.
118 West 31st Street, New York

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Yonge and Charles Sts., Toronto
Demand for our Graduates for last four
months fully four times our supply.
Calendar free. W. J. ELLIOTT, Principal.

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are manufacturers and can pay you best prices for furs of
all kinds. Send for our price list.
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**There is Still Time to
have a Victrola for the
Holidays**
Where there is a Victrola, there is Music, and
where there is music there is always that enter-
tainment and happiness so necessary to home and
social life.
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Double-Sided
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cents for the two selections.
Any of "His Master's Voice" dealers will let you hear them.
If there is not one in your vicinity notify us and we will see
that you are not disappointed for the holidays.
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—TRADE MARK.
New Agencies Considered Where We Are Not Properly Represented.

ONE KIND CHRISTMAS TREE



In Sweden wooden candleabra like the one in the picture are frequently used instead of Christmas trees for the display of gifts.

Oh, to Have Dwelt In Bethlehem!

OH, to have dwelt in Bethlehem
When the star of the Lord
Shone brightly;
To have sheltered the holy wanderers
On that blessed Christmas night;
To have kissed the tender, way worn feet
Of the mother undefiled
And with reverent wonder and deep delight
To have tended the Holy Child!

Hush! Such a glory was not for thee,
But that care may still be thine,
For are there not little ones still to aid
For the sake of the child divine?
Are there no wandering pilgrims now
To thy heart and thy home to take?
And are there no mothers whose weary hearts
You can comfort for Jesus' sake?
—Adelaide Procter.

The Highland Lassie on Christmas.
Grant in his "Highland Customs" tells how the Scotch lassie rose with the first gray streak of dawn to bake her Christmas scones, or sour scones, hard oat cakes, soft cakes and pannich porridge. The day's enjoyment always consisted of trials of skill and games and wound up with a grand evening meal. In some parts of Scotland, as in England, it became customary to hang a branch of mistletoe in the middle of the room or over the door, and if by accident or otherwise a girl passed under it any young man was privileged to give her as many kisses as there were berries on one of its sprays.

THE MISTLETOE.

With Christmas cheer the hall is bright,
At friendly feud with winter's cold;
There's many a merry game tonight
For maids and men, and young and old;
And winter sends for their delight
The holly with its crimson glow,
And paler than the glistening snow
The mistletoe, the mistletoe!
The mistletoe, the mistletoe!
The wren and wren mistletoe!

Chance comes to our festive even,
Dear crimson breasted holly sprit
Thee, Robin, too, the hall receives.
Unbidden, whom our hearts invite.
And, perched among the crumpled leaves,
He cocks his head and sings "Hullo!"
The mistletoe, the mistletoe!
Hangs up above, but what's below?
Oh, what's below the mistletoe?
The mistletoe, the mistletoe!

A kindly custom sanctions bliss
That's taken beneath the wren's bough.
Who laughs so low? Why, here it is!
Look, Jenny, where I have you now!
Dear bashful eyes, sweet lips—a kiss!
Ah, cheeks can mock the holly's glow!
For what's below the mistletoe?
Ah, ha! Why, it is Cupid O!
Ah, ha! Below the mistletoe
'Tis Cupid O, 'tis Cupid O!
—Temple Bar.

Santa in the City.
Santa Claus touched the button
Which summoned his foreman.
"Yes, sir," said the foreman, coming
In from the shop.
"What are you working on?"
"Doll hats, sir."
Santa Claus turned in his chair and
regarded his foreman doubtfully.
"Doll hats!" he exclaimed. "You
mean doll houses."
"No, sir," the foreman answered.
"These are for city distribution, where
the children don't know anything about
houses."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Before the birth of Christ
the ancient Romans indulged
at the midwinter season in a
festival from which it is sup-
posed that many of the pres-
ent day traditions sprang.
Presents were given and re-
ceived. An expression of mu-
tual brotherhood was shown
in the custom of the masters
and their slaves exchanging
places and the former waiting
upon the latter.

What Others Eat at Christmas

EVERY one is familiar with the
viands that go to make up the
Christmas dinner of the Eng-
lish speaking races—the tur-
key, goose, plum pudding and mince
pie festivals—but how many of us
know what they eat at Christmastide
in foreign countries?

The Frenchman's Christmas bill of
fare, for instance, is extensive and
varied and in many respects quite
different from our own. The great
Gallic national dishes are truffled tur-
key and black puddings, of which
every Frenchman who can afford such
luxuries makes a very hearty meal at
Yuletide.

In Russia the Christmas meal consists
largely of two dishes—one of wheat
porridge served with honey and the
other a curious compound of stewed
pears, apples, oranges, grapes and cher-
ries, sweetened with honey and served
cold.

Italians, too, are fond of rather
sweet and indigestible dishes, espe-
cially at Christmas. One of their
favorite combinations is that of eels,
periwinkles and vermicelli, while the
inevitable macaroni and spaghetti form,
of course, the principal articles of food
at all times.

The German Christmas dinner offers
as its principal attraction the goose,
without which your true German
would feel that he had not had a real
holiday feast. Germans, like Aus-
trians and Italians, have a very sweet
taste, as evidenced by their numerous
varieties of cake.

Notwithstanding the tendency in all
countries to offer huge dinners at
Christmas, it would seem that every



BRINGING IN THE PEACOCK IN OLDEN TIMES.

nation's holiday bill of fare is becom-
ing simpler with the course of time.
An interesting comparison may be
made of the Christmas dinners former-
ly served in England and in this coun-
try with those of today, albeit the lat-
ter are by no means scanty.

The forbears of modern Englishmen
must have possessed magnificent ap-
petites. Their hospitality was con-
ducted on a scale that would make the
housekeeper of today shudder. The
meal with which they commenced
their Christmas day, a mere appetizer
to them, was ample enough to rob the
modern gourmet of all zest for food
for several days. The sideboard of the
old English mansion groined under its
leathern round of beef, its corpulent
pork pie, the Yorkshire ham, the brawn
and chine, while on the table itself
devilled turkeys' legs, homemade sau-
sages, cutlets and kidneys sent up a
mingled and grateful incense from an
environment of piles of hot buttered
toast, new laid eggs, honey and frum-
ment.

But this repast, substantial as it was,
was trifling as compared with the din-
ner—the real dinner—that followed not
many hours after. The feast was her-
alded by the boar's head, preceded by
servitors who blew resounding flour-
ishes on their trumpets. The boar's
head itself was carried, sometimes on
a dish of gold or silver, into the ban-
queting hall at the head of a stately
procession of guests.

Then came the peacock, which was
served even more sumptuously than the
boar's head, with its glistening of rose-
mary and bays and its tusk orna-
mented with large apples. This is how
they used to prepare the peacock for
the feast: When it had been roasted and
dressed with a stuffing of sweet herbs
and spices and basted with the yolks
of eggs it was sewed into its feathers,
its beak was gilded, and it was borne
to the dining hall by dames of high de-
gree, accompanied by the strains of
minstrelsy.

Other features of the old time Chris-
tmas dinner included geese, turkeys,
zupons, pheasants, kidneys of beef and
baunches of venison. That these were
washed down with gallons of ale and
wine goes without saying. Indeed, an-
other story might be written of the
liquid element of the old English din-
ner.

TORONTO TOWNSHIP COUNCIL

The statutory meeting was held in
the Council Chamber, Cooksville, on
Thursday, 15th inst., Reeve Rutledge
in the chair, all the other members
present.

Communications from the Massey
Sawyer Co. re road grader purchas-
ed last May; from the Township
Solicitor in the matter of Mrs. Phil-
lips and son, as to a settlement for
the sum of five hundred dollars.

The annual report of the local
Board of Health, as required by
statute, was presented to the Council
and on motion was received, read and
adopted.

On motion of Councillor Orr, sec-
onded by Deputy-Reeve Pallett, the
council resolved itself into a commit-
tee of the whole and passed the fol-
lowing accounts payable: \$57.80;
Bond, cement tile supplied, \$57.80;
J. H. Hayes, refund of dog tax,
\$1.00; The Municipal World office
supplies \$1.33; The Corporation Vil-
lage of Port Credit, \$12.00; The
Adams Furniture Co., furnishing for
Council Chamber, \$70.00; The Secre-
tary Toronto-Township Agricultural
Society, grant, \$75.00; The Secretary
Cooksville Agricultural Fair, usual
grant, \$75.00; Gibson & Gibson, sur-
veyors, services rendered, survey of
Kelly road as per instructions receiv-
ed Aug. 10, 1904, \$229.00; W. S. Mor-
phy, Township Solicitor, services
1915, as per account, \$195.20; L. H.
Pallett, one day in Toronto on twp.
business, \$3.00; A. E. Tolman, re-
pairs to Town Hall, \$6.45; J. Cun-
ningham, coal to May family, indig-
ents, \$8.00; Wm. Pinkney, gravel
furnished, \$3.00; J. K. Morley, audi-
tor of commissioners pay sheets, \$13;
Wheelock & Christie, testing cement,
\$3.00; T. W. McCracken, pay roll No.
1, \$53.08; pay roll No. 2, Gerald
Irvine, Road Commissioner, \$7.50;
pay roll No. 4, Robert May, Road
Commissioner, \$2.40; George McClel-
land, Treasurer, war tax stamps,
\$1.50.

In Council the following motions
were passed:

Pallett-Lammy: That the annual
statement of the caretaker of the
Town Hall, showing receipts amount-
ing to the sum of \$13.00, and expen-
ses of \$15.35, that the report be re-
ceived and adopted, and that the
Treasurer pay to Mr. Colwell, the
said balance, \$2.35. Carried.

Orr-Pallett: That the clerk and
treasurer receive the sum of \$75.00
and \$65.00 respectively to reimburse
them for sundry office expenses such
as telephone calls, postage and sta-
tionary, etc., and that the following
members of the council be refunded
the said amounts for telephone ac-
counts in connection with Township
business: D. H. McCaugherty, \$9.00;
L. H. Pallett, \$3.00; E. A. Orr, \$2.00;
D. J. Lammy, \$3.00; Wm. Rutledge,
\$5.00. Carried.

Lammy-Orr: That the Treasurer
be and he is hereby authorized to
issue a cheque in favor of Mr. Frank
Colwell, caretaker of Town Hall,
amount of his salary the sum of \$50.
Carried.

McCaugherty-Pallett: That the
Treasurer be and he is hereby in-
structed to mark off the collector's
roll the amount set opposite the
name of L. Chapman, lot 3, 2nd R.I.
R.S.D. St., the same being a dupli-
cate assessment, and already paid by
Wm. Steed, the owner for the year
1915. Carried.

Orr-McCaugherty: That the resig-
nation of D. J. E. Leary, Medical
Officer of Health, be accepted and
that Dr. W. H. Groves, of Burnham-
thorpe, be and he is hereby appoint-
ed in his stead at a salary of fifty
dollars per annum, and that the
Seal of the Corporation be attached
to this resolution. Carried.

Lammy-McCaugherty: That the
Treasurer be and he is hereby auth-
orized to pay to Reg. Lawrence the
sum of \$2.00 for drawing 2 loads of
gravel, and to Robert Marshall, the
sum of 80c., for two loads of gravel
at 40c. per load. Carried.

McCaugherty-Lammy: That the
account of Wm. Falconer amounting
to the sum of \$18.50 for 37 loads of
gravel delivered on the Barberton
road be paid, also to the C. P. Ry.
Co. the sum of \$18.00 for 36 loads of
gravel, and to James Leslie and
others the sum of \$32.70 for deliver-
ing gravel on the Streetsville gravel
road, as per attached statement. Car-
ried.

Lammy-Pallett: That the Treasur-
er be and he is hereby instructed to
refund to the undersigned per-
sons the said sums, the same being
errors in assessing: to Thos. Peddie,
\$1.00; E. H. Wilson, \$1.00; John
Graham, \$1.00; John Smith, \$1.00;
George Bedding, \$1.00. Carried.

Pallett-Orr: That the Treasurer be
and he is hereby authorized to pay
the following members of council the
said sums for services rendered dur-
ing 1915. Carried.

Wm. Rutledge, Reeve, attending 16
meetings of council and mileage,
\$62.40; 50 days commission work, at
\$2.00 per day, \$100.00; total, \$162.40.
D. H. McCaugherty, 1st Deputy-
Reeve, 16 meetings and mileage,
\$59.20; 35 days commission work, at
\$2.00 per day, \$70.00; total, \$129.20.
L. H. Pallett, 2nd Deputy-Reeve, 16
meetings and mileage, \$54.40; 35 days
commission work, at \$2.00 per day,
\$70.00; total, \$124.40.

E. A. Orr, Councillor, 16 meetings
of council and mileage, \$60.80; 35
days commission work at \$2.00 per
day, \$70.00; total \$130.80.
D. J. Lammy, Councillor, attend-
ing 16 meetings and mileage, \$62.40;
35 days commission work, at \$2.00
per day, \$70.00; total \$132.40.

McCaugherty-Pallett: That at the
closing session of the Toronto Town-
ship Council, Re. the members, de-
sire to place on record our apprecia-
tion of the business ability of—
Reeve, Mr. William Rutledge, J.P.,
in the conduct of the affairs of this
Municipality, also for the courteous,
and gentlemanly way in which he
has presided over the deliberations
of the council during the year.

We would also extend to the clerk
and treasurer our appreciation of
their kind and courteous assist-
rendered during the year.

BY-LAW No.

A By Law to authorize the issue of
Debentures of the Corporation of the
Village of Streetsville for \$5200 00 to
construct a permanent roadway on Queen
Street in the said village.

Whereas, the Municipal Council of the
Village of Streetsville has decided subject
to the approval of the ratepayers to con-
struct a permanent pavement on Queen
Street in the said village of Streetsville
between the southerly and northerly
limits of the said street at a cost of \$5200
And Whereas in order to construct the
said permanent pavement it will be nec-
essary to borrow the sum of \$5200 on the
credit of the Corporation and to issue
debentures therefore bearing interest at
the rate of six per cent per annum which
is the amount of the debt intended to be
created by this By law

And Whereas it is expedient to make
the principal of the said debt repayable
in yearly sums during the period of twen-
ty years of such amounts respectively
that the aggregate amount payable for
principal and interest in any year shall
be equal as nearly as may be to the
amount so payable for principal and
interest in each of the other years

And Whereas it will be necessary to
raise annually the sum of \$458.85 during
the period of twenty years to pay the
said yearly sums of principal and interest
as they become due

And Whereas the amount of the whole
rateable property of the Municipality
according to the last revised assessment
roll is \$291,888

And Whereas the amount of the exist-
ing debenture debt of the Corporation
(exclusive of local improvement debts
secured by special rates or assessments)
is \$28,987 96 and no part of the principal
or interest is in arrears.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the
Corporation of the Village of Streetsville
enacts as follows:

1. That for the purpose aforesaid there
shall be borrowed on the credit of the
Corporation at large the sum of Five
Thousand Two Hundred dollars (\$5200.00)
and debentures shall be issued therefor
in sums of not less than \$100.00 each
bearing interest at the rate of six per
cent per annum and having coupons
attached for the payment of the interest.

2. The debentures shall all bear the
same date and shall be issued within two
years after the day on which this By law
is passed and may bear any date within
such two years and shall be payable in
twenty annual instalments during the
twenty years next after the time when
the same are issued and the respective
amounts of principal and interest payable
in each of such years shall be as follows:

No.	Principal	Interest	Total
1	141 35	812 00	458 85
2	149 85	803 80	458 85
3	158 35	795 60	458 85
4	166 85	787 40	458 85
5	175 35	779 20	458 85
6	183 85	771 00	458 85
7	192 35	762 80	458 85
8	200 85	754 60	458 85
9	209 35	746 40	458 85
10	217 85	738 20	458 85
11	226 35	730 00	458 85
12	234 85	721 80	458 85
13	243 35	713 60	458 85
14	251 85	705 40	458 85
15	260 35	697 20	458 85
16	268 85	689 00	458 85
17	277 35	680 80	458 85
18	285 85	672 60	458 85
19	294 35	664 40	458 85
20	302 85	656 20	458 85

\$5200 00 \$867 00 9067 00

3. The debentures may be payable at
any place or places in Canada

4. The Reeve of the Corporation shall
sign and issue the debentures and interest
coupons and the same shall also be signed
by the Treasurer of the corporation and
the debentures shall be sealed with the
seal of the corporation.

5. During twenty years the currency
of the debentures the sum of \$458 85
shall be raised annually by a special rate
sufficient therefor over and above all
other rates on all the rateable property
of the Municipality at the same time and
in the same manner as other rates;

6. The debentures may contain any
clause providing for the registration
thereof authorized by any statute relating
to Municipal debentures in force at the
time of the issue thereof.

7. This By law shall take effect on the
day of the final passing thereof

Passed this day of A.D. 1915
Reeve
Clerk

NOTICE

Take notice that the above is a true
copy of a by law which has been taken
into consideration by the Municipal
council of the corporation of the Village
of Streetsville and which in the event of
the assent of the electors of the said Mu-
nicipality being obtained thereto will be
finally passed after one month from the
first publication thereof in The Streets-
ville Review and that the date of the first
publication is the 16th day of December
A.D. 1915.

And take notice that the votes of the
electors of the said Village of Streetsville
will be taken on the day of the annual
election 1916

And take notice that a tenant desiring
to vote must deliver to the Clerk not later
than the tenth day before the day
appointed for taking the vote the declara-
tion provided for by subsection 8 of sec-
tion 265 of the Municipal Act.

That on Friday the 31st day of Decem-
ber the Reeve of the said village shall
attend at the town hall at 10 o'clock in
the forenoon to appoint persons to attend
at the polling place and at the final sum-
ming up of the votes by the clerk respect-
ively on behalf of the persons interested
in and promoting or opposing the passing
of this by law.

That the clerk of the said Municipality
shall attend at the town hall in the said
village of Streetsville on the 4th day
of January 1916 at eleven o'clock in the
forenoon to sum up the number of votes
given for and against the by law.

Dated the 13th day of December A.D.
1915

S. H. SMITH, M.P.
Clerk, V.M.

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Yours for a Merry Christmas
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New Year

HECTOR WRIGHT

Successor to F. Ward

Wishing Everybody
a Merry Xmas. and
Happy - New - Year

Leading Hardware J. DANDIE Streetsville
Phone 21

We appreciate the business
given us by our many patrons
and ask one and all to accept
our best wishes for a

Merry Xmas.

and a Prosperous New Year

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To Cure
a Cold

Try
Laxative Cascara Bromo
Quinine Tablets

Relieve in a few hours

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and Clorodyne or
Nadruco Comp. Syrup of White Pine
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And Post Credit Herald
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G. E. DUNKER
Editor & Proprietor

Thursday, Dec. 23, 1915

Business Local, or notices of Entertainments are
charged 5 cents per line, under this heading.
No advertisement inserted for less than 30 cents.
No free advertising.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

A large assortment of Christmas
Candies just arrived this week at Mc
Clintock's.

The Review wishes everybody a very
Merry Christmas and a bright and
prosperous New Year.

R. H. Greig has a full line of Carving
Sets, Silver Knives and Forks, Berry
Spoons, Cold Meat Forks, Childs Sets
and numerous other goods suitable for
Christmas presents. Call and see them.
J. M. Barker, Erindale, Ont., Issuer
of Marriage Licenses. 31-4f

The Anniversary Services of St. An-
drews Presbyterian Sunday School will
be held on Sunday, Dec. 26th. Rev. N. A.
McEachren, B. A. of Brampton will
preach in the morning and Rev. Dr.
Pidgeon in the evening. The annual
entertainment will be held New Year's
Eve., Friday, December 31st.

Mrs. W. E. W. Steen and family are
spending Xmas with friends at Sarnia.
Mr. Donald Mc Gregor has returned
from the West Last Night where he has
spent four months.

Mr. Bert Deourr visited at the home
of Mr. John Ross this week.

The Streetsville Corps of Girl
Guides will hold a tea and sale of home
made cooking and candies in the Hall
over the Review office on Tuesday Dec.
23 from 8 till 9 o'clock. Fish pond for
those who like sport. Proceeds to be
devoted to completing the Quilts which
the Guides have pieced for Belgium
Relief.

Come one and all and help the Guides
in their work for this worthy cause.

There will be skating every evening
and Saturday afternoons at the Power
dam.

Christmas Services will be held in
Trinity Church Christmas morning at
8 and 10:30 o'clock.

Orange Officers

The annual meeting of Britannia L.
O. Lodge No. 203 was held on Wednes-
day Dec. 15 when the following Officers
were elected for the following year.

T. M. E. Mc Cracken—W. M., re-elected.

Wm. Maxwell—D. M.

T. M. Wilson—Chaplain.

G. U. T. Rutledge—Rec. Sec. re-elected.

J. A. Hammond Fin. Sec. re-elected.

Jas. N. Elliot Treas. re-elected.

S. Cordingley D. of C.

W. E. Elliot Lect. re-elected.

E. Adamson R. Oonson F. Mc Hugh.

R. Mc Clintock, and J. H. Campbell—
Committee.

The election and the installation was
conducted by Bro. J. T. Bonham,
District Master. Refreshments were
served at the close of the meeting.

It was decided to have a Union
Meeting with our Sister Lodge of
Streetsville No. 290 on Jan. 4, 1916
for the purpose of discussing the
Union of the two lodges. All mem-
bers of each lodge are earnestly
requested to keep this date in mind
and be present at 8 o'clock.

Card of Thanks

Mr. and Mrs. John Hardy of Dundas
Street, wish to express their sincere
thanks to their many friends for their
kind assistance and sympathy during
the death of their son, Clarence Wil-
kinson Hardy.

For Sale

Outter and pair one-horse sleighs—
second hand

W. O. ANDREW

For Sale

Ten young Yorkshire Pigs 6 weeks
old.

W. E. TURNER, Base Line

Wanted

A young man to learn the blacksmith
trade. Apply to

L. A. POPE,
General Blacksmith
Streetsville

Phone 53

To Rent

Blacksmith Shop and tools; also
some stock and tools for sale

Apply to
FRANK TAYLOR,
Erindale

For Sale

12 head young cattle rising 1 year old
ELMER RUSSELL
Town Line, Trafalgar

Real Estate

Farms for sale, in Halton,
Peel and Wellington Counties
239 farms, all sizes. If you
want a farm write me for cata-
logue; or if you wish to sell
or exchange write me. Have
every facility for transmitting
our business to your complete
satisfaction. Correspondence
solicited

J. A. WILLOUGHBY
Farm Selling Specialist
Georgetown

Coming Events

Monday, Dec. 27—Nomination meet-
ing in town hall, Streetsville

Wednesday, Dec. 29—Auction sale of
horses, cows, pigs etc on Brown's Line
Estabrooke, M. O'Donohoe, Owner—
John Thomson Auctioneer.

Friday, Dec. 31—St. Andrews Pres-
b. S. S. Entertainment.

Friday, Jan. 14—Toronto Township
Sunday School convention at Meadow-
vale

Fire destroyed several business places
in Milton last Sunday afternoon, includ-
ing a barber shop, garage, feed store, and
the Champion Newspaper office
was scorched. It was a narrow escape
for Bro. W. Pantan, the editor. Cause
of fire seems to be the result of a coal
stove exploding in the feed store.

Now is the time to renew your sub-
scription to The Review. Many have
already done so and say they would not
like to miss a single copy.

Mrs. W. H. Folconer of Medicine Hat
is visiting with relative here.

It is expected that Mr. Nathaniel
Steen will return home this afternoon
from the Wellesley hospital, Toronto
where he has been for the past ten
weeks. Mr. Steen is rapidly regaining
his strength after two operations and
which give every promise of being com-
pletely successful. Dr. Herbert A.
Bruce performed the operations. Dr.
Jas. G. Caven being his physician

Mr. and Mrs. Le Maistre and
daughter of Montreal are spending
Christmas with Mrs. Chester, Kerr
Street.

The pupils of Streetsville High
School presented Miss K. White, who is
retiring from the staff, with a gold
brooch prior to her departure, as a
token of their esteem for her.

Mr. Geo. Bilyer of Milton was in
town Tuesday.

People are requested not to throw
ashes on the roadway when the snow is
on the ground. It makes sleighing
pretty tough. You will oblige the
coal-man especially by conceding to
this not unreasonable request.

Many of the store windows are nicely
decorated for Christmas. One worthy
of special notice is that of Wright the
Grocer.

WANTED—An industrious man who
can earn \$100 a month and expenses
selling our products to farmers. Must
have some means for starting expenses
and furnish contract signed by two re-
sponsible men. Address W.T. Rawleigh
Co. Ltd., Toronto, Ont., giving age occu-
pation and references.

Mr. Richard Dinning is home from
the Northwest for Christmas.

Save your cotton and Linen

The Womens Institute will meet in
the Oddfellows Hall upstairs Thursday
Jan. 6, at 3 o'clock to cut up old cotton
and linen into mouth wipes and wash
cloths. Anyone having old linen or
cotton is urgently requested to send or
bring it to the hall that afternoon—
every little helps

Obituary

Last Thursday night, after a linger-
ing illness, Mr. William Stephens pas-
sed away at the home of Mrs. Joyce
Stephens, at the age of 71 years. For
a number of years he lived at Cold-
water, and came back to the village last
summer, when his health failed him,
and he gradually became weaker until
the end. The funeral took place Sat-
urday afternoon. Service was con-
ducted at the house by Rev. G. E.
Kitching and the remains were interred
in Streetsville Cemetery.

Lillian Morgan, eldest daughter of
Mrs. M. V. Morgan, passed away last
Saturday morning at the age of 19 years.
She had not been well for some time,
although she was able to be around, but
took seriously ill last week and passed
away suddenly. The funeral took place
Monday afternoon. Service was con-
ducted at the home by Rev. J. F. Scott
and interment was made in Streetsville
Cemetery. Deceased was a bright
young lady and had a host of friends
who deeply regret her early demise.
The floral offerings were numerous and
beautiful and was an evidence of the
esteem in which she was held.
Deepest sympathy is felt for the
Mother and family in their very sad
bereavement.

STREETSVILLE

PUMP WORKS

Agent for Perkins Gas-
oline engines and their famous
oil-less windmill. All Ontar-
io repairs and goods supplied,
also Mandrills and full equip-
ment for babbiting windmills
when out of mash.

Choice lot of all kinds of
pumps kept in stock.

Porcelain, iron and brass
cylinders used with galvan-
ized pipe only.

Wells and cisterns sunk or
cleaned.

Repairing promptly Attended to

Phone 55
Walter Bailey

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Christmas and New Year

Excursion Fares

Between all stations in Canada, Fort
William and east, and to Sault Ste
Marie, Detroit, Mich., Buffalo & Niagara
Falls, N. Y.

Single Fare

Good going Dec. 24th and 25th 1915.
Return limit Dec. 27th 1915. Also Dec.
31st 1915, Jan. 1st, 1916. Return limit
Jan. 3rd 1916

Minimum charge 25c

Fare and One Third

Good going Dec. 22, 23, 24 and 25th
1915. Return limit Dec. 28. Also Dec.
20, 30 & 31st, 1915, Jan. 1st, 1916. Re-
turn limit Jan. 4th 1916

Minimum charge 25c

Full particulars from any Canadian

Pacific Ticket agent or write M. G. Mur-
phy, District Passenger agent, Toronto

Streetsville Meat - Market

We have a choice stock of all kinds

—of—

Fresh Meats

Cured Meats

Cooked Ham

and Sausages

Ingorsol and Home Made Sausage.

Home made Lard

Try our home made head cheese

2 lb. for 25c.

Orders promptly delivered

Your patronage solicited.

Telephone connection

Jas. E. BAILEY

Family Butcher

Jos. W. Harkess Builder & Contractor ERINDALE

Contracts taken for dwelling houses, garages, stables, outbuildings, etc.
No contract too large and none too small. Jacks for hire.
All kinds of Sash and Doors. Window and Door Frames made to order.
All work promptly attended to.
Your patronage respectfully solicited. Phone 82-4, Streetsville

Call and See the Automatic CREAM SEPARATOR

and Engine combined
In actual use at our farm

J. E. DOWLING

Agent for Farm Implements and Machinery
Streetsville



"MADE IN CANADA"

FORD TOURING CAR
PRICE \$530

FORD RUNABOUT
PRICE \$480

The above prices F. O. B. Ford, Ont. effective
Aug. 2, 1915. No Speedometer included in this
years equipment. otherwise cars fully equipped.
Cars on display and sale at

Streetsville Garage

J. E. ALDERSON
W. C. ANDREW

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Renew Your Subscription
to The Review

WE WISH
YOU
ALL

A MERRY XMAS.

and a bright,
Happy and
Prosperous

New - Year

C. H. FALCONER

Streetsville Planing Mill

JOS. PHAIR, Prop.

Best facilities in the county

of Peel for the erection and
completion of Frame & Brick
Houses, Barns, Etc.

Lumber of all kinds—either
Rough or Planed—for sale;
also No. 1 and No. 2 Shingles

Estimates given on large
or small contracts.

Streetsville LIVERY

Single or double rigs

Pianos and Furniture moved

Agency for A. B. Greer's
and Barrie carriages.

C. G. QUENNELL

A MERRY XMAS.

TO

EVERYBODY

Is the wish of

C. E. DARKER

Barber - Tobacconist


Streetsville

Give

Nelson's

Chocolates

THE CHOCOLATES
THAT ARE DIFFERENT



Merry Xmas

YOU GET THEM at McCLINTOCK'S

We wish Everybody

A Merry Christmas

McClintock's, Streetsville

The Green Seal

By CHARLES EDMONDS WALK

Author of "The Silver Blade," "The Paternoster Ruby," "The Time Lock," etc.

CHAPTER XVIII.—(Cont'd.)

Fascinated as I was, however, by the plain, unvarnished tale alone, this same tale was continually affording distinct shocks of surprise. This instant, I learned in a moment, was Marian Sylvester—the Marian for whom a quarter interest in something was to be reserved if murder had to be done.

When my father pencilled that entry, had it been conceivable to him that this tender babe could have survived the final catastrophe when all but a handful were slain? If this were not enough, there was that long, long, terrible journey back to civilization, without the care of either parent.

The circumstance was profoundly perplexing. The details of the end were not satisfactory. Before the party moved on from Yalung Mrs. Sylvester was buried; hardship had unfitted her for that last ordeal.

After some weeks of recuperation, a few yaks and sheep were obtained—brought in by natives from Heaven alone knows what remote distances of that poverty-blighted region—and the party pressed northward in the hope of reaching another settlement known as Kegedoo.

They were now in an uncharted country, well among the lower uplands of the Himalayas; too lofty themselves to be called foot-hills, yet dwarfed by the ragged, majestic peaks that swam far above them in the immeasurable distance; and here, upon a lonely, barren, windswept peak of rock, they came upon the lamasery of Tao-fu.

For the sorry little band it proved to be a bloody shambles, a hell crowded with shrieking demons. Some accounts averred that they rested here two weeks, others a month. At any rate, it is certain that from the outset they were subjected to all sorts of indignities by the wild tribesmen of the hills, savage Tartar and Mongolian brutes speaking an uncouth dialect that only one of the party in any degree could understand. Lao Wing Fu, it seemed, could converse with them.

Then one night it happened. The exhausted little band was set upon by an overwhelming force. The gallant leader was among the very first to fall. Only four names were mentioned as being survivors of the slaughter: two of these are now famous and loaded with honors for later exploits and for knowledge given to the world; the third has passed into obscurity.

The fourth was Lao Wing Fu.

CHAPTER XIX.

Is it not remarkable that Lao Wing Fu should have chosen the very next afternoon, after my night of poring over my father's papers and diaries, to favor me with a call? What psychic wave went forth to summon him? Still, I have come to observe that Life is perpetually preparing just such little shocks of surprise for us.

Nothing could have been more remote from my mind than that he should call on me at all, for any reason; but that it should have been this particular day of days struck me at the time as being little short of marvellous.

Yet, after all, why should it have been marvellous, or even strange? The pebble had been thrown into the pond away back yonder, years ago, in China; the ripple had grown into a stupendous wave; we were all caught by the same undertow, struggling in the same tidalrip; so it must have been inevitable at the beginning—before I was born—that he and I should be brought together some day. His eastern fatalism, no doubt, would have accounted for the meeting in some such fashion.

He arrived at my office so soon after my return from luncheon that one might have suspected that he had familiarized himself with my daily movements. I was in no hurry when Stub brought me the card—a perfectly proper and elegantly embossed bit of pasteboard. I was profoundly curious to see the man who had played so conspicuous a part in a grim tragedy whose stage had been the oldest and yet, perhaps, the least known portion of the inhabited globe; still, even before the door opened, before I had an opportunity to glimpse him, an unaccountable repulsion made me hesitate.

A restless movement by Stub jogged an idea into my brain. "Ask him to wait a minute or two," I said. "Tell Miss Fox to come here."

She responded promptly, closing the door.

"I'll detain you only a second," I told her. "Have you noticed the Chinaman who is waiting to see me?"

"Why, yes," she returned wonderingly.

"What sort of looking chap is he? I mean, does he show anything different from the ordinary run of Chinese? How did he impress you?"

The wondering look grew deeper in her eyes, but she replied:

"He seems to me to be one of the better sort of Chinese; a well-to-do merchant, I should say."

"Did he seem to be observing you particularly?—show any special curiosity in you at all?"

"No, I don't believe he even looked my way. I suppose you know you are making me awfully curious."

"Miss Fox," I went on and I must have spoken solemnly, if her countenance reflected my tone—"I believe we are on the brink of important discoveries; I have that feeling. I learned some facts last night which, while they don't clear up the essential things we want to know, seem to me at least to point a way to finding out."

"But I'll tell you more about it later—take too long now. That chap in

the other room is Lao Wing Fu—the boss of Chinatown—the same you've heard Struber speak of. While I can't hope that he will unbosom himself more freely to me than he did to the police emissaries, I at least have a lever the police did not have; whether it will work remains to be seen. And there is some slight advantage in his having come to me: he wants something. Please invite him in."

Lao Wing Fu entered. My first impression of the outward man, I must confess, was favorable. However excited may have been his position in the eyes of his fellow-countrymen, there was nothing about his habits—ments to inspire awe, or even undue notice—unless it were the red button surmounting his skull-cap, which denoted him as belonging to the rank (Struber has since told me) of a red-button mandarin.

His blouse was simply of a rich, dark-blue material, the long, loose sleeves of which were folded back, revealing a lining of lighter blue silk. The breeches were of dark-green figured satin, gathered close at the ankles; while his feet were encased in the thick-soled, heelless and noiseless slippers, that are peculiar to the Chinese.

As for his coloring, it was scarcely darker than old ivory, and excepting for this, and that his ageless countenance wore a look of uncommon intelligence, I could not discern wherein Mr. Lao Wing Fu differed from scores of Chinamen that I might have gone forth and picked up on the street, then and there.

Could this have been the man that had exercised such an extraordinary influence over "all classes" of his people during that memorable trip up the Yang-tse-kiang river more than a score of years ago? I could not believe it. I was disappointed, and my high expectations began measurably to sink.

Be it understood that Miss Fox, at my word that he might enter, had at once opened the door and spoken to him, whereupon he advanced so rapidly that she, instead of passing on out, stood with her hand upon the knob waiting until he had entered my private room.

And just at this juncture there occurred a trifling incident which, though I observed it indifferently at the time, was destined to come back to me later as vividly as any memory of my life; often and often have I speculated upon what this strange man's thoughts could have been during that fleeting second.

The incident was this: As Lao Wing Fu approached, Lois, naturally enough with our conversation fresh in mind, was watching him with some curiosity. Just at the instant of passing he bent upon her a most peculiar searching look. Lois's back was toward me; but I could see that she started, and with her free hand swept away some stray lock of hair that must have been inopportunistically teasing her eyes.

My caller, on the other hand, was facing me; and I wish I could find words to describe—how shall I say it?—the intense vitality of the look. It was soul-probing, magnetic, hypnotic; as if unsuspected inner fires had for the time being spurned control and betrayed themselves at the windows of his tabernacle.

It all happened in a flash; next instant he was saluting me with her with grave Chinese courtesy. He came on into the room; and Lois, as she slowly closed the door on departing, stared strangely at him across her shoulder.

My attention now, however, was all engaged by my caller. The brown eyes were merely friendly as they regarded me. For the moment his face was no impassive Oriental mask, but smiling and animated, as he began, in excellent idiomatic English, an apology for his intrusion. His manner was so respectful, his whole attitude so self-possessed and easy and confident, that I could meet him upon no less a level. I invited him to sit down.

"Thank you," he returned, accepting the chair and deftly tossing his long braided queue across his shoulder so that it lay over his knees. Even this slight act, so foreign to American ways, was so unobtrusively done as not to attract attention to itself.

My visitor pursued without a break: "No doubt you are wondering, Mr. Ferris, why I have trespassed upon your time this afternoon; and indeed, the object of my call is of such a delicate nature that I would hesitate to broach it were I not confident of winning your sympathy."

He paused; but I waited, profoundly curious. He eyed me briefly, and added:

"Perhaps you already know that, years ago, in China, I was quite well acquainted with your late father?"

There was just sufficient rising inflection to the declaration to betray that he was not positive about the extent of my knowledge on the point. I realized that he was feeling his way, that he had deliberately undertaken to draw me out. Well, I would follow the lead until more cards were exposed.

"No," I replied, "I did not know it. But," I added, "I recently had reason to suspect as much." Nothing in his manner betrayed how this impressed him.

"Then," he continued smoothly, "you can not, of course, be aware that on one or two occasions I was able, in a modest way, to be of some slight service to him."

"Indeed?" I sharply interrupted. "Am I to infer that any undischarged obligation exists?"

"No, no," he quickly protested. "Pray do not misunderstand me. I merely wanted to show you that our acquaintance was more than transient; we were, as a matter of fact,

friends. A feeling of obligation can not exist where friendship is.

"I hoped that you would have some knowledge of this; that you would know there were times when he imposed confidence in me—amid critical circumstances, if it is proper for me to say so—and that he never had cause to regret his trust."

"Please permit me to explain. Your lamented father was an ardent collector of Chinese curiosities and works of art—antiques, old porcelains, bronzes, ivory, jade, brass carvings and the like—and I, as you may imagine, had opportunities and advantages for procuring rare objects of virtu which he could not have had, that saved him many a dollar, and on one occasion at least, his life."

"I should like to hear about that last," I said quietly.

"When I have stated and explained the object of my errand here this afternoon, you will have the story. I trust you are now convinced"—he laughed naturally—"that I am not disingenuous, despite a smile that is childlike and bland."

I laughed with him. "Go on," I urged.

"It is something like thirty-three years ago, when I was a very young man, that I first met Mr. Peter B. Ferris. I was ambitious for knowledge, but at the time had not the means of gratifying my ambition."

"To be sure, I had studied as I could, without guidance; I possessed a fair smattering of English; but I had acquired only enough learning to know that I needed a university education. I wanted first to go to Peking, to imbibe all the noble historical and literary traditions of my own country, and then take a course at either Oxford or one of your own excellent schools. This last I never got to do."

"Well, during Mr. Ferris's travels as a tea-buyer we were brought together through the good offices of a friend of your father's."

"Major Hector Sylvester?" I could not refrain from interjecting. But Lao Wing Fu showed no surprise.

"Ah, I see the name is familiar to you," he observed in a modulated voice.

"Not only the name, but something of his tragic fate. You were there, I believe."

His eyes dropped and he sat for some time silent; but his countenance revealed only pensive lines, as if my words called up a sad memory. Presently he roused himself and once more my regard.

"Yes, I was there," he admitted in a quiet tone. "And if you will pardon me, Mr. Ferris, there are some things so horrible that even my tried philosophy falters. The mind shrinks from dwelling upon them. That ill-fated expedition is such a memory."

I confess that this view-point from the man facing me was unexpected and surprising, and I was not a little abashed.

"I'm sorry if I seemed carelessly to intrude upon your feelings, or to awaken bitter memories," I tried hastily to make amends; "but I'm not disinterested. I had hoped that you would be willing to talk about it—at least to tell me the fate of Major Sylvester's infant daughter, Marian."

"That," said Lao Wing Fu, "is the bitterest memory of all. What could you expect would be the fate of a babe in arms—in the circumstances?"

"I think I understand," I said, regretful that I had mentioned the topic at all. "I shall not interrupt again."

But the Chinaman himself did not allow the subject to drop.

"No—pardon me—you don't understand. As a testimony that I possessed Major Sylvester's friendship and esteem also—that was my high honor, Mr. Ferris—he made a grave obeisance—I will tell you this: When that brave man realized that death would be our portion, that I was the only one that had the least influence with the beasts that beset us, he entrusted his child to my keeping. I lost her. Now, perhaps you understand."

This speech was uttered with such impressive simplicity that I sat quiet for some time, respecting his silence. (To be continued.)

HANDLING THE BANANA CROP.

How the Planters Rush the Product to Market.

The value of the yield per acre of bananas in the Ceiba district, Honduras, is less than that of wheat, but, unlike wheat, the banana cannot be stored. It must be marketed when it is ready for marketing, as the demand in the north fluctuates with the extent of the fruit crop.

The banana planter does not go into his fields and pluck his bananas as he thinks fit. He has properly matured, but he has no telegraphic orders from the railway or steamship company to cut bananas on a certain day not more than thirty-six hours in advance of the scheduled departure of the ship. Cars are placed on his sidetrack, usually directly in the plantation.

The planter goes over his fields and cuts all fruit ready for shipping; neither too ripe nor too green, has it hauled to the waiting cars on mule-back or ex-carts and inspected.

At the close of the day the waiting cars are picked up by the banana trains and hauled to the coast. A day is required to load the ship, and three days later the vessel is in New Orleans.

Helping Uncle.

She came down to the drawing room to meet her special young man, with a frown on her pretty face.

"John," she said, "father saw you this morning going into a pawnbroker's with a large bundle."

John flushed. Then he said in a low voice:

"Yes, that is true. I was taking the pawnbroker some of my old clothes. You see, he and his wife are frightfully hard up."

"Oh, John, forgive me!" exclaimed the young girl. "How truly noble you are!"

SIR JOHN NIXON.

His Campaign in Mesopotamia Is Highly Praised.

Any day now we may hear from Sir John Nixon, commander-in-chief of the British army in Mesopotamia, of the fall of Bagdad, the great Mohammedan capital of the Far East. Most of Sir John's work has been in India. South Africa, where he led a cavalry division with great distinction, was an interlude—a welcome enough interlude in the dusty business of soldiering under the sun of Southern India. Educated at Wellington, he first served in the King's Own Borderers and the Bengal Lancers. One staff appointment after another kept him in the East, and though campaigning took him once to South Africa and several times to the Hills, he has been long years in the heat. When in April he took over the command of our forces in Mesopotamia, he found himself in the hottest spot on earth. Thirst and sand storms—sand storms that carry no refreshing wind with them, but only sand—have been among his troubles. He has



General Sir John Nixon

overcome them, and overcome the Turks into the bargain. Germany is growing a little less confident about a Berlin-Bagdad thoroughfare, and we all know in what terms Mr. Asquith, in his statement on the war the other day in Parliament, referred to Sir John's victorious campaign. "In April," said the Prime Minister, "a second division was added to the force, and the command was assumed by General Sir John Nixon. After a brilliant series, and an absolutely unchallenged series, of land and river operations, the Turks were driven back both up the Euphrates and up the Tigris. In July their final positions on both rivers were captured, with heavy casualties, and General Nixon's force is now within a measurable distance of Bagdad. I do not think that in the whole course of the war there has been a series of operations more carefully contrived, more brilliantly conducted, and with a better prospect of final success."

STARVATION IN POLAND.

Memorial Urging Better Industrial Conditions.

Pleading that 3,000,000 persons dependent on the industries of Poland are starving, the Workmen's Union of Poland has sent to the Governor General, Herr von Beseler, a memorial urging the re-opening of the factories, the adoption of a protective tariff and the return of machines, mechanical fittings, and especially belts and gears, which were taken out of factories and workshops during the early days of German occupation.

The memorial states that "the working population of Poland includes 350,000 workmen in factories, 60,000 in the building trades and 590,000 in small industries." Including the families of these workmen, this industrial population reaches a total of 3,000,000 persons, with a normal income of about \$150,000,000 a year.

A certain proportion of this population, it is stated, has been sent to Germany, and another section is receiving aid from former employers—where the latter are still able to help.

"But there is still a great mass of people who are actually starving," says the memorial, "and for the sake of these persons it is advisable to put at least some of the factories into operation, especially the sugar, vinegar and yeast factories, mills, breweries, sawmills, brick yards and foundries."

The memorial deals briefly with the question of articles commandeered by the German military authorities, stating that the complete confiscation of all raw material would paralyze industry, and that enough machinery should be left in the factories to enable them to continue in partial operation.

The customs tariff promulgated on June 22 by the German commander is criticized as unsuitable, because it fails to protect Polish industry, and even in normal times would bring about its ruin. Therefore the establishment of the old tariff is asked. There is a further demand for a lowering of railway rates, which are alleged to be now on a burdensome and impossible scale.

Pumice stone is a mineral thrown out by volcanoes.

PRACTICAL FARMING

Disinfecting Stables.

In any outbreak of infectious diseases among animals thorough disinfection of the premises is essential to prevent the spread of the contagion. Certain substances, such as fresh slaked lime or unslaked lime in powder form, chloride of lime, carbolic acid, corrosive sublimate, formalin, formaldehyde gas, and compound solution of cresol possess the power of destroying bacteria with which they come in contact. To make the use of such substances of value, however, the work must be done with the utmost thoroughness. Careless disinfection is probably worse than none, for it merely serves to give a false sense of security.

In the disinfection of stables and premises the following directions should be carefully observed:

First—Sweep ceilings, side walls, stall partitions, floors and other surfaces until free from cobwebs and dust.

Second—Remove all accumulations of filth by scraping, and if woodwork has become decayed, porous or absorbent it should be removed, burned and replaced with new material.

Third—If the floor is of earth remove four inches from the surface and in places where it shows staining with urine a sufficient depth should be replaced to expose fresh earth. All earth removed should be replaced with earth from an uncontaminated source, or a new floor of concrete may be laid, which is very durable and easily cleaned.

Fourth—All refuse and material from stable and barnyard should be removed to a place not accessible to cattle or hogs and covered with freshly slaked lime. If this manure is spread on fields it should be turned under immediately, while the wood should be burned.

Fifth—The entire interior of the stable, especially the feeding troughs and drains, should be saturated with a disinfectant, as a three per cent. solution of compound of cresol, which would be four ounces of the compound to every gallon of water.

The best method of applying the disinfectant is by means of a strong spray pump, such as those used by orchardists.

This method is efficient in disinfection against most of the contagious

and infectious diseases of animals and should be applied immediately following any outbreak, and, as a matter of precaution, it may be used once or twice yearly.

Orchard Helps.

It takes about eight years to get an apple orchard into good bearing, but if during this time the work is well done, a permanent income is practically insured.

It is a mistake to set out trees more than two years old. Many good orchardists prefer yearlings, but two-year-olds generally produce the best results.

A young apple tree does not require much pruning until it is four or five years old, and the tree can be shaped better at that age than when early pruning is resorted to.

The orchard that has been properly cared for requires very little pruning after it comes into full bearing.

New Alfalfa.

New seedlings of alfalfa should not be pastured. The ground in these fields is not firm and considerable damage is done by the trampling of the plants, especially during wet weather. Fields established a year or more may be pastured lightly in the fall, but should never be eaten down close.

If the growth of alfalfa is not very strong the field may be top-dressed any time during the fall, preferably just after the third cutting has been removed. New seedlings may be top-dressed at any time except during wet weather when the ground is soft.

Clean Water Essential.

An important factor in dairy feeding is the supply of water. In the summer, with plenty of grass and green forage, and in the winter with roots and silage, the consumption of water is relatively less than when the cows are on dry feed, but cows must always have plenty of pure, fresh water if they are to produce pure milk. Unless the pastures and yards are watered by a brook or a spring, the water should be procured from a well, kept clean and not subject to surface drainage and free from foreign matter and taints of any kind.

MYSTERY OF HEREDITY.

Startling New Theory Shows Unexpected Results.

Scientific studies of heredity are showing some very interesting and unexpected results. We know that the typical character of a man undergoes variations at different periods of a long life, and that the son is likely to "take after" his father. But we notice, often with surprise, that capacities that were dominant in a father, which gave him sometimes great reputation, frequently are entirely lacking in his son.

Literary distinction, genius in any particular direction, which distinguishes a certain father are quite frequently absent in the case of his son. In wondering at this we fail to take note of the period in the father's life when he "made his mark." After patient investigation science has come to the conclusion that the son inherits from his father only the qualities that were dominant at the time of his birth.

These conclusions are set forth in the book called "Dynamic Evolution," by Caspar L. Redfield, recently published. The author writes:

"As a general proposition the man between 20 and 30 is aggressive, ambitious and conceited. He would rule the world with a club. This stage gradually merges into another, so that as a general proposition the man between 30 and 40 is in the artistic stage of life. He is a lover of poetry, music, painting and sculpture."

"The artistic stage gradually merges into the practical stage, which may be generally defined as between 40 and 50. The practical man looks at the dollars and cents, wishes to improve government, and has the qualities of statesmanship. As he passes beyond 50 into his older age he becomes philosophic in his sentiments and moral in his maxims."

"These different qualities are simply different forms of one and the same mental energy within the man, and they are spread out through his life much as red rays, yellow rays,

blue rays and violet rays, all from the same white light, are spread out by the spectroscopic."

That the son will partake of the father's type of mental energy that was dominant at the time of the son's birth is shown to be substantiated by history and biography. Mr. Redfield presents a classified list of world celebrities together with the ages of their respective fathers at the time of their birth. For example, Alexander, Bonaparte, Charlemagne, Grant, Hannibal, Pompey and Roosevelt were all born when their fathers were at the age of less than 31, the age of militarism and aggressiveness.

At the age of 31 to 40, the artistic age, their fathers presented to the world such geniuses as Bach, Beethoven, Goethe, Shakespeare, Raphael, Carlyle and others of their status. In the list of statesmen these were born when their fathers were aged from 41 to 50: Bismarck, Cato, Cromwell, Machiavelli, Webster. Great names in philosophy born when their fathers were over 51 are: Aristotle, Bacon, Buddha, Confucius, Franklin, Moses and Solomon.

"While men born in one of these divisions," writes the author, "may show the type of character represented in the next adjacent division, above or below, the extremes do not meet. No mild-mannered moralist of the type represented by Buddha and Confucius is found in the son of a man less than 31 years of age, and no aggressive military commander of the type of Alexander or Napoleon is found in the son of a man more than 31 years of age."

It is remarked that Mohammed, whose father was 25, though a moralist and prophet, would rule the world by the sword; also that a great general, whose father was 51, went to war because his moral obligations forced him to do so and not because he wanted to.

If a man is married to a good woman he may not think it necessary to go to church.

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Northrup & Lyman, Toronto. Abbey's Est. Salt Co., Toronto. McClary's Store Co., London, Ont. Law Union & Rock Ins. Co., Montreal. James Hutton & Co., Montreal. National Electric Heating Co., Toronto. Doverscourt Land Building Co., 22 King St., East, Toronto. Cartwright-Leith & Roy Co., 219 King St., West, Toronto. Music Specialty Co., 38 Wellington St., East, Toronto. Adams Leather Goods Co., 260 Yonge St., Toronto. Parker's Dye Works, 714 York St., Toronto. Scholl Mfg. Co., 214 King St., East, Toronto. Thompson Furniture Co., 244 Adelaide, Ont.

ABOUT THE HOUSEHOLD

Economical Recipes.

Rice Pudding.—One quart milk (skimmed is all right), 1-3 cup washed rice, ½ cup sugar, ½ teaspoon salt, 1 teaspoon vanilla.

Sago Pudding.—One cup sago. Soak 2 hours in 1 quart of water, then add a few grains of salt, 4 table-spoons sugar and 8 large apples quartered. Bake 2 hours.

Tapioea Rouge.—Soak four table-spoons tapioea in cold water for several hours. Boil until thick and clear. Stir into this while boiling a cup of red currant jelly. When thoroughly blended put into a mold. Serve cold with cream.

Delicious Cake Without Eggs or Butter.—One cup thick sour milk, 1 cup sugar, ½ cup lard, 2 cups flour, 1 cup chopped raisins, a few grains of salt, 1 teaspoon soda, 1 teaspoon cinnamon, ½ teaspoon cloves, ½ teaspoon nutmeg. Stir soda into flour, add melted lard, sugar, salt and spices. Add raisins to flour. Beat all ingredients together. This makes 1 loaf or 12 small cakes baked in gem pans.

Whole Wheat Pudding.—One-half teaspoon soda, 1 cup sweet milk, 2 cups whole wheat flour, ½ teaspoon salt, ½ cup molasses, 1 cup raisins, 1 cup broken walnut meats, 1 teaspoon baking powder. Dissolve soda in milk; add flour, salt and molasses; beat hard. Add raisins, stoned and flour-ed, nuts and baking powder. Mix and turn into a greased mold. Steam three hours and serve with any hot pudding sauce.

Marshmallow Pudding.—Prepare a lemon jelly; pour a very little into a plain mold or dish; add a layer of baked marshmallows. Cut the marsh-mallows with scissors. When this layer sets, add more jelly, add more marshmallows and proceed until jelly is all used. The lemon jelly can be kept in a warm room, so that it will not jelly before ready to be used. Serve with whipped cream.

Rolly Poly Pudding.—Make a suet crust; roll to the thickness of one-half an inch; place any desired jam in the centre and spread equally over the paste, allowing a margin of about half an inch for the pudding to join. Roll up lightly, join the ends securely, place upon a floured cloth and bind with tape, allowing a little room for the pudding to swell. Plunge into boiling water and boil two hours or steam for the same length of time.

Rice and Cabbage Soup.—Three cups shredded, half-cooked cabbage, one-half cup rice, two quarts stock, butter and Parmesan cheese. Half-cooked cabbage should be cut into stripes and fried in butter. Wash rice and boil until tender in stock, which should be well seasoned. Add cabbage, let them boil together until cabbage is tender, and pass freshly grated Parmesan cheese when serving. This is an Italian recipe.

Pumpkin Pie Without Eggs.—Here is a recipe for pumpkin pie without eggs. Remove the pulp and seeds from the pumpkins and cut into inch cubes; do not remove the skin. Stew until dry and of a rich brown color. Then sift. To make the pie use one cupful of sifted pumpkin, one cupful of sugar, one full tablespoonful of flour, one-fourth of a tablespoon each of salt, cinnamon and ginger. Mix these dry ingredients thoroughly, and then add slowly one pint of rich, sweet milk that is scalding hot. Have ready a deep pie plate lined with pastry cut to turn up at the edge far enough to be pinched into scallops. Wet in cold water a strip of white cotton cloth one and one-half inches wide and pin it around the scalloped edge. Fill the crust and bake in a moderate oven until the middle of the pie is quite firm.

Hints to Housewives.

A little saltpetre in the water will keep flowers fresh a week.

Baking soda wet and bound on warts will remove them, it is said. Few pails or tubs should be painted with glycerine to prevent shrinking.

Did you ever try adding a cup of cold, cooked oatmeal to beef or tomato soup?

To keep pancakes from being greasy and heavy, do not have batter too thick and be sure that the griddle is piping hot.

Mirrors spot when the light falling on them is too strong. Place them so that the light comes from the sides.

When water is spilt on a highly-polished table rub with furniture cream as soon as the water is wiped off and no mark will remain.

Rub a little vinegar on the skin if your hands get very cold whilst you are hanging clothes out to dry. The trick makes the hands much warmer. Ink can be removed from washing material by sprinkling a little tomato juice on to the stain; after leaving for a few minutes wash in the usual way.

In washing dishcloths, instead of using soap or borax, put a quantity of soap in the water and boil them. The grease and soda make a soap that does its own work and cloths smell sweet.

If you wish flower slips to bloom while plants are young, put the cuttings in small crocks. As soon as the crocks are filled with roots, plant and they will begin to bloom, especially geraniums.

Whenever you have collected a

number of ends of soap shred them into an old saucepan, and add to every ¼ lb. soap one pint of water. Let this just simmer, and then cool. Result: A splendid jelly for washing flannels and so on.

To perfume linen use rose leaves dried in the shade or at about four feet from a stove, one pound; cloves, caraway seeds and allspice, of each one ounce; pound in a mortar or grind in a mill. Mix all these together and put the compound into little bags.

It has been found an excellent plan, when making soldiers' gloves or mittens to stitch a piece of leather on the palms. This effectually prevents the rifle rubbing and wearing the wool, as well as gives the wearer a firmer grip upon his weapon. Pieces of kid cut from gentlemen's old gloves are very suitable for this purpose.

The sink should be washed down after the washing up after each meal, and once each day a handful of soda should be placed over the sink grating and a kettle of boiling water poured over it in order to dissolve and wash away any grease that has accumulated in the pipe and which, if allowed to remain, would decompose and give rise to an unhealthy odor.

As soon as a picture nail driven in a wall gets loose and the plaster begins to break around it, it can be made solid and firm by the following process: Saturate a bit of wadding with thick glue, wrap as much as possible round the nail and reinsert the latter in the hole, pressing it home as strongly as possible. The nail will thus be firmly fastened in its place.

When preparing to pack a trunk have four or five pieces of cardboard the size of your trunk, so that they will slip in easily. Wrap dresses or blouses in tissue paper and attach them to these boards with tape. You can then pack and unpack many times and your dresses will not be disturbed, but will come out when needed as fresh as when first packed.

MAIMED SOLDIERS.

Science Now Knows Why They Can Still "Feel" Their Lost Limbs.

A nurse recently returned from Paris said that soldiers who had lost a limb "frequently complained of feeling a touch upon it" though the limb was perhaps far removed from their sight—lying somewhere along the battle front.

A well-known English surgeon gives the reason for this peculiar sensation in an interesting article he has prepared on "Surgery in the Army." He says:

"It is a well-known fact that not merely for a few hours but for weeks and even months after a limb has been cut off or taken off, the person seems to feel sensations in it, or rather in the place where it once was and is conscious of it in different positions as though it were present. These sensations are very vivid for a time; the patient says that he feels his lost arm lying by his side, or on his breast or even that he has a peculiar tingling or aching in the fingers that are gone, and the like.

"Precisely similar sensations are noticed when a leg has been amputated. But the common idea that these sensations have anything to do with the lost limb itself is very childish, for this may be thrown in the fire immediately after removal, or otherwise destroyed or mutilated, and the patient will know nothing of it if he is not told.

"The true explanation is very simple.

"We learn from infancy to associate certain local sensations with certain muscular movements. The nerve carries the impression of the sensation to the brain, and the brain becomes conscious of the feeling as belonging to a particular muscular action. After this muscular action is no longer possible the nerves may still, through irritation, weakness or disease, take an impression to the brain, which is intensely localized through habit with the remembered muscular action.

"This is one of the proofs of what physicians call a muscular sense. This is not to be regarded as an actively conscious sense, like sight or touch, but is rather of the nature of organic sense, giving its information and working its effect without definite consciousness. This internal sensibility corresponds to every changing condition of the muscles, and even after the removal of a limb, or any part of the body, the sensations associated with it by the consciousness may remain."

TRIBUTE TO TEMPERANCE.

It Has Ameliorated Condition of Russian Refugees.

The editor of the Ruskyy Slovoe, who has made a personal tour of the roads on which there is a great congestion of refugees from western Russia, writes of the terrible conditions prevailing. But, he says, "we have to thank the work of public organizations, the mild autumn with late rains, and the temperance of the people for the fact that the crisis is passing without grave disturbances. To temperance, more than any other factor, is due the heroic calm with which the homeless wanderers are pursuing their melancholy pilgrimage."

It may be easier to coax a woman than to drive her, but it's a lot more expensive.

THE CZAR'S FAMILY.

Present Great War Has Greatly Benefited Them.

The war has made a great difference to the Russian royal family. In the days before the war the Czarina lived in constant dread of her husband and children being assassinated and could scarcely bear them out of her sight. Indeed, so ill did she become with worry that to please her the great ballroom at the Winter Palace in Petrograd was turned into a bedroom for the whole family, in order, to quote the Czarina, that in the case of an outrage they "might all be together."

That is all changed now, however. The Czarina cheerfully said "good-bye" to her husband when he went to take his place at the head of his armies, and she and her daughters are working indefatigably on behalf of the wounded. The Czarina has no time for morbid worrying and is consequently in splendid health, and is one of the most energetic and hard-working women in Russia.

The Russian Grand Duchesses are charming and clever girls, and have profited by the careful training of their mother. The Grand Duchess Olga is an excellent musician and the Grand Duchess Tatiana paints like a professional artist. Both sisters speak several languages with equal facility, and both are very fond of riding and of outdoor exercise. The Empress likes her children to practise every kind of sport and to spend as much time as they can in the open air, and she has tried to give them an education on strict English lines, like the one she received herself.



To Dowager Queen Alexandra, Marlborough House, London, England, born at Copenhagen, Denmark, Dec. 1, 1844.

Aching Hearts.

"All seems gayly at a ball. Yet I suppose many a lady who is dancing here to-night has a heart that is aching."

"Yes, or a couple of corns."

Happiness is less apt to be a case of luck than pluck.

Brigadier-General F. S. MEIGHEN

C.P.R. New Director



It was the most logical thing for the greatest transportation corporation in the world to reach out and pick Frank Stephen Meighen off the financial landscape. When the shareholders of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, at its recent annual meeting, held in Montreal, voted "Yes" to the addition of this "coming" young Canadian to its Directorate, the business world of the wide world nodded its approval. He was the man that fit the square post for the square hole, the right man, branded and labelled "C.P.R."

Back from the trenches of France and Flanders, the smell of the powder still on him, his ear-drums still quivering with the shock of the bursting shrapnel, Brigadier-General Meighen—for such is his title—makes a picturesque entry into the larger field. Well has he served his bleeding country. The best evidence of this could probably be obtained from the few surviving Germans who engaged the then Colonel Meighen's Fourteenth Battalion at St. Julien. Called home to lead his experienced advice to the Militia authorities of Canada, the honors of war gained only by duty well done have overtaken the young regimental commander.

But military prowess is not essential to the make up of the Canadian Pacific Railway Director, and men do not graduate in the service of their country in an industrial way by leading gallant Canadian soldiers to victory in Europe. In the veins of this man runs the blood of Mount Stephen. The first President of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, Lord Mount Stephen, was General Meighen's uncle. Robert Meighen, father of the new Director, was a railway associate of Mount Stephen, and himself a Director of the road. Here, then, is the Meighen pedigree: it is a piece of the C. P. R.'s family tree.

Robert Meighen was a big man in his day and he left his imprint on the country. His C. P. R. affiliations were extensive, and it is appropriate that his son should resume the connection direct. One of the father's achievements was the founding of the Lake of the Woods Milling Company, and in more recent years Frank S. Meighen has been widely known as its President. In addition to the large interest held by the Robert Meighen estate in the great railway company, this Lake of the Woods Milling Company, one of the largest of its kind in the world, has been for many years one of the biggest of the railway's customers.

Let no one imagine, however, that this new member of a galaxy of Canada's captains of industry, is without merit of his own, or that he is riding into the C. P. R. board room on family prestige. At the present time he holds the following important offices: President of the Lake of the Woods Milling Company; a Director of the Bank of Toronto; President of the New Brunswick Railway Company; a Director of the Canadian North-West Land Company; President of the Montreal Opera Company; Director of the Paton Manufacturing Company. To figure thus prominently in the business life of the Dominion is to prove his great personal ability and mental acumen. "Level-headed" is the adjective that the big business men of Canada apply to Frank S. Meighen.

While filling so large a place as this, General Meighen has still found time to play. Throughout Eastern Canada he is noted as an expert exponent of the hazardous game of pony polo, and many a enthusiastic sportsman in won by his own skill and daring. He is an enthusiastic sportsman in many directions, as is evident in his membership in the following clubs: The Forest and Stream, the Montreal Hunt, the Back River Polo, the Montreal Jockey, the Toronto Hunt, and others.

General Meighen was born at Montreal, December 24, 1869. He was educated at Montreal High School and graduated in Arts from McGill University in 1891. He began his business life in the steamship office of the Robert Reford Company, later entering the service of the Lake of the Woods Milling Company, in their Montreal office. For many years he was Treasurer of the Company, succeeding to the Presidency on the death of his father in 1911.

Besides the clubs mentioned General Meighen is a member of the St. James and University Clubs of Montreal; the York Club of Toronto; the Junior Athenaeum, of London, England; and the Point Judith Club, of Narragansett Pier. His public-spiritedness is indicated in the fact that he was Honorary Treasurer of the local committee for the Quebec Tercentenary Celebration in 1908, and was one of the principal promoters of the Typhoid Emergency Hospital, in Montreal, in 1910.

HE SAW PRESENT WAR COMING

SOME CHARACTERISTICS OF SIR JOHN FRENCH.

Countess of Warwick Describes British Commander as a Man of Iron Will.

In the London Daily Express the Countess of Warwick gives an interesting sketch of Sir John French. She writes:—

My first meeting with Field Marshal Sir John French, commander-in-chief of the "contemptible little army," dates back to the South African War. My latest meeting with him was in August of last year. On each occasion he was on the point of leaving for the front.

In the wide space that separates the Boer War from the great international conflict, we met very often; he was frequently our guest at Easton Lodge and sometimes at Warwick Castle, and I visited him at Government House, Aldershot. I have had many opportunities of hearing his views of the world problem that confronts us now, for he had seen it coming nearer and nearer, and had labored night and day to meet it. Other men had doubts; he found no room for any.

It was at Claridge's Hotel we met during the Boer War. My eldest son, Guy, Lord Brooke, had then arrived at the ripe age of seventeen and still at Eton, had sold all his personal effects, including his fur coat and jewellery given him by family and friends, to provide himself with the means of getting to the front and equipping himself when there. We only learned his intentions when it was too late to stop them, and I do not think that either my husband or myself was really anxious to keep him from serving his country. The only difficulty was, to find him something useful to do, and Sir John offered to take him on his staff as a galloper. To-day I am pleased to think that he is still serving under him, now as brigadier-general.

Has an Iron Will.

I recall General French as I saw him at Claridge's, firm-mouthed, curt in manner, briefly incisive in speech, saying no more than was absolutely necessary, and looking at me with the curious glance that bespeaks the man of action who dreams and sees visions. A strong, resolute figure, with an iron will behind it, a human war machine in perfect order—that was my first impression.

Many of my soldier friends were with him in South Africa, where his gifts as a cavalry leader roused enthusiasm. Writing home from the front, they told me he had but one fault as a commanding officer—he could not realize that horses do not respond as readily as soldiers to human emotions. He could over-drive his men, and they did their utmost for him, because they had implicit belief in their leader's direction and unbounded faith in his skill.

He came back to England wearing all the laurels of a successful general, and I met him several times in town. "The dust of praise that is blown everywhere" was no more to John French than any other dust. He brushed it sharply away.

When the Entente Cordiale was in the air, and there was a chance that Great Britain and France would work side by side, he was delighted. Such an arrangement was for him an ideal one, and he was, I may say, one of the first, if not the very first, of our leading military men who showed a full appreciation of its value. Unfortunately, though a well-educated man, in a strictly professional sense, a deeply-read man, he had no knowledge of the French language, and he could not rest until that defect was remedied. So in the summer of 1908—I think this was the year—he settled in the little village of La Boule, near Rouen, and lived for three months in absolute retirement, mastering the language. He would not claim to have acquired the Parisian accent, but he can at least speak fluently.

We were motoring through France that summer, and stayed in the little hotel he had chosen for his headquarters. He was extremely anxious to take me on a motor tour over the scene of Napoleon's last campaign, an ambition of long standing only now possible of fulfilment.

Studied German Methods.

Taking for his motto "Fas est ab hoste doceri," "It is allowable to learn even from an enemy," he adapted what he thought was best from the German methods, and it is well known that he and his close friend, Sir Douglas Haig, in making the British Army the perfect machine that it is, bore well in mind the lessons to be gathered from the German manoeuvres.

He objected strongly to the German close formation, holding it wasteful and unwise. He had grafted South African experience on his stock of tactical knowledge, and if the drilling of our men was terribly hard, he and Sir Douglas have found the ripe fruits of it in that wonderful retreat from Mons and in the battles round Ypres. For German thoroughness he had a generous and unstinted admiration. Prejudice can find no place in his mind.

A born soldier, he is merciless to

the inefficient. He broke a high officer, who was also a personal friend, because that officer made a bad blunder. Private considerations were swept aside, as they always were with him. He spares nobody, least of all himself, but his men love him almost as much as they trust him, and he watches over their proper comforts with a jealous eye.

Deep Student of War.

I do not think Sir John reads much save books dealing with military questions. He does not hunt or shoot or play polo, indeed, acknowledge the claims of any form of sport. He stands as far apart from the ordinary mundane interests of life as any professor in the cloistered peace of an old university town, and yet he is full to the brim of vitalizing enthusiasms not to be overlooked by his friends because they are so finely controlled.

He lives in his profession, and breathes the very air of it; soldiering claims his every thought, and yet he is in no aspect the "beau sabreur" of the Ouida novels. If you were to drive with him through the most exquisite landscape, his mind's eye would at once select the salient points of attack and defence, he would grasp every military possibility of what lay before him, but the surrounding beauty would pass him by. Sometimes we have talked of war. "I hate war as much as you do," he has said to me more than once, "but—" There it ends, and he is looking with far-seeing eyes at encounters yet to be.

Much of the recent gossip in London has endeavored to suggest that he has been a party to the intrigues of others. I venture to say that nobody who understands Sir John could make such a foolish mistake. The personal interests and trickery of small natures have no meaning for him. First and last and all the time he is a soldier, probably the one soldier who could have overcome the enormous difficulties by which he has been faced.

THE FIRST CUP OF TEA.

Origin of the Great Chinese Tea Industry.

The Chinese claim to be the first users of tea as a drink, and how it originated is told in a pretty little legend that dates from 2,000 years before the coming of Christ. A daughter of a then reigning sovereign fell in love with a young nobleman whose humble birth excluded him from marrying her. They managed to exchange glances, and he occasionally gathered a few blossoms and had them conveyed to her. One day in the palace garden the lovers met, and the young man endeavored to give her a few flowers, but so keen was the watchfulness of her attendants all she could grasp was a little twig with green leaves. On reaching her room she put the twig in water and, towards evening, she drank the water in which the twig had been kept. So agreeable was the taste that she even ate the leaves and stalks; every day afterwards she had bunches of the tea brought to her, which she treated in the same way. Imitation being the sincerest form of flattery the ladies of the Court tried the experiment, and with such pleasing results that the custom spread throughout the kingdom—and the great Chinese tea industry became a fait accompli.

WAR ON THE LOCUST.

Russian Authorities Take Measures to Stamp Out the Pests.

A remarkably successful campaign has recently been conducted by the Russian Government against locusts in Turkestan, where formerly the inhabitants, for religious reasons, did hardly anything to check the ravages of these insects.

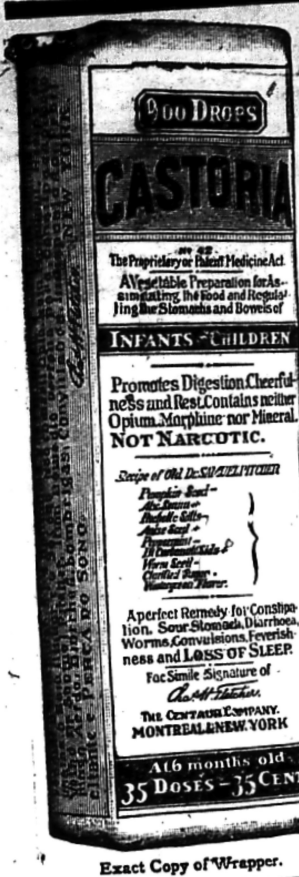
Turkestan supplies almost half the cotton used in Russian mills, and raises other valuable crops. As recently as 1901 locusts caused an annual loss of more than \$2,000,000 in this region, and only primitive methods of dealing with them were in vogue. The loss has now been reduced to virtually nothing.

The methods employed by the Russians include: Preparation in summer and autumn of forecast maps showing the position, age and density of egg centres of each district; treatment of the infested areas with paris green, or, better, molassed sodium arsenite, as soon as the larvae appear; scorching by knapsack machine of larvae in places not accessible to sprayers, devoid of vegetation, or far from water courses of sufficient capacity to keep the sprayers going; capture of larvae in pits or ditches.

Had a Heavy Voice.

Some time ago the guests at a reception were discussing the relative merits of several songsters, when one of the party turned to a man named Brown. "By the way, Brown," said he, "you are something of a singer, are you not?" "Not on your life!" was the emphatic response. "I never sang a note that somebody didn't threaten to send in a riot call. You are probably thinking of my brother." "Perhaps I am," was the thoughtful rejoinder of the other. "Has he a heavy bass voice?" "Yes," smiled Brown, "so heavy that it makes him bow-legged to carry it."

The man who knows enough to attend to his own business knows enough.



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CASTORIA

A Britannia Orchard Made a Profit

Apples and pears netted a profit this year in the Department of Agriculture Demonstration Orchard at Britannia. This orchard along the centre road has been watched with the keenest interest during the last two years, while scientific college men went out there from time to time with old clothes on and sprayed and pruned and cultivated it. Everybody wondered whether the scientific man's argument would pay. Those who know the place before remembered that the fruit crop had always been light and wormy and they have also noticed that even in an "off year" like 1915 was, the trees had a fair load of apples. Another convincing argument in favor of properly caring for an orchard was brought forth last spring when the tent caterpillar had stripped nearly all the leaves off the fruit trees on nearby farms while you couldn't find one twig bare of its leaves in the Demonstration Orchard that had been sprayed.

Now then we are so far convinced that spraying an orchard etc. makes an orchard look better the same way as grooming a horse or feeding a calf on meal & a them look better. But the question is, does it pay? Following is a complete accurate statement of expenditure and income from this orchard in 1915. Farmers who have a few old apple trees that don't appear to be worth much should study these results and remember them in time to arrange for their orchard next year.

EXPENDITURE	
April 4 loads of manure at \$1...	4 00
Cultivating 12 hrs with team	5 00
Half bus buckwheat at 80c	40
1st spray Apr 22:	
12 gal. lime sulphur	2 40
2 men 4 hrs	1 60
1 horse 4 hours	40
2nd spray May 6:	
4 gal. lime sulphur	90
8 1/2 lbs arsenate of lead	85
2 men 3 1/2 hours	1 40
1 team 3 1/2 hours	70
3rd spray May 26:	
4 gal. lime sulphur	90
9 lbs arsenate of lead	90
2 men 3 1/2 hours	1 40
1 team 3 1/2 hours	70
Aug. 1-65 baskets for pears	2 60
Nov. 1-12 barrels	6 00
Labor picking, packing &c	6 00
Total	\$87 15
RECEIPTS	
Aug. 26 baskets French Beauty pears at 80c	7 50
40 baskets Bartlett pears at 85c	14 00
Nov. 7 barrels Baldwin at \$3...	21 00
5 Spys	20 00
Total	\$61 50
Profit \$61 50 - \$87 15 equals	\$25 85

Streetsville Public Library

Open Monday and Friday from 9 to 12 a. m. only.
Open all other days from 9 to 12, 2 to 5 and 7 to 9.

RIVER PARK LODGE No. 856
A. F. & A. M. G. R. C.
Meets in the Masonic Hall, Streetsville, each Tuesday on or before full moon.
W. C. MURPHY, W. M.
L. MONTGOMERY, Secy.

SPRINGFIELD COUNCIL No. 806, C.O.C.F.
Meets in the Hall at Erindale on the second and last Mondays of each month. Visiting brethren always welcome.
GEO. BURKE, C. C.
C. H. PAGE, Secy.

BRITANNIA L. O. L. No 383.
Meets in their Lodge Room Queen St. Streetsville, on Wednesday on or before the full moon every month, at 8 o'clock p. m. Visiting brethren will be heartily welcomed.
T. M. MCRAE, W. M.
G. BUTLER, Secy.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS
Streetsville Lodge No. 122
Meets in their own Hall every Friday evening at eight o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
J. HALEY, W. M.
R. G. Grand

Court Streetsville No 1243 I. O. F.
Meets in their Hall every Monday in each month at 8 o'clock in the Review Society Hall, Queen Street. Visiting brethren will always receive a cordial welcome.
O. H. FALCONER, W. M.
O. H. FALCONER, Secy.

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Winter Term opens January 3rd.

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We use Brass or Porcelain Cylinders to suit customers
Having purchased a well drill I am prepared to do all kinds of drilling.
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Winter Tours to California Florida Etc
At this season of the year many are planning their winter tours. Considerable numbers annually visit the ever popular California resorts, while many choose the flowers and sunshine of Florida together with the very even climate. Numerous people in comfortable circumstances, well able to afford a winter tour, have the mistaken idea that a trip of this nature is most expensive. This is not so. Thanks to modern railway facilities, an expensive trip, both interesting and educational, may be made with speed and comfort at comparatively small cost. Why not investigate?

The Canadian Pacific Railway offers particularly good service to Detroit, where direct connection is made for Florida, via Cincinnati, Ohio and Atlanta, Ga. Jacksonville, Florida, is reached second morning after leaving Detroit. Excellent connections for Florida can also be made via Buffalo.

The Canadian Pacific-Michigan Central Route (via Michigan Central train) tubes between Windsor and Detroit will be found the ideal line to Chicago where direct connection is made for the Southern States. New Orleans is reached second morning after leaving Toronto.

Direct connection is also made at Chicago for points in California, Texas, Arizona, etc.

The Dining Parlor and Sleeping car service between Toronto, Detroit and Chicago is up-to-date in every particular. Connecting lines also operate through sleeping and dining cars.

Those contemplating a trip of any nature will receive full information from any C. P. R. agent, or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

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Sold at less than city prices.

Kindly give us a call when you need anything in above lines
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PORT CREDIT

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Get your Butter
Paper printed at The
Review office.

Representative Wanted

at once for STREETSVILLE and District for the OLD RELIABLE
FONTHILL NURSERIES
FARMERS! Why remain idle all Winter when you can take up a paying agency?
Choice list of varieties for Spring Planting. Liberal Terms. Handsome Free Outfit. Exclusive Territory.
Write Now for Particulars

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For Life, Fire and Accident Insurance
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To Issue Marriage Licenses
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Phone 44.

Winter Session

Opens January 8th in all departments of Shaw's Business Schools, Toronto. Our Catalogue explains our superiority in Equipment, Staff, Methods and Results. You are invited to write for it if interested in the kind of school work which brings best success. Address W. H. Shaw, President, Young and Gerrard Sts., Toronto.

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Source and Pine Flooring
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Farmers and others in need of tile should get our prices.

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Licensed Embalmers, Funeral Directors and Furniture Dealers

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Personal Attention Day or Night
Try us with a furniture order.
Our expenses are small and profits small.
We can save you money.
Lest you forget—we do Picture Framing

POTATOES

We have a carload of Choice Potatoes at Rock Bottom Price—grown on sandy land. They are going fast. If you want some of these, order early

W. COUSE. Streetsville

800 Men Wanted

The Peel Battalion which is being organized for overseas service by the Militia Department under the command of Lt.-Colonel Hamilton of Port Credit needs still over 800 men.

The Battalion known as the 128th Peel has to date secured 800 recruits, and the balance necessary to complete the establishment are wanted; immediately. Battalion Headquarters have been established at St. Helen's Barracks, Toronto, where 225 men are now quartered.

No. 1 Company of the Battalion will be stationed at Brampton Barracks, where there are now 75 men in training under the command of Captain Stilwell. The quarters both in Toronto and Brampton are extremely comfortable, good food and accommodation having been provided for a complete battalion. The full issue of clothing, including uniforms, is at coats, socks, boots, etc., has been issued to the hands of Captain Gray of Port Credit, the Battalion Quartermaster, for over 30 days, so that recruits are now completely outfitted the day they enlist. Captain MacKay, The Medical Officer, is on duty either at Brampton or Toronto every day and is kept busy engaged in examining prospective recruits.

While recruiting has been fairly good during the past ten days, the recruiting staff of the Battalion expects a great increase immediately after Christmas, and with the object of putting the matter before every eligible man in the County, Captain Bird, the Battalion recruiting officer, is organizing a recruiting campaign to cover the entire County.

Beginning immediately after Christmas meetings will be held at every large centre in the County, including Brampton, Port Credit, Etobicoke, Streetsville, Cooksville, Inglewood, Altamora Road, Malton, and in the meantime men who have already enlisted in the 128th will act as recruiting sergeants in the above places and by authority to enlist men desiring to join. Any man prepared to join may apply to the recruiting sergeant and through him receive railway transport free either from a Port Credit man or a Toronto man. Men not prepared to join at once may signify their intention to do so to the recruiting sergeant when they can report for duty. Any man enlisting will be allowed a few days leave to wind up his affairs.

It is hoped that enough men from each centre will enlist to permit of the formation of platoons and companies from each place, so that the 128th will be made up for example of a Brampton company composed of entirely Brampton men, a Bolton platoon of Bolton men or an Inglewood section of Inglewood men and so on.

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Prices on Application
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AND PORT CREDIT HERALD

48th Year No. 52

STREETSVILLE, PEEL CO., ONTARIO, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1915

Price 5 Cents

THE WELFARE OF THE PEOPLE IS THE SUPREME LAW.

Electors of Streetsville

Ladies and Gentlemen
Your Vote and Influence are respectfully solicited for

T. A. Bowie, MD

As Reeve
For 1916

The Man of
Experience

Electors of Streetsville

Your Vote and Influence
are respectfully solicited for

R. H. GREIG

As Reeve
For 1916

Electors of Streetsville

Ladies and Gentlemen:
Your Vote and Influence are respectfully solicited for

J. E. Alderson

As Councillor
FOR 1916

If elected, I will endeavor to
serve the municipality to the
best of my ability.

Electors of Toronto Twp.

Ladies and Gentlemen:
Your Vote and Influence
are respectfully solicited for

J. D. Steen

Of Meadowvale

As Councillor

For 1916

Electors of Toronto Twp.

VOTE FOR

R. S. Whaley

As Councillor

For 1916

Motto: Progressive energy and
economy

Election—Saturday, Jan.

1st, 1916

Municipal Elections

Toronto Township nomination meeting was held at Cooksville last Thursday and was largely attended. Speeches were made by the gentlemen nominated for the different offices. Reeve William Ratledge retired after two years in that office and after many years of faithful service in the Council. Mr. D. H. McCaughey, 1st deputy, steps up into the Reeveship, by acclamation, and no man better deserves it than he. Mr. E. Orr, Councillor, is elected 2nd deputy by acclamation, also. L. H. Pallett, the present 2nd deputy and W. A. Russell are out for the office of 1st deputy, and the following candidates are running for the office of Councillor: John Jamieson, J. R. Kennedy, D. J. Lamy, Jas. D. Steen and R. S. Whaley.

BRAMPTON

Mayor: Millor, Bill. Mara. Reeve: Dawson. War. Bull. Deputy Reeve: Holmes. War. Ashley. Mara. Mallis. Worthy. Councillors: Stork, Mellis, Conover, Hamilton, Holmes, Worthy, Galbraith, Patterson, Finland, Allan, Heath, Bartlett, Henderson, Bowfield.

MILTON

Mayor: J. W. Blain (accl.) Reeve: J. F. Little (accl.) Council: R. M. Clements, J. Maxted, A. L. Hemstreet, Dr. G. Rowland, G. R. Allen, J. Irving, E. Seyer, M. E. Nixon, D. S. Robertson. School Board: E. Ford, E. W. Greenleaf, R. B. Galbraith (accl.) Electric light commission: Dr. Anderson. (accl.)

WOODBRIDGE

C. L. Wallace will be opposed in Woodbridge by Thomas Cole. For council, A. McNeil, G. Ellison, A. Harris, W. J. Mitchell, Geo. Bagge, G. W. Wallace, S. Norton and T. Scott.

Oakville

There are four candidates for the mayoralty in Oakville: W. B. Featherstone (for reelection), T. H. Cross, W. S. Savage, and Percy Bath. Reeve A. S. Forster and Deputy Reeve Hilmer were re-elected by acclamation. Fourteen candidates were nominated for council: Chas. Brown, C. LeBarre, E. B. Giesse, S. W. Meek, G. R. Noyes, W. S. Davis, T. W. Evans, W. J. Shaw, C. H. Cross, J. B. McDermott, Thos. Blakelock, W. N. Robinson, J. M. McGregor, W. H. Carson.

School trustees elected by acclamation: Rev. P. S. B. Woodcock, W. A. Chisholm, H. W. Lichfield. Water and Light Commission, C. D. Marlatt, A. B. McDermott. The main issue before the electors this year is local option, and both sides are conducting an active campaign.

Port Credit

The Reeve, Charles Elliot, was elected by acclamation, but there is to be a keen fight for office of councillors. They are as follows: W. T. Gray, R. W. Lackie, Russell Walker, J. C. Peer, Geo. W. Gordon, P. Morall. School Board candidates are: A. W. Briggs, F. J. Hamilton, R. M. Parkinson, J. E. Maybee and W. J. Kehoe.

Reviewing the work done during his term of office, the Reeve said he felt proud of the low tax rate of 12 mills, which was remarkable considering the provincial war tax. The question of whether the building of the proposed \$80,000 school should go on while the war continues and the school thus raised to the status of a continuation school, will enter largely in the race for trustees' office.

There will be but one by-law to be voted on—the Hydro Radial, and by indications given last night it will pass easily. The Toronto Hamilton High way entered largely into the discussion but the council still lacks data, it was impossible for anyone to deal with the matter definitely.

New Toronto

With startling suddenness this village lost one of its most prominent citizens. While attending divine service in St. Margaret's Anglican Church Sunday, Hugh McCullum fell to the floor in a faint and expired shortly after in the arms of Dr. Ricker, who was called to attend him.

Deceased had been in poor health for some time, but felt strong enough to take a walk to church. He had just entered the building when he fell backward.

The late Mr. McCullum had been in New Toronto for nearly twenty years. He was about 61 years of age and was for a number of years in the coal and wood business. Later he retired and took to farming. He was chairman of L. O. L. No. 828, and much esteemed by his associates.

Mr. McCullum is survived by his wife, five sons, Creighton, who is now in the trenches with the 20th Battalion of the 2nd contingent; Alex., in Winnipeg; Edmund, Norman, and Walter, and seven daughters, all married but one.

A LOCAL NOMINATION MEETING WITHOUT BLOODSHED

Ratepayers Discuss Municipal Matters—Money By-Law to be Voted on—New Candidates in the Field

R. H. Greig and Dr. Bowle Contest the Reeveship

Streetsville's Town Hall, the battlefield and scene of many nomination meetings was again besieged by the ratepayers of this municipality last Monday night.

While the attacking forces led by William Taylor P. M. were on the offensive any attacks that were made or attempted on the Council of 1915 were easily repulsed without any material gain on either side. The Good Roads systems was a motto of much discussion both for and against.

After the allotted time had expired for receiving nominations, S. H. Smith, M.D., was elected chairman of the meeting; as Doc. doesn't believe in drawn out and tiresome speech making he decided that the chairman's address should be dispensed with. The chairman then called on the members of the present Council for confession of the numerous sins which they had committed while in office for the past year. Reeve Falconer was the first to face the firing squad and engaged the attention of the ratepayers with an outline of the past year's work as well as introducing the new scheme for 1916. He did not see that he had any sins to confess to in connection with municipal affairs. He said that the present council had worked in absolute harmony during the year and that "sins" were not.

He being superintendent of the Municipal Sin Factory should know. Charlie says that he can't honestly devote one minute of his time for the coming year to municipal matters and asks to be relieved of the Reeveship for 1916. R. H. Greig outlined the proposed new road scheme so as the people could familiarize themselves with the project before voting day—Monday, Jan. 3rd. Joe Phair is an old hand in Council affairs and is much in favor of the new roadway. Joe Drennan was the next called upon and Joe always says what he thinks even though he doesn't always think what he says. However Joe is in favor of the new road and believes it will be an asset to the town and not an expense. H. Q. Burns made his address short and pointed. Mr. W. Taylor was next on the menu and William has always taken a very active part in discussions relative to municipal affairs. However he is not particularly favorable to the good road system unless a lease of life can be guaranteed for 15 years or thereabouts. He objected to one item in the financial statement, viz., the payment of \$10 to the Sick Children's Hospital, and thought this was terrible extravagance. All those nominated for office made short addresses with the exception of one man, who openly admitted that he was too nervous to face the crowded hall. We can't just fall in line with his views of nervousness because he drives a Ford car, too. Mr. Keir, though not nominated for office, spoke on finances, and when he asked for an explanation of one item was told that it was a printer's error. We'll, perhaps it was, but the printer gets blamed too often. By all appearances the offices are going to be hotly contested and it is just possible that we may have a new council for 1916.

The nominations numbered 17, viz.; for Reeve, 5; for Councillor 12.

FOR REEVE

NOMINEES

Dr. Bowie
C. H. Falconer
R. H. Greig
Joseph Phair
W. Taylor

NOMINATORS

J. E. Bailey—W. C. Andrew
W. Taylor—W. Switzer
W. F. B. Switzer—W. Taylor
R. H. Greig—J. Drennan
W. F. B. Switzer—J. Drennan

FOR COUNCILLORS

J. E. Alderson
W. C. Andrew
J. E. Bailey
Dr. Bowie
H. Q. Burns
O. R. Church
James Dandie
J. Drennan
R. H. Greig
J. Phair
A. G. Sibbald
F. Ward
W. C. Andrew—F. Ward
F. Ward—W. Switzer
W. Switzer—F. Ward
F. Ward—J. Dandie
R. H. Greig—J. Phair
W. D. Brooks—J. E. Dowling
J. E. Bailey—J. E. Alderson
J. Phair—R. H. Greig
W. Taylor—W. Switzer
J. Drennan—R. H. Greig
J. E. Dowling—W. D. Brooks
E. Goodison—W. E. Watson

There will be a contest for the Reeveship between Dr. Bowie and R. H. Greig.

There will also be a contest for the office of Councillor. Four to be elected. The following candidates are in the field: J. E. Alderson, H. Q. Burns, O. R. Church, J. Dandie, J. Drennan, J. Phair, F. Ward.

If the ratepayers of Streetsville are satisfied with the present state of municipal affairs, then re-elect the present Council. If not, there are other men who are willing and capable to serve.

Some people think we ought to have a change—no set of men should have a life lease of any office.

VOTING ON BY-LAW

The ratepayers are also asked to vote on a by-law to issue debentures to raise \$5200 to construct a permanent roadway on Queen Street. The scheme was explained at the nomination meeting and the by-law has been advertised for three weeks in The Review; so the ratepayers ought to be well posted on the question. There's no doubt we need a better roadway but this scheme means increased taxation and its for the people to say by their ballot whether the new road should be built or not.

Electors of Streetsville

Ladies and Gentlemen:

YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE
are respectfully solicited for

O. R. CHURCH

As Councillor for 1916

Having had three years' experience in the Council—two as Councillor and one as Reeve, we feel quite capable of filling the office, and offer our services for another year.

To The Ratepayers of Toronto Township

After deciding to accept my nomination and become a candidate for the office of Councillor I was urged by some to make a personal canvas of the township and even told by those who had some experience that I would be defeated if I did not canvas. In the few remarks I made at the nomination meeting I said I would not make a personal canvas and I think more of my word than even the honour of being a member of the Township Council. My reasons for not canvassing are these (first) The area of Toronto Township is so great that in the limited time between Nomination and Election day a candidate cannot cover the ground and ask every elector for his vote and in order to use every man alike I take this means to respectfully ask you one and all for your vote and influence (2nd) I feel the time has come when the electors think for themselves and they are not so child like that they feel slighted if not called on and asked for their vote I have always taken an interest in the election of the municipal council and I have very seldom been called on to ask me for my vote and I feel proud to think that they left me to use my own judgment and I voted for those whom I thought best fitted to fill the position irrespective of their politics or location. If you see fit elect me I promise to use enough of my time and the best of my ability to serve you faithfully in the discharge of my duties, as the candidates are all young men like myself and the majority without any more experience than I possess I feel justified in asking for your support and trust you will give it to me on the first day of January 1916. Thanking you Mr. editor for the space in your valuable paper, I wish you and all the residents of the Township all the compliments of the Season.

John J. Jamieson

To the Electors of Toronto Township

I have appreciated the honor you have conferred on me in the past three years, first as your Councillor and 2nd as your deputy Reeve.

I have been honored by being nominated as your candidate for 1st deputy Reeve for 1916 and I want you to elect ME. Remember I am a friend of the ratepayers of Toronto Township and will always protect your interests. You vote on New Year's Day and I feel sure that you will start the New Year right and give me your support.

My platform for the year 1916 is economy and efficiency in the administration of your affairs, and may we in this hour of national strife, all do our part to keep the old flag flying.

Wishing you and yours every success and happiness in the New Year
Believe me, Yours faithfully
L. H. PALLETT.

Short course in Agriculture

Everything is now in readiness to open the Short Course in Agriculture at Streetsville on Monday forenoon, Jan. 10 at half past nine. As announced in the calendars which have already been mailed, arrangements were made to have special speakers come in from time to time.

On Tuesday Jan. 11, Mr. F. F. Reev as a vegetable expert will take up this subject fully.

Wednesday Jan. 12, Mr. P. E. Culverhouse, of the Vineland Experiment Station will give practical lectures on fruit growing under the following heads: varieties, planting, pruning and care of young fruit trees. He will also take up growth of strawberries, Raspberries and other small fruits.

Mr. Stark has secured permission from the management of the R. and F. C. Poultry Association to take the boys to Brampton on Friday morning to attend the Poultry Show. The poultry judge will have charge of the class for two hours and will go over the different breeds and explain how the judging is done.

In the afternoon of the same day a visit will be made to the farm of Messrs. B. H. Bull and son, near Brampton, for work in judging cattle.

Later on Live Stock experts in Live Stock, Veterinary Science, etc. will come and these men will add greatly to the value of the course. We would urge all those who intend joining the Agriculture class to mail in their applications as soon as possible to the Dept. of Agriculture, Brampton.

ARTESIAN WELLS

Drilled by S. S. Rice, Streetsville
Estimates given on necessary equipment for water supply and material furnished.
Address enquiries to Walter Bailey
Phone 55, Streetsville



Banking Service

This bank undertakes every description of banking business, and our aim is to have each customer feel assured of courtesy and attention in our offices. The many services performed by a modern bank are at your disposal; and every good business connection, large or small, is welcomed by

The Bank of Nova Scotia

PAID-UP CAPITAL - \$ 6,000,000
RESERVE FUND - 12,000,000
TOTAL RESOURCES over \$0,000,000

STREETSVILLE BRANCH
W. J. Gaydon, Manager

Hear Dr. Sharpe

St. Andrews Presbyterian Church should be packed to the doors on the occasion of the annual Sunday School entertainment N. W. Years Eve, Dec. 31. Dr. W. D. Sharpe, of Brampton, who had charge of Red Cross Work in Serbia and escaped when the city was bombarded by the murderous Hunns, will give a thrilling account of the war. It will be first hand information and of great interest. A returned officer from France, Lance Corporal Martin will also relate his experience at Langemarch. Be sure and hear them.

Islington

Reeve Chas. Silverthorne and first Deputy Chas. Dandridge were elected by acclamation at the township nomination. Samuel Wright of Long Branch was nominated to oppose Second Deputy Reeve W. Jackson. The following were nominated for the position of councillor: A. E. Mercer, W. F. Moss, Robt. Eastwood, Samuel Wright, W. J. Gard, house, John Armstrong, Geo. Wright, F. Horner, Wm. O'Connor, A. W. Cooper, F. Lockwood, and Dr. F. Behan. Only two councillors are to be elected. In reply to questions of the Barrett investigation, Reeve Silverthorne said that the report of the Judge would be dealt with early in January.

Brampton

J. A. Carol, district representative of the local Department of Agriculture for the past two years and Secretary of the Brampton and Peel County Poultry Association, leaves for Toronto next week to take a course in the Officers' Training Corps. Wednesday night the Association, presented him with a military wrist watch and an illuminated address. Christ Church Men's Bible Class presented their teacher, Mr. Sam Wilson, with a handsome chair at a social evening in the latter's home, Wednesday night. More than fifty per cent. of the Class members have enlisted since war was declared. A lifelong resident of Obinguacouy passed away yesterday in the person of Alexander Olmuis of Claude. He had been confined to his bed for over a year and the sudden death of his son John, of London, three weeks ago, hastened the end. For many years he conducted the blacksmith shop at Claude and was the district game warden and an enthusiastic apiarist.

To Make Your Town Prosper

Don't fret.
Talk about it.
Write about it.
Beautify the streets.
Patronize the merchants.
Be friendly to everybody.
Advertise in its newspapers.
Elect good men to all the offices.
Don't grumble about hard times.
Avoid gossip about your neighbors.
Keep your sidewalks in good repair.
Do your trading with your own merchants.
Sell all you can and buy all you can at home.
If you are rich, invest something, employ somebody, be a rentier.
Remember that every dollar invested in permanent improvements is so much on interest.
Be courteous to strangers that come among you, so that they may go away with good impressions.

The Green Seal

By CHARLES EDMONDS WALK

Author of "The Silver Blade," "The Paternoster Ruby," "The Time Lock," etc.

CHAPTER XIX.—(Cont'd.)

What had become of my resolve to use my knowledge as a lever to gain information?—to take whatever advantage his present desires might place in my hands? The interview was so foreign to anything I had pictured in the brief minutes of waiting after I had been handed his card, it had taken a turn so different from anything that I possibly could have conceived beforehand, that I was utterly at a loss.

To be quite frank about it, Lao Wing Fu had the situation entirely within his control.

And then I recalled a cynical utterance of Struber's that confirms a common belief: "No white man can guess what's in a Chin's mind until he's sticking a knife in your back; then you savvy he wants your life. But at that, you don't know why."

All at once my visitor began speaking in his former manner, quite as if there had been no break.

"Mr. Ferris, in your father's collection there was a ring of peculiar workmanship, bearing a Chinese ideograph. I know that you are familiar with it, for I am myself not unacquainted with its more recent history. And now I come to the delicate part of my errand. I do not know what associations the ring may have for you personally, or with what sentiment you may regard it, but—" He paused and smiled in apologetic embarrassment.

"You want it," I finished for him. "Precisely. But it was difficult for me to say so."

In a flash I leaped out from the spell this man had cast about me. I remembered every detail of the past few weeks, every outrage and indignity, and I hardened all over.

"Mr. Lao Wing Fu," said I, drily, "I will tell you frankly that the ring has not a single pleasant association in my mind; on the contrary, I would like to see it sunk in the middle of the Pacific Ocean; but I have a presentiment that it is a talisman worth keeping, and I mean to hold on to it until some things that at present are confoundingly crooked are made straight."

"For example, I should like to know why a certain young lady has a fascimile of the seal tattooed upon her throat, and why a blowsy woman, pretending to be a canvasser, should try to persuade that young lady to let her remove the tattoo-mark; I should like to know why I was forcibly kidnapped and hauled around the country blindfolded in a motor car while my pockets were being searched; I should like to know why my office was burglarized by a desperate crook disguised as a Chinaman—who, by the way, met his death through the instrumentality of that same ring;—I should like to know why my rooms were broken into and ransacked; why James Strang was so interested in my stenographer that he journeyed clear from Johore to see her; why he has disappeared, and what has become of him. When I learn all that and some other things I have neglected to mention, then I may consider an offer for the ring—not until."

As I began speaking, the Chinaman's face, for the first time since he entered the room, grew as impassive as brass. He watched me steadily until I was through, but with eyes that were utterly expressionless. After a moment he spoke.

"You touch upon strange matters, Mr. Ferris, some of which I am in a measure familiar with; others that I am utterly ignorant of."

"I don't know what you mean when you speak of your rooms having been broken into, for instance, or why your office should have been burglarized."

"On the other hand, I do know James Strang, that he came to this country recently, that he disappeared. It may also interest you to know that, with the aid of a system vastly more efficient than anything your police can command, I have been at considerable pains and expense trying to find him."

"You?" I blurted in astonishment.

"Because he is a friend of mine. He was a friend of your father's, too, in China."

"A friend of yours?" I marvelled. "And then it came to me in a flash of inspiration—the three of them, Lao Wing Fu, Strang and my father had all been associated with one another. Yes, and Major Sylvester, too; he had been one of them."

"See here," I began after a moment, "somewhere, somehow, we are working at cross-purposes. Let's get this thing straight."

Smiling at my perplexity, he rejoined: "There is nothing so strange about it all. I visited China last November and met Mr. Strang in Johore Bahru, where I had occasion to go. I strongly suspect it was through my instrumentality that he came—but that is not my affair. I feel, however, doubly bound to find him; to learn, if possible, that he has suffered no harm."

At this moment I recognized Stub's knock. "Come in," I called.

He thrust his head in at the door, like a turtle, and succinctly announced: "Mr. Struber."

"His arrival could not have been more opportune."

CHAPTER XX.

"Send him in," I said quickly; and to the Chinaman (who had not made the slightest movement to go): "That was not a dismissal. Struber will be as interested as I in hearing what you have to say."

"Well, look who's here!" burst surprisedly from Struber, as he came in and closed the door. He stood a moment glancing questioningly between Lao Wing Fu; then, in his cocksure manner, he advanced and clasped the Chinaman familiarly upon the shoulder.

"Lao, you're one foxy guy, believe me!" he exclaimed. "Did you come without trouble? Or did they have to use force?"

It was patent that Lao Wing Fu did not relish these rude pleasantries. There was a touch of irony in his calm resentment of the familiarity, a brazen, deliberate use of the Chinaman's common defence when he means not to be communicative, that was altogether too subtle for even Struber's comprehension.

Lao Wing Fu crossed his hands in his voluminous sleeves, which completely hid them.

"No savvy," said he stonily, staring straight ahead.

Struber laughed; but when the other remained motionless and silent beneath his rough "joshing" he at last took the hint and turned to me.

"I s'pose yuh wanted me, or I wouldn't a-been asked in." He waited inquiringly.

"Sit down," said I. "Lao Wing Fu has just done me the honor of asking me for the ring—it had come to require no more definite identification between us—and I had just stated certain conditions under which I would consider a proposal, when you were announced."

"He moreover hinted that there might be an interesting story connected with it; I thought perhaps you might want to hear it."

"Surest thing yuh know," Struber earnestly agreed, staring hard at the expressionless face. "I'll be interested in anything Lao has to say. What had he said before I came?"

"That he and my father and Strang were friends years ago in China."

Struber slowly nodded his head. "I'd doped that out for myself some time ago. I s'pose the conditions yuh laid down were in the nature of a bargain—information in exchange for the ring. No information, no ring."

"Something of the sort," I admitted.

"How about it, Lao?" he sharply asked the Chinaman.

Lao Wing Fu appeared to consider the matter. Finally he rose slowly to his feet and addressed us—or me, rather; he pointedly ignored Struber's presence.

"This conversation has taken a turn that I did not anticipate," he said. "I came here this afternoon prepared to pay for the ring anything within reason that Mr. Ferris might have demanded. It has very little intrinsic value; but I shall not attempt to conceal the fact that it does possess considerable value for its antiquity—for its religious associations, if I may say so. I want to be fair."

"However, this matter of information—I hardly know what to say. I do not want to appear reserved or insincere; but the fact is, there is much that I do not know anything at all about—Mr. Ferris specified several things—while others that I do in a way know are the secrets of another. Believe me, if I could tell you all that you desire to know I would consider that I was getting the ring cheaply."

"You can answer our questions," Struber bluntly suggested.

The other did not so much as glance at the speaker, but directed his response at me.

"That would be unfair to me. I would only prove embarrassing. I would have to reply either that I did not know, or else explain that a reply would betray some one who is trusting me—either of which would excite your suspicions."

"If you will allow me, I think I can suggest a very simple means of resolving the difficulty. If Mr. Ferris will write a brief note, I will undertake to have James Strang at a certain place to-night at half-past ten."

Struber almost sprang from his chair. "The dickens you will!" he yelled. "You've been hiding him; that's what you've been doing. I've a notion to take a chance and pinch yuh right now."

This threat left the Chinaman wholly unmoved, excepting for a tinge of contempt in the tone with which he said: "I have only accomplished what you have failed in."

"If Mr. Strang's attendance is to be secured for to-night," he continued, "no time must be wasted, and some precautions will have to be observed. He shall not be placed in jeopardy through me, and I must be promised a safe conduct for him, free from espionage, in case he does not desire to talk."

"I'll promise that, all right," growled Struber; "the police have nothing on him. All I ask is to get within reachin' distance of the gent."

"Very well. It will take my messenger at least until ten-thirty to go where Mr. Strang is at present and return with him. In his presence I shall not hesitate to talk freely, and I am sure he will fill in the gaps where I am ignorant. Is that satisfactory?"

Struber and I exchanged bewildered glances. What was this strange Oriental not capable of? But we were soon to learn, to some extent at least, the range of his capabilities.

"I can not understand," I said at last, "how a note from me will fetch him. He has refused."

"Yes, I know. Heretofore he has been in grave peril; how I can assure him that the cause of danger has been largely removed, and that he can come if he will observe only a measure of precaution."

"You talk in riddles; but if a summons from me will bring him out of his hole, to be sure you may have it." "And both of you gentlemen give me your word that you will not mention the matter to any one until after you have seen him?"

We both bound ourselves. Lao Wing Fu thoughtfully contemplated the pad I had drawn toward me.

"Simply say: 'Please accompany bearer of this note without delay. He will bring you to a safe rendezvous, Mary.'"

where I shall meet you. Upon this meeting depends the clearing up of all our perplexities, and the removal of all the dangers that have menaced us. I urge you not to delay."

"That will be sufficient," he concluded.

"It is at least promising," I commented.

Still more or less mystified, however, I signed the note, and enclosed it in an envelope. The Chinaman made no move to take it. Instead he said:

"If you are satisfied with my part of the bargain, will you be willing to give me the ring?"

"Not only willing," I returned, "but I'll do it with the greatest pleasure." "Then bring it with you, together with the ivory reliquary, when my messenger comes. Now I must hurry."

With two rapid strides, he advanced, picked up the envelope, and thrust it inside his blouse, and in another second was at the door.

"Until to-night," he said, and was gone.

"Now what d' yuh know about that!" Struber exploded, perplexedly ruffling his hair. Then abruptly he jumped from his chair and snatched up my desk telephone. He had police headquarters at once and was talking rapidly to his chief.

"Detail a couple of men to get on Lao Wing Fu's trail— pronto! He's beatin' it for Chinatown, and I'll send a messenger somewhere; one man shadow the messenger, the other Lao. Have 'em get a move on, too, for the Big Thing's about to break, and I wouldn't have the Chin hand us anything now for all you haven't saved in a year."

It might as well be recorded right here that Lao Wing Fu "handed" us several "things." The two men found neither him nor the messenger; but when we learned this it was too late to be of service.

Struber set down the telephone and grabbed his hat.

"I gotta be going," he abruptly announced. "If that Chin kid isn't lying, I've been handed the crookedest steer a bull ever got. I had it tipped off to me where Strang's been all this time, and I'd meant to surprise yuh; but I don't want to be made a monkey of."

"I suppose you won't tell me about it?"

"Not on your life—not till I find out for sure. Look's now as if that big Chin kid has known all along where he is."

"I don't know about that. Our interview reached a crisis. Mr. Fu was having things a little too much his own way—playing upon my sensibilities and the like—but I am inclined to believe he really is not in possession of all the facts we want. I had laid down an ultimatum, and you only heard how he accepted it. Your appearance didn't give the situation an unexpected turn."

"But, Struber, you have as much tact and delicacy as a horned-toad, and about as much imagination. You have been a source of constant surprise to me, but I believe I have about gauged your limitations. Ever hear of Tibet?"

Struber accepted this sarcasm unmoved.

"No. Who is he?"

"Tibet isn't a 'he,' it's a place—a country—a vast unexplored region; the roof of the world; the cradle of the human race. That's where this mess we're floundering in was started."

"Help! Let me out! Do I have to go there?"

"Well, then, I'll go somewhere else that I have a chance getting back from."

"And I'll have to hustle if it's to be by ten-thirty to-night. Will you stand for the price of a speedy auto for the rest of the day?"

"Where are you going?"

"Ever hear of Sturtevant Camp? It's somewhere up east of Mt. Wilson."

"You can't get there in an automobile," I told him.

"No, but I can make a record run to Sierra Madre and hit the trail from there up."

"Get the machine, then. I trust you know what you're about."

He grinned cheerfully and wrinkled his nose.

"That's where Hardwick's fishin'," he left me to mull over.

(To be continued.)

Diplomacy.

Irate Father—If I catch that young idler around here again I'll break his head.

Sweet Daughter—But he's not an idler, father; he's a prizefighter.

Irate Father—Oh, well, then, of course I will have to treat him as a friend of yours.



The Viscountess Archeson

formerly Miss Mildred Carter, of Baltimore, the only daughter of J. Ridgely Carter, former American Minister to the Balkan States, whose work on the Duchess of Marlborough's War Relief Committee of American ladies has been highly commended by Queen Mary.

NOBILITY HARD HIT BY THE WAR

BRITISH ARISTOCRACY SHOW GREAT GALLANTRY.

In Many Cases Children Succeed to Peerages When Heirs are Killed.

The old French adage "noblesse oblige" has never been more true than now, as has been clearly demonstrated by the part played by the aristocracy of Great Britain in the present war. No recruiting officers, no bands, no parades have been needed to bring the sons of the finest families of Britain to the colors. They have rallied, fought, and fallen in so great numbers that there is practically not a noble house in all the United Kingdom to-day which is not mourning. Sole heirs, eldest sons, youngest sons, fathers, and brothers of the greatest and most famous English families went to the front at the very offset and are now in the trenches in France and at the Dardanelles or on the high seas. There can be no doubt that the peer of England is paying toll, not less willingly, but even far more than the men of the working classes.

An illuminating illustration of this fact was given recently when the members of the much abused House of Lords refused to pass a motion authorizing the return from the front of those of its members who had gone to the fixing line.

Already five peerages are without heirs in remainder through the war, namely, the marquessate of Lincolnshire and the baronies of Knaresborough, Playfair, Ribblesdale, and Stamfordham.

Six peers have already been killed, namely, Lords Conington, Hawarden, Brabourne, Annesley, De Freyne, and Petre.

Nearly thirty heirs to peerages have been killed and almost as many wounded.

Fifty sons of peers have been killed and the number wounded is in the hundreds.

Brothers of peers, baronets, and knights who have either been killed or wounded number a great total.

How heavily the titled families have contributed themselves to this conflict may best be imagined when it is stated that 213 peers and 424 sons of peers are already serving with the colors.

Boys Inherit Titles.

The havoc that this war has played with the aristocracy may be best indicated by a partial list of members of prominent families killed, including Lord S. D. Compton, a lieutenant in the Royal Horse Guards, brother and heir presumptive of the Marquis of Northampton; Capt. M. A. de Tuyl of the Tenth Hussars, youngest son of the Duchess of Beaufort; Major the Hon. C. B. O. Freeman-Mitford, D.S.O., eldest son and heir of Lord Redesdale are serving with the colors, two in the army and two in the navy. The Hon. Colwyn Phillips, elder son of Lord St. Davids, was an early victim of the war. His brother Roland, who is now sole heir, is a lieutenant in the cavalry.

When the Earl of Erne died his son and heir, Major Viscount Crichton, who had been equerry to the King, was reported to have been taken prisoner in Germany. Later information showed he died from wounds about the same time as his father. Viscount Crichton left a son born in 1907, who at the early age of eight years has become the Earl of Erne.

Another pathetic case is that of Captain Lord Guernsey, whose little son Michael, born in 1908, becomes the heir to the earldom of Aylesford.

Through the death of Viscount Northland, the only son of the Earl of Ranfurly, the heir to the earldom is Northland's little baby, born in May of this year. Lord Northland came into notoriety some years ago by being named as the correspondent in a sensational divorce case.

Lord Killanin's heir is now the baby son of Lieut.-Col. S. H. Morris, who was killed some months ago.

Lord Ninian, Crichton-Stuart, who has lost his life in the war, was a brother to the Marquis of Bute.

When Capt. Charles Monck was killed his nine-year-old son became heir to his grandfather, Viscount Monck.

Lord Conington is succeeded by his brother, the Hon. John R. Parnell, a lieutenant in the army, and heir to the title is his brother William, who is 11 years of age.

Lord Kinnaird lost his eldest son, Capt. Douglas Kinnaird, while another son is serving in the army.

Lord Balfour of Burleigh's eldest son, the Hon. Robert Bruce, the master of Burleigh, was killed, and his brother is with the colors.

Picturesque Figures.

The death of Lord Annesley resulted from his being shot through the head while making a brilliant aeroplane attack upon Ostend.

The death of Captain the Hon. R. Wyndham, heir presumptive of his brother, Lord Leconfield, the nephew of Lord Rosebery, makes the third member of the Wyndham family to fall in the war.

Lord Cowdray, the head of the famous firm of Weetman-Pearsons, so prominent in the oil fields of Mexico,

lost his third son, the Hon. Francis Pearson, who enlisted as a private, was taken prisoner, and shot while trying to escape.

Only recently Captain the Hon. Agar Robartes died of wounds. He was the son and heir of Viscount Clifden and represented a Cornish constituency in the House of Commons. He was a member of an inseparable trio consisting of Neil Primrose, Earl Rosebery's second son, and Jimmy Rothschild. Captain Robartes was the Corinthian of the House of Commons, and his naive in speaking was greatly enjoyed. He frequently broke the rigid etiquette of the House by uttering such expressions as "I don't mind betting."

Hon. Francis Lambton, the youngest brother of the Earl of Durham, killed, was a lieutenant in the Royal Horse Guards, and before the war maintained successfully a training stable at Newmarket for Sir Francis Cassel.

The death of Capt. Andrew de Vere Maclean leaves that romantic figure Kaid Sir Harry Maclean, the real ruler of Morocco for so many years, childless.

Great Old Families.

Others who have fallen for their country are: Capt. Lord Richard Wellesley, the second son of the Duke of Wellington; Major the Hon. William Cadogan, the third surviving son of the late Lord Cadogan; the Hon. Hugh Downey, the second son of Viscount Downey; Capt. the Hon. John Boyle, the third son of the Earl of Glasgow; Lord Charles Merces Nairne, son of the Marquis of Lansdowne, the Unionist leader of the House of Lords; Lieut. the Hon. H. R. Hardinge, the heir of Viscount Hardinge and nephew of the Viceroy of India, whose eldest son, Lieut. the Hon. E. C. Hardinge, D.S.O., died of wounds in December; Lieut. the Hon. Arthur S. Coke, second son of the Earl of Leicester; Captain the Hon. William Andrew Nugent of the 15th Hussars, brother and heir of the Earl of Westmeath, who died of wounds; Capt. the Hon. R. G. E. Morgan Grenville, Master of Kinloss; Capt. Hon. C. H. M. St. Clair, son of Lord Sinclair, and Major Lord John Spencer Cavendish, youngest brother of the Duke of Devonshire.

Lord Ribblesdale's only surviving son, the Hon. Charles Lister, was wounded in two engagements previously to sustaining in the third the wounds that caused his death.

Lord Stamfordham, the private secretary to King George, has lost his only son, Capt. J. M. Bigge; Lord Desborough, the famous sportsman, has lost two sons, his eldest, the Hon. Julian Grenfell, and a younger, S. W. Grenfell.

Death has also claimed the eldest son and heir of the Earl of Yarborough, and two other sons the Hon. George and the Hon. Marcus Sackville Pelham, are fighting in Flanders.

CRUELITIES UNNERVE MEN.

German Soldiers Suicide After Moral Torture.

The London Daily Graphic prints the following despatch from Petrograd:

"In view of the statement of General Hindenburg that the victory in this war will fall to the nation whose soldiers have the strongest nerves, it is interesting to note that cases of suicide are increasing largely in the German army. During the Russian retreat the enemy strove to demonstrate the possession of strong nerves by inflicting numberless cruelties on the innocent population of the towns and villages. Near Dumbina, in the village of Charna, the Germans covered the streets with the bodies of tortured men, women and children, but the next morning nineteen dead bodies of German soldiers were also seen. These had ended their lives by suicide. In common with their fellows these nineteen men had been showing the strength of their nerves by capturing and shooting peaceful people."

"At Przemsyl, when the Germans were firing thousands of guns, some of their soldiers with bloodshot eyes were seen rushing into the very thick of the hand-to-hand fighting, oblivious of the wounds they received. They appeared to be intoxicated by the fury of the fight. Others, frenzied by the fearful scene, shot themselves dead with their own rifles or pierced themselves to the heart with their bayonets."

"After Przemsyl General Mackensen issued an order to the army in which he warned his troops that the wives and children of the soldiers who committed suicide would be deprived of pensions. The number of German soldiers who committed suicide at Przemsyl was 111. On the Dnieper and near Juravna there were similar cases caused by the dislike of the soldiers to face an overwhelming fire."

"Very often the cruelty of the German officers was responsible for cases of suicide. On the very day that General Mackensen arrived at Vladimir Volynsk he saw the body of a German soldier who had hanged himself. The officers looked confused at each other, but the General was determined to get at the cause of the man's death, and ordered that his body should be searched. He read aloud the contents of the note which was discovered: 'I cannot bear any longer the beating and moral torture inflicted by Lieutenant Glaube. Private Conrad Dummle.'

"The death of Lord Annesley resulted from his being shot through the head while making a brilliant aeroplane attack upon Ostend."

The death of Captain the Hon. R. Wyndham, heir presumptive of his brother, Lord Leconfield, the nephew of Lord Rosebery, makes the third member of the Wyndham family to fall in the war."

Lord Cowdray, the head of the famous firm of Weetman-Pearsons, so prominent in the oil fields of Mexico,

THE TURK AS HE IS.

Not the Villain and Ragamuffin He Is Supposed to Be.

There is an old Turkish saying in these words: "When we are driven out of Constantinople, we will go to Broussa; when we are expelled from Broussa, we will fly to Paradise." The saying gives a very good insight into the character of the Turk as he really is.

Fatalism and a simple but profound belief in his religion are two of his strongest characteristics. Although he will tell the most outrageous falsehoods and exercise the deepest cunning in driving a bargain, he is, in the main, a simple soul, contented with little, and blessed with the most enviable powers of endurance.

In many ways, of course, the Turk is an abomination, and utterly out of place in twentieth-century Europe, but he has his points, as only those who have travelled and studied him at home can properly appreciate. He is not the complete villain and ragamuffin he is so popularly supposed to be.

As befits the introducer of the Turkish bath to the rest of the world, the Turk is a scrupulously clean person where his own body is concerned. His towns and streets may be, and mostly are, filthy; but not so the Turk himself. Soap is scarce in Turkey—to the majority of the inhabitants it is an unknown luxury—but the religions of Islam demands daily bathing, as well as certain ablutions before oft-repeated prayers.

The Religion of the Turk.

His religion also keeps him sober, while his kindness to dumb animals certainly puts many more civilized and enlightened folk to burning shame. The prosecution of a Turk for cruelty to animals is an unknown thing; no Moslem would ever overwork his horse or his donkey, or beat his dog. He would as soon assault his own father.

The Turk has an extraordinary and apparently inevitable way of immediately deteriorating when he has any "official" work to undertake, or when he is bonded with others of his race for any purpose; but by himself, in private life, he is often quite a charming person. He is courteous, he is kind, he is considerate, he is hospitable, and he has a sense of humor. In fact, when he likes, the Turk can be a perfect gentleman with perfect manners.

But, unfortunately, the bad traits of the Turk far outnumber the good ones. The position which he allows to his women, for instance, is archaic.

For a few years a Turkish girl is allowed to run about and play and mix with little boys in a more or less rational manner, except that not much attention is given to her clothes, and her attendance at school, despite compulsory schooling being in force, is not generally insisted upon.

Marry Their Mother's Choice.

But very early there comes a change. Her mother looks at her and says she is growing big, and she must put on a chashaf. A chashaf is a silk cloak reaching down to the ankles and up to the top of the head, and it impedes the child's movements, naturally. She must also wear a thick veil, never see a little boy again, and never speak to any man but her father until she is married.

The majority of Turkish girls marry the man their mother chooses for them: But as the mother may see no man except her own husband, she must rely upon the advice—based on rumors and hearsay of her woman friends—or else employ a professional matchmaker.

After she is married, a Turkish woman just "sits." She sits for hour after hour, placidly, with her hands folded, in the manner of a sleepy cat. A day's shopping or a rowboat trip on the Golden Horn is a thrilling event in her life. She plays very distinct second fiddle to her mother-in-law, who retains first call upon her son's purse and larder, and such pastimes as reading books, playing cards, tennis or golf are nearly unknown to Turkish women.

The Turk hates reform; what was good enough for his father—and his father before him—is quite good enough for him; and although he sometimes wakes up for a moment and passes laws for this or that modernizing of his country or his national life, his enthusiasm soon dies down and the laws are ignored or else reduced to an absurdity by reason of the corruption of the officials appointed to carry them out.

LATEST IMPLEMENT OF WAR.

German Trench Mortar Hurls 200-Pound Shells.

Germans on the western front are using a new trench mortar, or mine-thrower, as they call it, whose projectiles make a hole big enough to bury an automobile in.

Each shell weighs two hundred pounds and stands three feet. It splits two strips that measure from two to three feet in breadth, the edges of which have jagged teeth like a saw.

These shells come tearing through the air for a quarter of a mile or more, cutting through trees that stand in their way. When one of the shells explodes the concussion can be heard for ten miles. The British soldiers have nicknamed the minewerfers "minnie-lovers."

GERMAN POSITIONS ATTACKED TO THE SOUTH-EAST OF YPRES

French Battery Explodes Enemy Munition Train in the Vosges

A despatch from Paris says: A heavy artillery attack was made by the French Sunday against the German positions south of Dailleur, on the railroad between Hazebrouck and Armentieres, south-east of Ypres, and in the Blaireville region, south of Arras.

A German munition train which had stopped at the station at Hachsinette, south-east of Bonhomme (Diedelshausen), just across the French frontier in the Vosges, was fired on by a French battery and an explosion was observed.

The Germans have not renewed their infantry attacks in Alsace, where, in the sector of the Hartmann-weilerkopf, there were such vigorous encounters earlier in the week. The German artillery, however, conducted a heavy bombardment Saturday of the French positions on the Hartmanns-Weilerkopf and at Hirzteen and further infantry attacks are expected. In the Lombaertzyde sector of Belgium, the violent bombardment continued on both sides and French artillery activity is reported from the Tuhure-Somme-Py road in Champagne. The German official statement announced the destruction of French mine galleries by the explosion of counter mines to the west of Labasse.

ABLE TO RESIST ARMY OF 500,000

Anglo-French Army of 200,000 Is Firmly Entrenched at Salonica.

A despatch from London says: The Athens correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "The outlook is more satisfactory than at any time since the Macedonian campaign started. Gen. Sarraill said that he was fully satisfied. Heavy guns have arrived and are now in position. The delay in the enemy's advance has been of the greatest value to the allies."

The Salonica correspondent of the Daily News says: "Assuming that the reports of the disposal of the German forces are true, it is possible that half a million Germans, Turks and Bulgarians are available for an attack on Salonica. It is understood that Premier Radoslavoff, of Bulgaria, recently hinted that a smashing blow would be struck in January. Therefore the period of calm here may be short. Gen. de Castrina arrived here unexpectedly recently. He had long conferences with General Sarraill and General Mahon, and visited the French and British fronts. The population of Salonica is quiet, reassured by Gen. Sarraill's statement that the city is not in danger."

Despatches from Greece to the London morning papers add to the mystery surrounding the next move of the Central powers. Correspondents of the Times both in Salonica and in Athens, and the Morning Post's correspondent, suggest that the Bulgarians will be in the vanguard of the Teutonic advance toward Salonica.

"All pretended German guarantees," says the Morning Post's Athens correspondent, "are mere sedatives, intended to induce Greek public opinion to take the bitter dose as quietly as possible."

The correspondent adds that there is a rumor in circulation that the Germans are preparing to clothe the Bulgarians in German uniforms so that Greece cannot object to their entry.

2-DAY BATTLE IN MESOPOTAMIA

Turks Make a Desperate Attack on the Bagdad Expeditionary Force.

A despatch from London says: The British forces in Mesopotamia, which have been entrenched in a strong position at Kut-el-Amara since the retreat from Ctesiphon, won an important two-day battle over the Turks Christmas morning.

Townsend, who is in command of the Mesopotamian army, reported that a fierce battle raged on Friday and Christmas Day, with apparently 25,000 Turks engaged. A breach was made by the Turks in the fort defenses, and a body of them managed to enter. Later, however, they were driven out leaving 200 dead behind.

Later severe fighting for possession of the fort occurred, and the Turks managed to capture the northern bastion. Christmas morning they were forced to retire from this bastion, however, and having suffered losses did not return to the attack.

MORTALITY FROM STARVATION IN SERBIA IS APPALLING

Before Aid Can Come Thousands of Non-Combatants in the Interior Are Doomed to Death

A despatch from Rome says: The number of Serbians seeking refuge in Albania is daily increasing. In the interior of Serbia conditions are said to be hopeless. The mortality from starvation and exhaustion is appalling. The remnants of the army are subsisting on horseflesh, and the non-combatants, unable to find means of transportation, especially women and children, are often absolutely without food.

In addition to the food shortage the refugees are constantly exposed to attack from Albanian tribesmen, who are shooting down men, women and children at every opportunity.

At the coast towns, food, especially flour, is available, but it is impossible to convey it into the interior because of the hostility of the natives. Reports say that before aid can come thousands of non-combatant Serbians are doomed to death by starvation.

ENEMY MASSED FOR BIG ATTACK

Simultaneous Drive on Salonica from Three Directions by the Enemy.

A despatch from London says: German heavy artillery in the Lake Dorian region commenced to throw shells against the Anglo-French defenses, but there is nothing to indicate that the expected attack on Salonica has begun.

In the absence of news of any activity by either the Teutonic or allied forces on the Salonica front suspense in London respecting the situation in the Balkans is reaching a very acute stage. It is everywhere felt that the troops defending Salonica are on the eve of what will perhaps prove one of the most important battles of the war. If the Germans are held it means a partial collapse at least of their designs against the Suez Canal and Egypt. If they are thrown back it means not only the entire collapse of these designs, but will in all likelihood prove the turning point in the war. On the other hand, if the Anglo-French forces are defeated and driven from Salonica the cause of the Entente powers will have received possibly its most serious reverse.

This it least is the situation as it is portrayed by most of the military commentators. There is no one but who appreciates the enormous stakes at play, and there is little attempt to minimize the seriousness of the situation.

It can be readily stated that the allies now have a force of roundly 400,000 holding the roads to Salonica. Against this army there is drawn a German force of uncertain numbers. It is recalled that the Austro-German and Bulgarian armies sent into Serbia when the Balkan campaign began were estimated at about 370,000 men. The casualties during the Serbian campaign were, however, very considerable, and must have depleted that force greatly. Meanwhile there has been no hint of how many reinforcements have been sent to fill the broken ranks.

TARTAR FOR STATES ALLOWED BY FRANCE

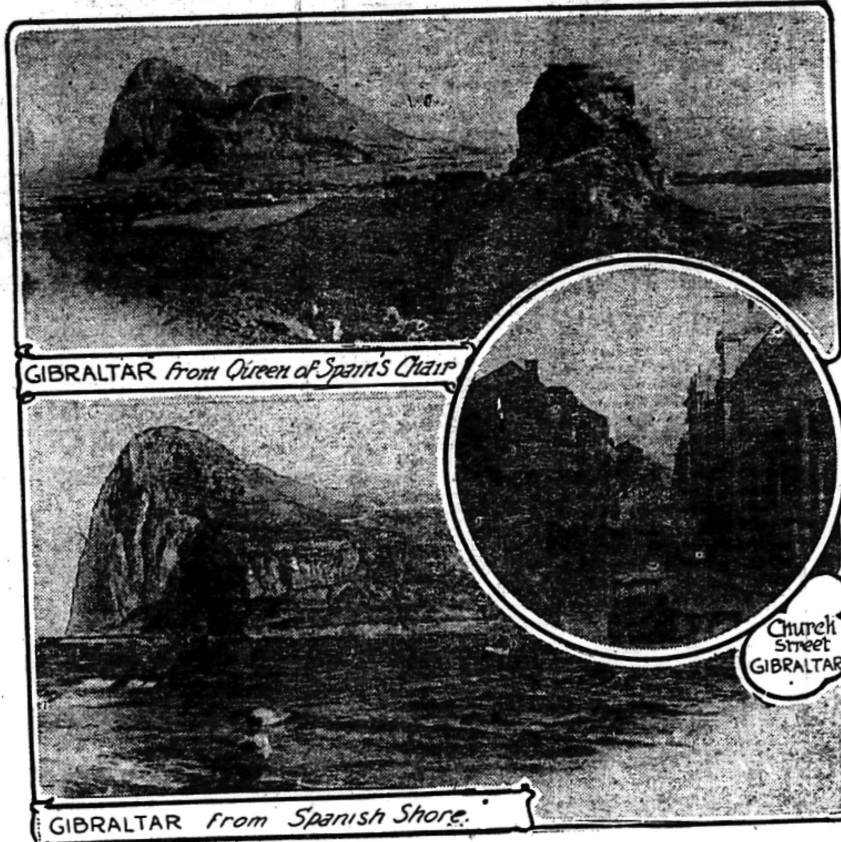
A despatch from Paris says: Upon the advice of Alexandre Ribot, Minister of Finance, the Government has rescinded the decree prohibiting the exportation to the United States of crude tartar and its by-products, which are used to a large extent in America for bread-raising. In ordinary years these articles are exported to the United States to the value of about 9,000,000 francs.

The tartar comes from deposits in wine casks. Its exportation was prohibited because it was believed to be an element employed in the manufacture of certain explosives, and it was suspected the ultimate destination of the tartar was Germany.

Granite is the lowest rock in the earth's crust.

Brown: "It must be terrible for a singer to know she has lost her voice." "Yes," said Robinson, "but it is more terrible when she doesn't know it."

AT THE GATEWAY TO THE MEDITERRANEAN



The censorship has withheld news of British operations at the Straits of Gibraltar, but when the war is over there will be an interesting story on the precautions taken to keep German submarines out of the Mediterranean and the ruses employed by them to avoid mines and nets prepared by Great Britain. Above are several views of this important key position, where British guns dominate the passage between the Atlantic and the Mediterranean.

Ultimate Channel of Peace Negotiations

A despatch from London says: The reports of the Reichstag discussions have aroused some interest in the Entente capitals, where the Socialist attitude is being closely followed, many believing that some section of the Socialist group in Germany may

prove to be the ultimate channel of peace negotiations. A Copenhagen despatch declares that the Socialist party in Germany is now completely divided, 21 members having seceded and formed a new party with an independent organization.

Germans Lost 8,000 in Attack on British Lines

A despatch from Paris says: "Information received regarding the fighting between Ypres and Armentieres indicates that the Germans sustained a loss of over 8,000 men without gaining any ground. The fighting

was most severe and a large quantity of asphyxiating gas was used, but the British lines remained intact. The attack is thought to have been the prelude to an offensive or for the purpose of testing the strength of the British front.

The Leading Markets

Breadstuffs.
Toronto, Dec. 28.—Manitoba wheat—New crop—No. 1 Northern, \$1.28 1/4; No. 2 Northern, \$1.25 1/4; No. 3 Northern, \$1.23, all rail.
Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 49 1/4c; No. 3 C.W., 47 1/4c; extra No. 1 feed, 47 1/4c; No. 1 feed, 46 1/4c, all rail.
American corn—No. 3 yellow, new, 77 1/4c, on Track Toronto.
Canadian corn—No. 2 yellow, old, 77c, nominal, Toronto.
Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 37 to 38c; commercial oats, 35 to 37c, according to freights outside.
Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, \$1.05 to \$1.07; wheat slightly sprouted, \$1 to \$1.04, and tough according to sample; wheat sprouted, smutty, and tough, according to sample; feed wheat, 75 to 80c.
Peas—No. 2, nominal, per car lots, \$1.90; sample peas, according to sample, \$1.50 to \$1.75, according to freights outside.
Barley—Maltster's barley, 57 to 60c; feed barley, 50 to 53c, according to freights outside.
Buckwheat—Nominal, car lots, 76 to 77c, according to freights outside.
Rye—No. 2 nominal, 86 to 87c; rye, rejected, 70 to 80c, according to sample.
Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, \$6.60; second patents, in jute bags, \$6.10; strong bakers', in jute bags, \$5.90, Toronto.
Ontario flour—New Winter, \$4.60 to \$4.80, according to sample, sea-board, or Toronto freights in bags, prompt shipment.
Milled—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights. Bran, \$24 per ton; shorts, \$25 per ton; middlings, \$26 per ton; good feed flour, \$1.60 per bag.

Country Produce.
Butter—Fresh dairy, 28 to 30c; inferior, 22 to 24c; creamery prints, 33 to 35c; solids, 31 1/2 to 32c.
Eggs—Storage, 30 to 32c per doz.; select, 35 to 36c; new-laid, 55 to 60c, case lots.
Beans—\$4.15 to \$4.25.
Poultry—Chickens, 15 to 16c; fowls, 12 to 13c; ducks, 15 to 17c; geese, 15 to 17c; turkeys, 25 to 27c.
Cheese—Large, 18 1/4c; twins, 19c.
Honey—Prices in tins, lbs., 10 to 11c; combs, No. 1, \$2.40; No. 2, \$2.
Potatoes—Car lots of Ontario quoted at \$1.35, and New Brunswicks at \$1.55 per bag, on track.

Provisions.
Cured meats are quoted as follows:—Bacon, long clear, 16 to 16 1/4c per lb., in case lots. Hams—Medium, 17 1/2 to 18c; do., heavy, 14 1/2 to 15c; rolls, 16 to 16 1/2c; breakfast bacon, 21 to 23c; backs, plain, 24 to 25c; boneless backs, 26 to 27c.
Lard—The market is steady; pure lard, 13 1/2 to 14c; compound, 12 to 12 1/2c.

Business in Montreal.

Montreal, Dec. 28.—Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 80 to 81c. Oats—No. 2 local white, 45c; No. 3 do., 44c; No. 4 do., 43c. Barley—Man. feed, 60c; maltster's, 67c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 82c. Flour—Man. Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$6.70; seconds, \$6.20; strong bakers', \$6; Winter patents, choice, \$6.20; straight rollers, \$5.50 to \$5.60; do., bags, \$5.20 to \$5.25; Rolled oats, barrels, \$5.20 to \$5.25; Bran do., bags, 90 lbs., \$2.45 to \$2.50. Bran do., shorts, \$2.60. Middlings, \$2.80 to \$3.00. Meal, \$3.10 to \$3.15. Hay—No. 30, \$10.00; No. 31, \$9.00; No. 32, per ton, car lots, \$19 to \$19.50. Cheese—Finest westerns, 17 1/2 to 18c; finest easterns, 17 1/2 to 17 3/4c. Butter—Choice creamery, 34 1/2 to 35 1/2c; seconds, 32 1/2 to 33c. Eggs—Fresh, 48 to 50c; selected, 53c; No. 1 stock, 30c; No. 2 stock, 28c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, \$1.30 to \$1.35. Dressed hogs, abattoir killed, \$13.50 to \$13.75; do., country, \$12 to \$12.25. Pork—Heavy Canada short mess, bbls., 35 to 45 pieces, \$29 to \$29.50; short cut back, bbls., 45 to 55 pieces, \$28 to \$28.50. Lard—Compound, tierces, 37 1/2 lbs., 11 1/4c; wood pallets, 20 lbs. net, 12 1/2c; pure, tierces, 37 1/2 lbs., 14 1/4c; pure, wood pallets, 20 lbs. net, 15c.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Dec. 28.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.20 1/2; No. 1 Northern, \$1.17 1/2 to \$1.18 1/2; No. 2 Northern, \$1.13 1/2 to \$1.15 1/2; December, \$1.13 1/2; May, \$1.15 1/2. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 73 to 74c. Oats—No. 3 white, 40 1/2 to 40 3/4c. Flour unchanged.
Bran, \$18 to \$18.50.
Duluth, Dec. 18.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.17 1/2; No. 1 Northern, \$1.13 1/2; No. 2 Northern, \$1.12 1/2 to \$1.13 1/2; Montana, No. 2 hard, \$1.12 1/2 to \$1.14 1/2; December, \$1.16 1/2; May, \$1.18 1/2. Linseed, cash, \$2.11 to \$2.11 1/2; December, \$2.09 1/2; May, \$2.15.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Dec. 28.—Butchers' cattle, choice, \$7.60 to \$7.90; do., good, \$7.25 to \$7.50; do., medium, \$6.25 to \$7.00; do., common, \$5.50 to \$6.00; butchers' bulls, choice, \$6.50 to \$6.75; do., good, \$5.75 to \$6.25; do., rough, \$4.75 to \$5.25; butchers' cows, choice, \$6.35 to \$6.75; do., good, \$5.50 to \$6.25; do., medium, \$5.25 to \$5.75; do., common, \$4 to \$4.50; feeders, good, \$6.50 to \$6.75; stockers, 700 to 900 lbs., \$6 to \$6.60; canners and cutters, \$3 to \$4.50; milkers, choice, each, \$75 to \$100; do., common and medium, each, \$35 to \$60; springers, \$50 to \$100; light ewes, \$6.50 to \$7.50; sheep, heavy, \$5.25 to \$6; do., bucks, \$3.50 to \$4.50; yearling lambs, \$7 to \$7.75; lambs, cwt., \$9.85 to \$10.75; calves, medium to choice, \$6.50 to \$10; do., common, \$4 to \$4.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$5.25 to \$9.80; do., packers' quotations, \$5.75 to \$8.25; choice, \$7.50 to \$7.75; lower grades down to \$5.50; choice butcher cows, \$6.25 to \$6.50; and bulls from \$5 to \$6.75 per cwt.; lambs,

U-BOATS RESUME THEIR ACTIVITY

Half-a-dozen Ships Have Been Sunk in the Past Forty-eight Hours.

A despatch from London says: The resumption of German submarine activity is evidenced by the sinking of half a dozen ships recently, with the loss of 80 lives in the case of the French steamer, Ville de la Ciotat, while two boatloads are missing in the case of the Belgian steamer Ministre Beernaert.

The Ville de la Ciotat was sunk in the Mediterranean, having been torpedoed without warning and went down in fifteen minutes.

The Ville de la Ciotat was one of the largest of the steamships sunk recently in the Mediterranean. Her gross tonnage was 6,378. She was 487 feet long and 50 feet beam. She was last reported on her arrival at Saigon, Indo-China, on Dec. 1, on a voyage from Yokohama to Marseilles.

The Ministre Beernaert was a Belgian-owned craft. Two boatloads of the crew are missing.

The 4,500-ton British steamship Yeddo, from Calcutta, Nov. 24, for Boston and New York, has been sunk.

The other steamers sunk were British, the Hadley, of 1,777 tons, and the Cottingham, of 513 tons, while the British steamer Emba, of 1,172 tons, was beached at the mouth of the Thames, a few days ago.

The British liner Arizanza was sunk on December 10 by a floating mine off the Russian port of Archangel.

VON PAPAN SAILS AWAY, SAYS "I'M INNOCENT"

A despatch from New York says: Franz von Papan, Germany's recalled military attaché, left New York for Rotterdam last week on the steamship Noordam, bearing a safe conduct to Germany from the Entente allies. Departing he issued a final statement to the American people, in which he said: "I leave my post without any feeling of bitterness, because I know too well that when history is once written it will establish our clean records and calumnies spread broadcast at present."

Von Papan was appointed military attaché of the German Embassy in December, 1913. Public attention was directed to him in September last, when a letter which he wrote to his wife was found among the papers seized by the British Government from James F. J. Archibald, while he was carrying them to Europe. In this letter von Papan alluded to "Bloedsinnig Yankees," which was translated as "Idiotic Yankees." His recall and that of Capt. Karl Boy-Ed, the German Naval Attaché, was requested by Secretary Lansing Dec. 2. Mr. Lansing described their offences as cumulative, but gave no particulars.

It is reported that Capt. Boy-Ed will leave here for Rotterdam on the steamer Rotterdam.

VON EMMICH DEAD, LED ATTACK ON LIEGE

A despatch from Berlin says: The death at Hanover of General von Emmich, the conqueror of Liege, is announced by the Overseas News Agency.

General von Emmich was commander of the tenth army corps. He figured prominently in the early events of the war, being in command of German troops which invaded Belgium. He it was who issued an appeal to the Belgian people not to resist the Germans.

The heavy loss of life of the Germans at Liege was said to have shattered the confidence of the General, and a report that he had committed suicide gained wide currency in August of last year.

Salt put in water which surrounds the ordinary glue-pot causes a hotter glue to be obtained than where simple water is used.

FRENCH VICTORY IN VOSGES REGARDED AS IMPORTANT ONE

Number of Prisoners Captured Largest Since the Offensive of September Last

A despatch from London says: The French success at Hartmanns-Weilerkopf appears to have been of considerable proportions. The official French statement gives the number of prisoners captured at 1,300. A part of the positions gained, however, was lost again after a series of counter-attacks.

A possible motive actuating the French in making the violent attack may be found in reports from Zurich coming by way of Rome, which says that Field Marshal von Mackensen, who led the Austro-German armies to victory in Poland, and then conquered Serbia, is to head a new German offensive in upper Alsace. According to these reports the Germans have massed 300,000 men in upper Alsace,

all foodstuffs in the vicinity have been requisitioned, and 22 villages have been evacuated to facilitate the operations. These preparations have been continuing for 15 days, according to the reports.

The French gains, a part of which has been lost again, were on the eastern slope of the mountain, according to the French communiqué. As described by the German War Office in its official statement, the ground won by the French included the summit.

The French success resulted from careful artillery preparation and the dashing onslaught of the troops. The Germans have been forced back some distance on the eastern slopes of the mountain.

COOKSVILLE

Mr. G. W. Morris, of Dixie wishes to tender his sincere thanks to all the friends and neighbours who so kindly rendered their assistance and sympathy during his recent affliction.

The death took place on Friday last after a protracted illness of Mrs. G. W. Morris of Dixie. The deceased was the eldest daughter of the late Robt Pinkney who died some months ago. She was in her 44th year and leaves beside her husband one son to mourn her departure. Before residing in Dixie Mr. Morris was Farm Supt. at the Mimico Industrial School for some years and the late Mrs. Morris was a valuable assistant. The funeral took place Monday to St. John's Church and Cemetery Dixie, Service being held at the house by Rev. Mr. Humphreys. The funeral was largely attended there being much sympathy for Mr. Morris in his affliction.

Weather conditions undoubtedly prevented the usual large attendance at the Nomination Day proceedings here on Thursday last and the discussion was carried on energetically especially over the action of council on the desired reduction of the assessment of the Barberton Mills some of those interested voicing their opinions of the actions of some of the councillors in forceable language.

As anticipated a crop of candidates were put in nomination, most of whom remain and a lively contest is expected. For Reeve Messrs. R. H. Lush, W. H. Rutledge and D. H. McCaugherty were nominated, but Messrs. Lush and Rutledge retired leaving Mr. D. H. McCaugherty elected by acclamation. For 1st deputy reeve L. H. Pallett, W. A. Russell and R. W. Irvine were nominated. Mr. Irvine afterwards retiring, leaving the contest between Messrs. Pallett and Russell. For 2nd deputy reeve Messrs. E. A. Orr and D. Lammy were put in nomination, afterward retiring left the position by acclamation to Mr. E. A. Orr. For Councilors Messrs. D. Lammy, J. D. Steen, Thos. Bryans, R. S. Whaley, John Jamieson and John Kennedy were all nominated but Mr. Bryans having retired the places for the two positions will be contested by the other five. It is some time since Cooksville had a representative on the Council but as three from this village are now in the running it certainly affords an opportunity of at least one of them surely getting a place on Saturday next Jan. 1st, the new election day.

The St. Johns Anglican Sabbath School of Dixie entertainment on Thursday last in the township hall was well attended and the program provided by the scholars and others participating was well enjoyed by all present.

The new Barbershop and pool room of Messrs. Harris Bros. here was opened on Friday last and was well patronized. The premises are bright and clean and presents an attractive appearance. The barber shop is well fitted up with room for two chairs and the pool room has four tables and room for two more.

Christmas Day was spent here quietly with most of the residents enjoying themselves in their several homes. The heavy snow storm prevailing prevented the usual amount of driving around.

Quite a wreck accumulated on the C.P.R. here west of the bridge about 10.30 Christmas morning when a rear end collision between 2 freight trains took place. The van and two flat cars of the standing train were thrown from the track, the van taking fire and being burned up. The east bound track was blocked all day while the wrecking crew were kept clearing things up.

Private Sale

The undersigned offers for sale the following household goods, poultry etc
2 coal heaters and pipes.
1 laundry stove.
1 New Process Coal oil stove.
1 Planet Jr. hand plough, rake and scuffer.
1 New 50 egg incubator.
1 New Raymond sewing machine.
1 Lawn Swing.
15 gallon oil can.
1 wooden Cistern pump.
Bedroom crockery.
Several hundred feet of Poultry netting.
Miscellaneous household articles.
50 pure bred single comb white Leg horn hens.
5 white Leghorn cockerels.
20 pure bred Buff Orpington hens.
5 Buff Orpington cockerels.
All of good laying strains.
Also two half acre lots opposite High School, Queen St.
William Kemp.

To Rent

Blacksmith Shop and tools; also some stock and tools for sale
Apply to
FRANK TAYLOR,
Erindale

800 MORE MEN WANTED AT ONCE

For the 126th Overseas Battalion

Where is Peel Battalion to get the 800 men still needed to complete its establishment? This is the question which confronts every able-bodied man living within the boundaries of the county. Since Peel is inhabited for the greater part by people who are engaged in Agriculture, the problem of completing the establishment of the county Battalion is one that will seriously affect the farmers of the county.

Up till the present time it has been part of the military policy of the county to leave the able bodied men on the farms in order to maintain the national production. The farmers of Canada have performed a splendid military service since the outbreak of War and in this task the farmers of Peel county have done their full share.

The time has arrived, however, when the increasing and continued demand for recruits has driven the Military Authorities to the necessity of launching campaigns to seduce the enlistment of physically fit men in the rural districts. While it is true that the decrease in the supply of labour will hurt the farming interests it is difficult to see how the necessary Battalions can be raised throughout the country unless farmers and farmers' sons come forward in large numbers.

Who will take their places on the land? This question has been answered in England, where nearly all the physically fit men have enlisted, and in Scotland where there are not enough able-bodied men left to form one Battalion. The fact which must be faced is, that if the War continues, the farms of Peel county will have to be run by the married men with families of young children, by old men, by boys and by women.

Farmers sons who are single and living at home are earnestly requested to consider joining the Peel Battalion immediately.

Farmers who are married but whose responsibilities are small should come next. Are not the farms of Peel worth fighting for? Older generations fought for them, and won them for the present owners.

When the War broke out and recruits were first called for, it was stated that married men were not wanted, that men from the farms were not wanted, and the first two Canadian Divisions were recruited almost entirely from single men residing in villages, towns and cities of the Dominion.

Later, recruiting officers found it more difficult to raise Battalions, and permission was given to enlist farmers and married men. Now it is found that several months elapse before Battalions are completed, whereas in the early days of the War, Battalions were recruited in a few days, consequently an order has come from Ottawa that Battalions are to be raised in the rural districts, in a word that now the farmer is needed—that the time has come when the farmer is more necessary to the Country as a soldier than as a tiller of the soil.

The Militia Department has now asked for an additional 60,000 men, and with that end in view has authorized the raising of Infantry Battalions in nearly every County in the Dominion same to be known as County Battalions. Lieut-Colonel Hamilton has been appointed to the command of the Peel Battalion which is now in process of organizing, having its Headquarters at St. Helen's Barracks, Lansdowne Avenue and Dundas Street, Toronto. "A" Company being stationed in Brampton. Recruiting was begun about Dec. 1st, and since that time about three hundred and fifty men have been enlisted. Eight hundred men are needed to complete the Battalion.

Peel County men have responded nobly to the Call of King and Country and several hundred men from the County are now in the trenches, but the very fact that so many men have gone makes it more difficult for the 126 Peel Battalion to raise its full complement in the County, and all the more necessary that the young men of the County should give the question of enlisting their serious consideration.

The Peel Battalion needs eight hundred men to fill the vacancies.

Let every eligible man, every father and mother of eligible sons, consider the need of men to bring this War to a victorious conclusion and there can be no doubt that the Peel Battalion will be brought up to strength in a very short time.

The following is an Honour Roll consisting of men in Peel County who have tried to enlist in "A" company, 126th Overseas, Peel Battalion, C. E. F., but have been rejected because of being physically unfit:—

BRAMPTON

E. O. Reid, W. J. Cooper, T. R. Cooper, E. Spall, E. Knight, H. C. Martin, F. Hodgson, W. Wragg, M. H. Clark, R. McAlpine, T. B. Eldred, R. D. Anderson, L. H. Drago, E. C. Groves, G. Potter, J. Wilkins, O. M. Stone, R. Pollard, H. G. Heatley, H. L. Robson, G. Muckart, J. Bell, H. Winters, O. Wilker, F. Copeland, O. Maclean, A. E. Bagust.

INGLEWOOD

G. G. Smith,

BOLTON

H. Billyard, W. D. Walab, J. Kerr, J. H. Wilson,

BUTTONVILLE

R. Ones, E. Anglo, P. Reenan,

ERINDALE

L. Reeve,

GEOREGTOWN

E. Fasalos,

BY-LAW No.

A By Law to authorize the issue of Debentures of the Corporation of the Village of Streetsville for \$5200 00 to construct a permanent roadway on Queen Street in the said village.

Whereas, the Municipal Council of the Village of Streetsville has decided subject to the approval of the ratepayers to construct a permanent pavement on Queen Street in the said village of Streetsville between the southerly and northerly limits of the said street at a cost of \$5200

And Whereas in order to construct the said permanent pavement it will be necessary to borrow the sum of \$5200 on the credit of the Corporation and to issue debentures therefore bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum which is the amount of the debt intended to be created by this By Law.

And Whereas it is expedient to make the principal of the said debt repayable in yearly sums during the period of twenty years of such amounts respectively that the aggregate amount payable for principal and interest in any year shall be equal as nearly as may be to the amount so payable for principal and interest in each of the other years.

And Whereas it will be necessary to raise annually the sum of \$458 85 during the period of twenty years to pay the said yearly sums of principal and interest as they become due.

And Whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Municipality according to the last revised assessment roll is \$291,888

And Whereas the amount of the existing debenture debt of the Corporation (exclusive of local improvement debts secured by special rates or assessments) is \$28,987 96 and no part of the principal or interest is in arrears.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Village of Streetsville enacts as follows:

1. That for the purpose aforesaid there shall be borrowed on the credit of the Corporation at large the sum of Five Thousand Two Hundred dollars (\$5200.00) and debentures shall be issued therefore in sums of not less than \$100 00 each bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum and having coupons attached for the payment of the interest.

2. The debentures shall all bear the same date and shall be issued within two years after the day on which this By Law is passed and may bear any date within such two years and shall be payable in twenty annual instalments during the twenty years next after the time when the same are issued and the respective amounts of principal and interest payable in each of such years shall be as follows:

No.	Principal	Interest	Total
1	141 35	812 00	453 85
2	149 85	803 60	458 85
3	158 88	794 52	458 85
4	168 87	784 98	458 85
5	178 46	774 89	458 85
6	189 18	764 17	458 85
7	200 52	752 83	458 85
8	212 56	740 79	458 85
9	225 81	728 04	458 85
10	238 88	714 52	458 85
11	253 15	700 20	458 85
12	268 34	685 01	458 85
13	284 44	669 91	458 85
14	301 51	654 84	458 85
15	319 60	639 75	458 85
16	338 78	624 57	458 85
17	359 10	609 25	458 85
18	380 64	593 71	458 85
19	403 48	48 87	458 85
20	427 70	25 65	458 85

\$5200 00 8867 00 9067 00

3. The debentures may be payable at any place or places in Canada.

4. The Reeve of the Corporation shall sign and issue the debentures and interest coupons and the same shall also be signed by the Treasurer of the corporation and the debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the corporation.

5. During twenty years the currency of the debentures the sum of \$458 85 shall be raised annually by a special rate sufficient therefor over and above all other rates on all the rateable property of the Municipality at the same time and in the same manner as other rates;

6. The debentures may contain any clause providing for the registration thereof authorized by any statute relating to Municipal debentures in force at the time of the issue thereof.

7. This By Law shall take effect on the day of the final passing thereof.

Passed this day of A.D. 1916

Reeve Clerk

NOTICE

Take notice that the above is a true copy of a by law which has been taken into consideration by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Village of Streetsville and which in the event of the assent of the electors of the said Municipality being obtained thereto will be finally passed after one month from the date of the first publication thereof in The Streetsville Review and that the date of the first publication is the 16th day of December A.D. 1916.

And take notice that the votes of the electors of the said Village of Streetsville will be taken on the day of the annual election 1916.

And take notice that a tenant desiring to vote must deliver to the Clerk not later than the tenth day before the day appointed for taking the vote the declaration provided for by subsection 8 of section 255 of the Municipal Act.

That on Friday the 31st day of December the Reeve of the said village shall attend at the town hall at 10 o'clock in the forenoon to appoint persons to attend at the polling place and at the final summing up of the votes by the clerk respectively on behalf of the persons interested in and promoting or opposing the passing of this by law.

That the clerk of the said Municipality shall attend at the town hall in the said village of Streetsville on the 4th day of January 1916 at eleven o'clock in the forenoon to sum up the number of votes given for and against the by law.

Dated the 13th day of December A.D. 1916

S. H. SMITH, M.D.
Clerk, Village of Streetsville

An Appreciation

To the Editor of The Review — I read with regret of the passing of one who was so well known to Streetsville old boys, so esteemed by all, and whose name calls up to former members of the Presbyterian Sunday School some cherished recollections. The late R. A. Redding is worthy of a more extended appreciation than I have seen. There will be those who remember him as being inseparably associated with the tailoring establishment at Barberton mill, of how he was the presiding genius in the fellowship club of that industrial community. Civic problems, national politics, church matters, and even the personal affairs of citizens were well discussed around branches of the busy workers with the needle in that shop overlooking the Credit and the highway past the mill gates. But it was in the Presbyterian Church and Sunday School that the personality of the late R. A. Redding made itself felt and especially at the Christmas season.

For weeks before Christmas Sunday school scholars practiced for the anniversary tea meeting on New Years night. These were happy occasions for the young folk. Equal to any rural debating society night, and how the kindly choir leader labored to train our youthful voices in harmony. Sometimes the boys got out of hand and I can recall now how R. A. would look reproachfully at us over his spectacles. But in the burst of song, we grew docile again, and who will deny that training in the Sunday School chorus had a deep and beneficial influence on our lives. I believe it had, and believing that I wish to pay tribute to the zeal and earnestness, the enthusiasm and the devotion of the late Mr. Redding to what he conceived his service to the church and community should be. He certainly personalized his character in the circle in which he moved and had an influence on the life and character of hundreds of boys and girls who passed under his baton, which they were not conscious of.

Perchance some of them to day at Christmas time singing some of the old melodies, learned so well in the Sunday School Room of the Presbyterian Church thirty or forty years ago will see before their mind's eye the genial choir leader and think of him kindly. That must be his monument as his reward was in later years the satisfaction he surely had in the consciousness that he had made the best and highest use of his talents.

One of the Old S. S. Scholars
New Westminster, B. C.
Dec. 18, 1916

The Prime Minister and Machine Guns.

After the very definite, almost emphatic statement of the Prime Minister, at St. John, N. B., on October 20th, no further money should be diverted from the Patriotic Fund by well meaning but rather thoughtless people who claim that the equipment of Canadian Forces is insufficient. Sir Robert has made it very plain that the Government is fully prepared to make every necessary provision for guns, munitions and equipments and he appeals to the generosity of the public only on behalf of the Canadian Patriotic Fund, the Red Cross Society and sister associations.

We quote below an extract from the speech in question:—

"Regarding machine guns, we realized early in the War the necessity of an abundant supply, and orders have been given from time to time for a very large number. Those ordered during the first twelve months of the War are now being rapidly delivered, and they are more than sufficient to fully equip two army corps up to the highest standard of the enemies forces. During the past summer the provision of machine guns became a matter of vital interest to the Canadian people, as reports through the press emphasized the necessity that our forces should be adequately supplied with all the machine guns that could be utilized. Patriotic individuals offered to contribute large sums for this distinctive purpose. The Government of Ontario made a similar patriotic proposal, and throughout the country various communities subscribed to funds for this object. During my absence in Great Britain colleagues endeavored to make it clear to the people that an ample supply of machine guns had been ordered and that these would be paid for out of the Canadian Treasury.

The Treasury of Canada ought properly to bear all cost of equipping and maintaining our forces in the field, and that has been our policy. Nevertheless, the spirit and impulse which prompted our people could not be stayed, and, indeed, any attempt to stay it would have been misunderstood. Up to date some thus received by the Government amount to \$778,827. 65.

"In dealing with other needs which will certainly arise, the Government will not fail to remember that there generous and freewill contributions have been made, and in all your patriotic generosity, do not forget the Patriotic Fund and the Canadian Red Cross Society. They have done a great work, but they have a still greater work to do. Appeals which necessarily will not fall on deaf ears must be made in the early future. See that the response is generous and ample. When you are making provision for the Canadian Patriotic Fund, the Canadian Red Cross Society, the Canadian War Contingent Association and other like patriotic organizations, you may be assured that the Government will not fail to make every necessary provision for guns, munitions and equipments."

To Cure a Cold

To Stop that Cough

Try
Laxative Cascara Bromo
Quinine Tablets

Relieve in a few hours

TAKE
Nadruco Syrup of Linseed Licorice
and Clorodyne or
Nadruco Comp. Syrup of White Pine
and Tar

Both effective remedies

SOLD BY
COOKSVILLE PHARMACY

H. K. BOWDEN, Ph. B.

Phone No. 72

ORDER YOUR FARM IMPLEMENTS
FOR THE SPRING DELIVERY IN
MARCH FROM

W. F. B. SWITZER

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Cockshutt Farm Implements — Adams Wagons and Sleighs — Brantford Carriages and Cutters — First & Wood Mowers, Grain and Corn Binders — Burlington Perfect Silos — Frost Wire Fence — Sharples Separators and Mechanical Milkers — G. A. Rudd's Harness — Gasoline Engines and Litter Carriers

Office and Show Room in the Queens Hotel Block
Phone 44. Phone and Mail Orders Promptly attended to

A Merry Xmas.

To Everybody

IS THE WISH OF

R. H. GREIG - Streetsville
The Old Reliable Hardware

Yours for a Merry Christmas
and a Happy and Prosperous
New Year

HECTOR WRIGHT

Successor to F. Ward

Wishing Everybody
a Merry Xmas. and
Happy - New - Year

Leading Hardware J. DANDIE Streetsville
Phone 21

Start the New Year Right

By Buying Your

GROCERIES, FRUITS AND
CONFECTIONERY

—AT—

NORRINGTON'S

To

Cure

a

Cold

To

Stop

that

Cough

Try

Laxative Cascara Bromo
Quinine Tablets

Relieve in a few hours

TAKE

Nadruco Syrup of Linseed Licorice
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and Tar

Both effective remedies

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COOKSVILLE PHARMACY

H. K. BOWDEN, Ph. B.

WE WISH
YOU
ALL

**A
MERRY
XMAS.**

and a bright,
Happy and
Prosperous

New - Year

C. H. FALCONER

**Streetsville
Planing Mill**

JOS. PHAIR, Prop.

Best facilities in the county
of Peel for the erection and
completion of Frame & Brick
Houses, Barns, Etc.

Lumber of all kinds—either
Rough or Planed—for sale;
also No. 1 and No. 2 Shingles

Estimates given on large
or small contracts.

**Streetsville
LIVERY**

Single or double rigs
Pianos and Furniture moved
Agency for A. B. Greer's
and Harris carriages.

C. G. QUENNEL

**A
MERRY
XMAS.**

TO
EVERYBODY
Is the wish of

C. E. DARKER
Barber - Tobacconist
Streetsville

The Streetsville Review

Published every Thursday at Streetsville, Ont.
Subscription Rates—\$1.50 a year; or \$1.00 if paid
strictly in advance; \$1.25 a year to U.S.
Advertising Rates on Application.
G. E. QUENNEL
Editor & Proprietor

Thursday, Dec 30, 1915

Business Loans, or notices of Entertainments are
charged 5 cents per line, under this heading.
No advertisement inserted for less than 10 cents.
No free advertising.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Rogers and son
and Miss Ida Rogers of Streetsville
are spending their Christmas holidays
with Mr. and Mrs. Richard Francis of
Cannington.

Miss M. Hatley is spending the Hol-
idays with friends in London Ont.

Vote for O. R. Church as councillor
for 1916.

Vote for J. D. Steen as councillor for
Toronto Township, for 1916

Vote for J. R. Kennedy as councillor
for Toronto Township for 1916

The Streetsville Girl Guides made
over \$12 at their sale of baking etc.,
in the Revue hall Tuesday evening.
The proceeds are for Belgian Relief
work.

Roy, son of Mr. and Mrs. John
Gartley, Streetsville, a brakeman on a
C. P. R. freight train, had the
misfortune to have one foot crushed
while adjusting the brakes last
Thursday, at Milton, and amputation
was found necessary.

J. M. Barker, Erindale, Ont., Issuer
of Marriage Licenses. 31-47

Mrs. Wm Wright of Etobicoke spent
Christmas at the editors.

Pts. G. B. Kipp spent Christmas at
his home in Woodstock.

Mrs. and Misses Hicks spent Christ-
mas day with Premier and Mrs. Hearst

Miss Chambers of Toronto is visiting
with Dr. and Mrs. Chambers.

Will Bullock of Toronto is visiting
with Mr. and Mrs. McCaugherty.

Miss Violet Bowie is visiting friends
in Toronto.

The annual meeting of Derry West
District L. O. L. will be held in the
Orange Hall, Brantford, on Tuesday,
Jan. 11th at one o'clock. John Bonham,
D. M. W. Shirra, D. D. M.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Steen of Watrous
Man. spent Christmas with friends here

Harold Bell of Georgetown is visiting
friends here

All the local soldier boys were home
over Christmas, and returned Monday
evening to the city.

Miss Newton, electionist of Toronto
and Mrs. Frank Reid, solicitor, will assist
in the program at St. Andrews S. S.
entertainment Friday evening.

Mr. John Hatley of London, spent
Christmas at his home here.

Be sure and here Dr. W. D. Sharpe
of Brantford give his graphic account of
the war on Friday evening.

Miss Rose Ewins of Regina is home
on a few months visit. She says there
was fine weather when she left and
more snow now than altogether last
winter.

Mr. Wilfred O'Hara is home on an
extended visit to his parents.

The Toronto Moving Picture and
Vaudeville Co. will give the latest
moving pictures, illustrated songs
and Vaudeville program on Monday
and Tuesday evening Jan. 3rd and
4th, in the Oddfellows Hall, Streets-
ville. Admission 10c.

With this issue the editor completes
21 years on The Review—the first five
of which were in partnership with Mr.
V. A. Statia. During the whole of
that time we have enjoyed the respect
and patronage of the public, for which
we feel very grateful, and as we
enter upon another new year we trust
the same liberal patronage will be
extended to the Review as in the past.
We wish one and all a happy and
prosperous New Year.

Messrs Herman and Lloyd McOlin-
tock are spending the holidays at their
home here.

Messrs J. C. Mack and Norman
McLellan are home for the holidays.

Mr. O. P. Maxwell of Cobalt came
home this week to attend his Aunt's
funeral.

There will be a grand carnival at the
rink on Saturday night Jan. 8th

Mrs. Eugene F. Redick (nee Miss
Muriel Graydon) will receive, at
her home, Streetsville, on the afternoon
and evening of Friday January the
seventh, 1916, for the first time, since
her marriage.

For Sale

Ten young Yorkshire Pigs 6 weeks
old.
W. E. TURNER, Base Line

Real Estate

Farms for sale, in Halton,
Peel and Wellington Counties.
239 farms, all sizes. If you
want a farm write me for cata-
logue; or if you wish to sell
or exchange write me. Have
every facility for transmitting
our business to your complete
satisfaction. Correspondence
solicited

J. A. WILLOUGHBY
Farm Selling Specialist
Georgetown

Coming Events

Friday, Dec. 31—St. Andrews Pres-
b. S. S. Entertainment.

Friday, Jan. 14—Toronto Township
Sunday School convention at Meadow-
vale

Now is the time to renew your sub-
scription to The Review. Many have
already done so and say they would not
like to miss a single copy.

Save your cotton and Linen

The Women's Institute will meet in
the Oddfellows Hall upstairs Thursday
Jan. 6, at 3 o'clock to cut up old cotton
and linen into mouth wipes and wash
cloths. Anyone having old linen or
cotton is urgently requested to send or
bring it to the hall that afternoon—
every little helps

81st Anniversary

The 81st anniversary of St. Andrews
Presbyterian Sabbath School, Streets-
ville, will be held Dec. 26 and 27.

Special services will be conducted on
Sunday, Dec. 26, by Rev. N. A. Mc-
Eachren B. A. of Brantford at 11 a. m.
and by Rev. G. C. Pidgeon D. D. Toronto
at 7 p. m.

A first class entertainment will be
given in the church on Friday evening
Dec. 31st by the following talent: Mrs.
Frank Reid, soloist; Miss Newton, Ele-
ctionist, Toronto; addresses by Dr. W.
D. Sharpe, who has just returned from
Serbia, where he was in charge of the
Red Cross Work, and a returned officer
from France, Lance Corporal B. H.
Martin, who was wounded and gassed in
the battle of Langemarck; Choruses
duette, recitations and a drill by mem-
bers of the School; Tea served from 6
to 8, Admission 25c & 15c

Obituary

JAMES MILLER

It is with regret that we announce
the death of one of our former residents
Mr. James Miller, which occurred at
his home in West Toronto on Monday,
Dec. 27th, in his 65th year, after a short
illness. Mr. Miller was for many years
a resident of this village, as a carriage
painter and agent, but moved to West
Toronto about 15 years ago. He was
born in Ireland and came to Canada
when a young man. Besides his wife
he leaves a grown up family. He was
a Conservative, and a member of River
Park Lodge A. F. and A. M. Streetsville.
The funeral took place this afternoon
from the residence of his brother-in-law
Mr. James Kee, to Streetsville Ceme-
tery. Service was conducted by Rev.
J. F. Scott. The Masonic funeral
service was also conducted at the house
and at the grave.

MISS ROGERS

Miss Margaret Rogers, youngest
daughter of the late Samuel Rogers of
Trafalgar Township, passed away
peacefully at the home of her sister,
Mrs. Maxwell, Tannery Street, on
Tuesday. The deceased came over here
from Thorold last summer to spend a
few months with her sister. Mr.
Johnston Rogers is a brother of the
deceased. Service was conducted at the
house by Rev. J. F. Scott and the
funeral took place to Streetsville
Cemetery this morning.

W. G. WEBSTER

After a lingering illness of many
months, Mr. W. G. Webster passed
away on Tuesday at the age of 67 years.
At one time he conducted a hardware
business in Streetsville in a building
which stood on the site of what is now
Norrington's store, but of late years
lived retired. Deceased is survived by
his widow. Service was conducted at
the house this afternoon by Rev. J. F.
Scott and the remains were interred
in Streetsville Cemetery.



On Friday, Dec. 24, 1915, at Dixie
Ont. Annis Pinkney, beloved wife of G.
W. A. Morris, and eldest daughter of
the late Robert T. Pinkney.

Funeral Monday, 2 p. m., to St.
John's Cemetery, Dixie.

On Monday, Dec. 27, 1915, at Toronto
General Hospital, William Wallace
Conover, in his 67th year, of 109
Bloor West.

Service Thursday at 1 p. m., at A.
W. Miles' funeral chapel, 286 College
street, funeral leaving at 2:30 p. m.
train for Streetsville. Service in St.
Peter's Anglican Church, Erindale.
Interment in Bloor West Cemetery.

STREETSVILLE

PUMP WORKS

Agent for Perkins Gaso-
lene engines and their famous
oil-less windmill. All Ontar-
io repairs and goods supplied,
also Mandrills and full equip-
ment for babbling windmills
when out of mash.

Choice lot of all kinds of
pumps kept in stock.
Porcelain, iron and brass
cylinders used with galvan-
ized pipe only.

Wells and cisterns sunk or
cleaned.

Repairing promptly Attended to

Phone 55

Walter Bailey

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Christmas and New Year

Excursion Fares

Between all stations in Canada, Fort
William and east, and to Sault Ste
Marie, Detroit, Mich. Buffalo & Niagara
Falls, N. Y.

Single Fare

Good going Dec. 24th and 25th 1915
Return limit Dec. 27th 1915. Also Dec.
31st 1915, Jan. 1st, 1916. Return limit
Jan. 3rd 1916

Minimum charge 25c

Fare and One Third

Good going Dec. 22, 23, 24 and 25th
1915. Return limit Dec. 28. Also Dec.
29, 30 & 31st, 1915, Jan. 1st, 1916. Re-
turn limit Jan. 4th 1916

Minimum charge 25c

Full particulars from any Canadian
Pacific Ticket agent or write M. G. Mur-
phy, District Passenger agent, Toronto

Streetsville Meat - Market

We have a choice stock of all kinds

—of—

**Fresh Meats
Cured Meats
Cooked Ham
and Sausages**

Ingersol and Home Made Sausage.

Home made Lard

Try our home made head cheese

2 lb. for 25c.

Orders promptly delivered

Your patronage solicited.

Telephone connection

Jas. E. BAILEY

Family Butcher

Jos. W. Harkess Builder & Contractor ERINDALE

Contracts taken for dwelling houses, garages, stables, outbuildings, etc.
No contract too large and none too small. Jobs for hire.
All kinds of Sash and Doors. Window and Door Frames made to order.
All work promptly attended to.
Your patronage respectfully solicited. Phone 22-4, Streetsville

Call and See the Automatic CREAM SEPARATOR

and Engine combined
In actual use at our farm

J. E. DOWLING

Agent for Farm Implements and Machinery
Streetsville

"MADE IN CANADA"

**FORD TOURING CAR
PRICE \$530**

**FORD RUNABOUT
PRICE \$480**

The above prices F. O. B. Ford, Ont. effective
Aug. 2, 1915. No Speedometer included in this
years equipment, otherwise cars fully equipped.
Cars on display and sale at

Streetsville Garage

J. E. ALDERSON
W. C. ANDREW

Renew Your Subscription
to The Review

CANDIES

FOR NEW YEARS

Satinetts	20 c. lb.	Lady Caramels	25 c.
Chocolate creams	20 c.	Assorted Chocolates	30 c.
Butter scotch	20 c.	Toasted Coconut Balls	30 c.
After Dinner Mints	20 c.	Figeats	30 c.
Assorted creams	20 c.	Peanut clusters	30 c.
Royal mixed candies	15 c.	Our special mixture	40 c.

SPECIAL

Neilson's Pure Nut Milk Chocolate **39 c.** Reg. 75c.

Neilson's Crispy Milk Chocolate

Large complete assortment of Box Chocolates
Prices 25c to 35c

NEILSON — PATTERSON

McCLINTOCK'S

The Review wishes Everybody
happy and Prosperous New Year

Hints for the Poultry Raiser

BALANCING THE RATION.

By A. P. Marshall.

We are inclined to think that most growers of chickens get perhaps the best results when they supply a very wide supply of feeds to their birds because the flock is able to select what natural inclination prompts them to. If the supply is sufficiently varied the birds then get practically all that their constitutions demand and therefore they give fairly good results. Perhaps it may be as well under those circumstances not to attempt to too closely balance the ration for the birds but in many cases it is just a matter of a little grain and whatever happens to be handy which in itself may not be bad food but very much out of balance for the results desired. Quite often the introduction of one or two articles would so improve the nutritive values of the feed as to more than double the returns that can be obtained.

Little does the average poultryman realize what immense varieties of foods fowls gather when they are able to range at liberty to which they normally respond with an abundant supply of eggs and make rapid growth in consequence. Given approximately the same conditions when confined as in the winter season these birds, if they are not run down or have not been forced to excess, should produce in the same big way and continue in vigorous productive health so that they prove also excellent breeders from which to secure the next year's producing stock. Only by a regular course of good sound balanced feeding can the breeder be absolutely certain that his fowls are getting the best for the object desired, although if there is exceptional variety it is more than probable that the birds will fairly well balance for themselves.

In different sections the staple grain ordinarily used will probably vary very much. In one locality it may be corn while in another it will be wheat, depending largely on the most extensively grown grain and the price. Using almost wholly one grain is almost bound to bring very uncertain results, depending entirely on the right other elements that may be required to make up a good balance. Water, of course, does not enter into the question of feeds. It is, however, fully as necessary as any feed, and should always be on hand cool and fresh where the birds can get it. The nutritive ration of a food or ration expresses the proportion of digest-

	Dry matter.	Ash.	Protein.	Carbo-hydrates.	Fat.	Fuel value.	Nutri-tive ratio.
Hens, 3-5 lbs.	5.50	.20	1.00	2.75	.35	10.300	1:4.6
Hens, 5-8 lbs.	3.50	.20	.65	2.75	.20	6.240	1:4.2

It will be noted that for heavier hens the proportion is less per 100 lbs. than with lighter fowls.

The experiment stations will readily supply tables showing the nutritive values of various foods that may be used in feeding poultry, and with this it is possible to make up a ration that will give approximately the bal-

While the results do not exactly coincide with the standard set it is approximately the same, and the nutritive ratio proves to be very close to the requirements. Such a balance should give very good results and quantities may be increased, keeping them in the same proportion to make up any quantity desired to be prepared for convenience. If one wishes to fatten any stock, it is then only a matter of increasing the proportion of carbohydrates and fat to that of protein, bringing the proportion up to 1:8 which with a limited amount of exercise will be found to put on flesh quite rapidly.

Of course grain feeds should be fed in deep litter for the layers to promote exercise and the mash can be supplied either as a dry mash or moistened with milk or water. A plan of feeding that has been found very satisfactory for the American breeds is the following: By bulk measure, wheat bran three parts, ground

THE UNSTABLE MOON.

Not Yet Amenable to Astronomers' Mathematics.

The celebrated observatory at Greenwich, England, the place from which we reckon longitude, was founded by Charles II. in 1675, mainly for the purpose of investigating the movements of the moon in the intervals of two and a half centuries have worked at the problem has not yet become amenable to their mathematics. The royal of Great Britain at the past year, calls increasing deviation of the position of the moon from its real position.

as shown by the Greenwich observations. The deviation has lately been growing in a serious manner. The error last year was more than twelve times as large as the error twenty years ago, and the average annual increase during the two decades has amounted to half a second of arc in longitude. The reason that astronomers have failed in getting exact results from calculations based on the dynamical laws of gravitation is possibly the existence of some attractive force that they have not yet discovered, although the result may also be affected by the true shape of the earth, which still awaits accurate determination.

Great men are ordinary people with their understandings polished.

NEW FRENCH CHIEF OF STAFF



GEN. EDOUARD DE CASTELNEAU.

whom Gen. Joffre has appointed his chief of staff. Three of the four sons of Gen. de Castelneau at the front have been killed. The second son to fall was brought to his father's camp terribly wounded, and died three hours later. The General kissed his dead son and said: "Go, son, you have had the finest death you could possibly wish for. I swear that our armies will avenge you in avenging all French families."

The news of the death of the General's first son was brought to him while he was in conference with his officers. He read the statement, bowed his head a moment, and said: "Gentlemen, let us continue." The third son, Lieut. Hugues de Castelneau, was killed in October of this year.

COUNTLESS FLOCKS OF SHEEP.

Baaing Billions on the Steppes of Russia.

Russia ranks among the first of the old-world nations where sheep are concerned. In southern Russia, where the plains, or steppes, as they are called, stretch across the enormous empire from the outskirts of Hungary to Mongolia, countless flocks of sheep roam. One man often possesses as many as 500,000 or 600,000 sheep. The number of sheep being raised on the steppes gets larger every year, but this is not because they are carefully nurtured. They are, in fact, exposed to the most severe weather, and the scorching heat of summer and the freezing blasts of winter are only to be dreaded second to the hurricanes which sweep over the plains at times.

During the tempests the sheep make no effort to weather the storm, but run panic-stricken before the wind, and are forced by the thousand into the streams and ravines with which the steppes are intertwined. Were it not for the intelligent use of goats neither the shepherds nor their dogs could avoid much at such times, for the sheep can scarcely ever be brought to face the terrible winds or to seek the shelter of a ravine.

But with every hundred sheep three or four goats are kept, and, as these can easily be made to face almost any wind, they are used to lead the way down the rugged descents and the sheep follow blindly.

The shepherd of a large flock, or ottara, is called a tshabawn. The tshabawn usually owns a wagon or two, drawn by oxen, in which he carries his provisions and cooking utensils, together with the skins of such sheep as have died and those of wolves he has killed. The wagon or wagons lead the van when this wild shepherd travels, next he comes, and after him trail the sheep.

When he comes to good pasture he does not leave until the grass has been eaten down, and even when on the march his encampment is seldom more than two or three miles from where he started at sunrise.

From five to six hundred ewes are in the ottara, and the tshabawn draws the milk from them and places it in huge shallow wooden bowls to be exposed to the sun and made into a kind of cheese, known as "brinse," very popular in Russia and East Germany.

During the severe winter months the sheep are sheltered, but in spring, summer and autumn they are pastured on the plains.

When the evening meal is over the shepherds and their dogs sit about a fire of dry reeds and grass for an hour or two. Afterward the arrangements for the night are made.

Each man throws his furs, that serve for mattress and coverlet, on the spot the tshabawn has assigned to him, and between every two beds of the dogs and men the same intervals occur.

Pays Tribute to Russians.

An enthusiastic tribute to the Russian soldier and his leaders is paid by Gen. Arz, the Hungarian military leader who for five months was Field Marshal Mackensen's chief lieutenant in the Russian campaign. Gen. Arz says: "The Russian military leadership is energetic, determined and up to date. The Russian infantry soldier is active, brave, determined and not afraid of death. Those stories which assert that their officers drive them into battle with machine guns are nursery tales. His individual merits are indisputable."

EARLIEST SOLAR ECLIPSE.

Drunken Chinese Astronomers Failed to Predict the Event.

Two Japanese scientists, the Messrs. Hirayama and Ogura, whose research work has added considerably to the knowledge of the world, have finally published the results of their attempts to fix the dates of some early eclipses recorded in Chinese literature. The earliest is mentioned in one of the books of the Shu Ching, where it is recorded that in the reign of Chung K'ang, the fourth emperor of the Hsia dynasty, there occurred an eclipse of the sun which had not been predicted by the astronomers, who were alleged to have been drunk and to have neglected their duties. Hence the customary rites for delivering the sun, which should have been arranged in advance and superintended by the astronomers, were in the emergency performed by other officials without proper preparation. The emperor accordingly ordered the army to punish the astronomers. A later document makes it impossible to fix the date of this event as October 13, 2127 B.C. (Julian calendar)—the earliest recorded eclipse in the world. Calculation shows that there actually was a solar eclipse on that date, but probably not in China, though the elements of the motions of the sun and moon are not accurate enough to indicate certainly the path of so remote an eclipse. The authors are inclined to think that the information fixing the date of the eclipse is due to Chinese astronomers of a later age, who calculated that an eclipse occurred on that date and erroneously supposed that it was visible in China.

WERE YOU BORN IN DECEMBER?

If So, Astrology Says That You Are Lucky.

If you are wondering why men who are born in December are fearless and determined and women who own the twelfth month for nativity are both passionate and chaste, cease wondering. Astrology has the answer.

Such humans are born beneath Sagittarius. The sign of the thigh is responsible. It makes men handsome, physically strong and of commanding personality. Women it inspires to intensity of love, sacrifice and chastity.

It is a great month to be born in—December. The men are executives of Business and of enterprise, the women are executrix of the home. The men are free and easy of address, open of heart, honorable and decisive. The women are deeply religious, noble of purpose and devoted to their families. As mothers they are deeply affectionate, but more just and given to adoration of abstract justice than are women of other signs. They are ready to send their sons into battle for their countries in times of war, even though it means heartbreak and death for all concerned.

They are generally conceited and desire to be the major actor in all ventures in which they are concerned, but never so much for their own selfish gain as for the satisfaction which their active natures demand.

Changed Circumstances.

"Before Kate married Mr. Richleigh she used to walk in her sleep. What does she do now—ride in an automobile?"

Men who consider themselves to be of very great importance frequently treat their wives and children as if they were of no importance.

BRITISH FAMOUS 29TH AT THE FRONT

KNOWN AS THE OLDEST STAFF OF THE ARMY.

Correspondent at Dardanelles Gives Due This Famous Division.

Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett, who was the British press representative at the Dardanelles, chronicles in simple but telling phrases the gallant deeds of one of the commands which played a conspicuous part in the Gallipoli fighting. In part, he says:

"The purpose of this article is to do belated justice to the role played by the 29th division in the struggle in the Dardanelles. The renown of this division is world-wide, and its number will ever in future be surrounded by that mixed halo of romance and glory which attached to Caesar's legions and Napoleon's old guard. In fact, the 29th earned for itself the title of 'The Old Guard' of the army. Unfortunately but few of the original veterans who landed at Sedd-ul-bahr are left, for nearly all are dead or invalided home. Some, in fact, have been wounded many times.

"As the division has played a most prominent role in almost every engagement that has been fought on the peninsula during the last six months, I do not know how many times it consumes itself in furious attacks on the enemy's works, but already I believe at least three times the number of its original strength have passed through the ranks.

"The 29th division landed under the command of Major General Hunter Weston, and has since been commanded by Major General De Lisle. All four countries, England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales, have the honor to be represented in its ranks.

Repulsed Turkish Attacks.

"On August 6 the division was holding its old position on the left of our line at Helles, across the gully ravine, and on that day the 88th brigade delivered a most gallant assault on a section of the enemy's line over ground devoid of cover.

"While the landing at Sulva Bay and the great advance from Anzac were taking place, the 29th held its ground and successfully repulsed attacks from the Turks.

"When the attempts of the new divisions to take the Anafarta hills definitely failed by August 19 it was decided to make a final effort to cut the enemy's lines of communication by employing the Old Guard. Secretly at night three brigades were brought up in trawlers from Helles to Sulva and landed without the Turks being aware of the movement.

"In my accounts which have appeared in the press of the events of this memorable August 21 chief credit is being given the newly arrived yeomanry because they were the only corps which the censor allowed to be mentioned, but in reality the second mounted division of the yeomanry were held in reserve behind Lalla Baba until late in the afternoon, and they only came into action after the repeated efforts of the 86th and 87th Brigades of the 29th mounted division failed to shake the enemy's defense.

Yeomanry Deserve Credit.

"The yeomanry deserve every credit for the magnificent manner in which they behaved when in action for the first time. They advanced two miles under a hail of shrapnel over ground which afforded not so much as a blade of grass as cover before they reached the dead ground at the foot of the enemy's works.

"It was the 2d brigade, under the Earl of Longford, consisting of Bucks, Berks and Dorsets, which made the final glorious charge in conjunction with the 87th brigade and obtained temporary possession of Hill 70, which had subsequently to be abandoned in the night. The losses of the 87th brigade were very heavy, the Bucks regiments losing almost all their officers and men.

"The arrival of the 29th division on the battlefield stimulated the whole army and showed how seriously our leaders regarded the task ahead. The division was ranged along a line stretching from Hill 70 to Hill 112. The 87th Brigade was ordered to attack Hill 70 and the 86th Hill 112. The South Wales Borderers acted as a connecting link between the two. The 88th Brigade, which had suffered very heavy losses at Helles on August 6, was held in reserve.

Whole Army Watching Them.

"The men of the 29th rested quietly in their trenches during the morning. They realized that every eye of the whole army was watching them and that a signal, if dangerous, honor had been conferred on them. Throughout the afternoon the 88th Brigade made repeated efforts to advance on Hill 112, suffering heavy losses, but could make no progress in the face of the enemy's determined resistance.

"When the final effort was made to capture Hill 70 late in the afternoon, the South Wales Borderers who had been held in reserve, were brought up. This regiment advanced against the south face and dug themselves in beneath the crest before the 2d yeomanry brigade, under Lord Longford, came up from behind Lalla Baba. There they remained until it was all over, taking part in the final

charge which gained possession of the crest.

"It will thus be seen from this brief summary that the brunt of fighting on August 21 again fell on the 29th division, but even the efforts of these heroic troops, ably seconded by the yeomanry, failed to achieve success against an enemy equally brave and determined, who enjoyed the incalculable advantage of fighting behind intrenchments on commanding hills. But the 29th division has only added to its fame by this failure."

COMPULSORY JOY.

German Patriotic Demonstrations Not Spontaneous.

We have more than once published extracts from the German press, says the London Daily Telegraph, which showed that the flag-waving and other patriotic demonstrations which invariably take place all over the country when the German staff reports a new "victory" are by no means spontaneous on the part of the public. It is, in fact, a standing order in most German cities that on such occasions every household must display bunting, nothing but extreme poverty being accepted as an excuse for omission to do so. But the Prussian authorities in Alsace-Lorraine have gone further than this. It is not enough that the inhabitants of Strassburg and other Francophile cities should be compelled to make a pretence of rejoicing over German successes. With that characteristic attention to detail which naturally extends to their methods of mean persecution, the Prussian authorities have now commanded that henceforth all the churches in Alsace-Lorraine must be decked with German colors on receipt of "victorious news." The Vossische Zeitung gives the text of this order, which was conveyed to the Bishop of Metz in the following letter from the Secretary of State for Alsace-Lorraine, Count von Roden:

"On one single occasion the general commanding the 16th and 21st Army Corps induced the ecclesiastical edifies to take part in the general flag display to commemorate a victory. It now seems desirable that the wish of the local clergy to give visible expression to their patriotic sentiments and those of the people should be complied with. May I, therefore, respectfully suggest to your grace that an agreement be arrived at between the clergy of the diocese with a view to having churches and parsonages decorated with the national colors on receipt of news of victory."

In order to make it clear that this note, in spite of its polite phrasing, is a definite order, the Vossische Zeitung heads it, "A Warning to the Clergy of Alsace-Lorraine," and adds: "In view of this note the clergy have been summoned by the bishop to conform to the wishes of the authorities."

JAPAN CAN'T SEND ARMY.

Transports Are Lacking, Declares the Premier.

While Japan will be unable to send troops to the European theatres of war, she will gladly assist the Entente Allies as far as she can financially and lend them the support of her arsenals, according to Premier Count Okuma, who was interviewed at Tokyo by the Paris Matin's correspondent.

"There was talk last November of Japanese forces fighting in Europe," Count Okuma is reported to have said. "To have done that we should have had to send 400,000 men, expecting to lose 200,000 of them and replace them with 200,000 more. We have not the necessary transports, for we should have wanted 2,000,000 tons of shipping, and our commercial fleet aggregates only 1,000,000. In the face of these figures Great Britain and France understand the impossibility of the operation."

"Our sympathies being as strong as ever, we should wish to give France our financial support, at least, and thus, perhaps, hasten the end of the war. Japan is not a great financial Power, but we have certain resources. We have just covered twice over a Government loan of 30,000,000 yen (\$15,000,000), and that probably would make the issue of a second loan difficult; but to prove our sympathy for France we should be happy to offer our aid, however modest."

"The impossibility of sending troops westward does not prevent us from giving the Allies naval and military support. Our arsenals are mobilized as in time of war. We play also the role of sentinel in the Far East, preventing our enemies from fomenting revolt among the warlike Mussulman people, who might be tempted to profit from our difficulties."

"We are also doing everything necessary to guard against damage to the Trans-Siberian Railway, whereby our supplies reach Russia. The principle back of all Japanese action is that while our allies are fighting we shall not allow them to be attacked from behind."

One Is Plenty.

Mrs. Penheque—Don't you dare to leave the house this evening, Henry. Mr. Penheque—I fully intended to remain indoors, my dear.

"Huh! What for?"

"To study a problem that has been in my mind for some time."

"What problem?"

"For weeks I have been trying to figure out what on earth the Mor-

ALL MOTHERS NEED CONSTANT STRENGTH

Their Strength is Taxed and They are Victims of Weakness and Suffering

When there is a growing family to care for and the mother falls ill it is a serious matter. Many mothers who are on the go from morning to night, whose work, apparently, is never done, try to disguise their suffering and keep up an appearance of cheerfulness before their family. Only themselves know how they are distressed by backaches and headaches, dragging down pains and nervous weakness; how their nights are often sleepless, and they arise to a new day's work, tired, depressed and quite unrefreshed. Such women should know that their sufferings are usually due to lack of good nourishing blood. They should know that the one thing they need above all others to give them new health and strength is rich, red blood, and that among all medicines there is none can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for their blood-making, health-restoring qualities. Every suffering woman, every woman with a home and family to care for should give these Pills a fair trial, for they will keep her in health and strength and make her work easy. Mrs. G. Strasser, Acton West, Ont., says: "I am the mother of three children, and after each birth I became terribly run down; I had weak, thin blood, always felt tired, and unable to do my household work. After the birth of my third child I seemed to be worse, and was very badly run down. I was advised to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I found the greatest benefit from the Pills, and soon gained my old-time strength. Indeed, after taking them I felt as well as in my girlhood, and could take pleasure in my work. I also used Baby's Own Tablets for my little ones, and have found them a splendid medicine for childhood ailments."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

GHOSTS ON ALLIES' SIDE.

So Says French Writer, Quoting German Prophecies.

"Even the ghosts have pronounced Germany's doom," writes "Le Masque de Fer," who goes on to say that a collection of German spiritualistic prophecies has been found in France. One collection, published in Leipzig in 1914, has a title the translation of which is: "The Universal War in Prophecy: Historical and Critical Studies of All the Predictions Regarding the Universal War, and the Future of the German People." Instead of prophesying a German triumph, the predictions are said to be all the other way. It is also recorded that on January 12, 1909, R. Knapp of Ootzenhoeven published in Zeitschrift fuer Okkultisme a series of "spirit communications," one of which says that the universal war will break out when least expected, accompanied by disasters the like of which mankind has never known before, and that "Germany will become so small that all its people can live in a single city." "Le Masque de Fer" adds: "Let us see to it that that city shall not be Paris."

Gunpowder as Medicine.

The use of gunpowder as medicine was very widely advocated in the eighteenth century, and either taken inwardly or applied externally, was held to be a specific against rheumatism and ague. In the "Complait Housewife or Accomplished Gentlewoman's Companion," a domestic pharmacopoeia, published in 1712, appears the following remedy for rheumatism: "Let the party take of the finest glazed gunpowder as much as a large thimble may hold; wet it in a spoon with milk from the cow and drink a good half pint of warm milk after it; be covered warm in bed, and sweat; give it fasting about 7 in the morning and take this nine or ten mornings together."



He Was Lucky.
Officer (to recruit who has failed to salute him): "Don't you know who I am? I'm an officer."
Recruit: "You're lucky. I'm only a bloomin' private!"—London Opinion.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Interesting Gossip About Prominent People.

One of the few notable Englishmen who can talk Russian is Sir Arthur Nicolson, the Permanent Foreign Under-Secretary. He learnt the language in the five years he was at St. Petersburg.

The palm for repartee among British M.P.'s surely belongs to Mr. Tim Healy. This was well illustrated when he murmured to the elector who said he would rather vote for the devil than for him: "Ah, yes, but perhaps your friend won't turn up!"

Mr. Asquith, the British Premier, is ageing rapidly under the stress of the enormous responsibilities the war has thrown on his shoulders. There was a time when he did not seem his age; now he suggests a man much older than one who has just completed his sixty-third year.

King Manuel and his consort are frequently guests informally at Buckingham Palace nowadays. Needless to say, Dom Manuel takes a great interest in the war, as shown by the profuse display of maps in his Twickenham mansion, and it is superfluous to add that his sympathies are on the side of the country where he has made his home.

Who is the most picturesque-looking man in the House to-day? Probably Mr. Yeo, with his white moustachios, his ruddy complexion, his great expanse of watch-chain, and his badge of all the Allies' flags. Also he is the user of the most picturesque language. To hear him on shirkers is quite a revelation on the elasticity of the English language.

It is true to say that rarely has there been a British general who has inspired more regard amongst his staff than Sir John French, and the reason is to be found not merely in the recognition of his able leadership, but in the generosity of spirit which prompts him to acknowledge in the most appreciative terms the work of his subordinates.

The man who is most making his mark in the labor world to-day is Mr. J. H. Thomas, M.P., the English railwaymen's organizer. He is fearless and courageous. He does not hesitate to tell the railwaymen when he thinks they are wrong, as he did on the occasion of the Great Western Railway strike, and when he thinks they are right he is an overwhelming advocate of their claims. His policy to-day is that strikes in war-time are criminal.

Nothing is more delightful than a chat with Dr. Macnamara, the British Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty, who has a fund of good stories. Once he received the following invitation from a country clergyman: "If you like a day with the hounds I can mount you; we have a capital billiard-table at the vicarage; I am a good judge of whiskey, and I smoke like a furnace!" Dr. Mac has a fine collection of curios, including an old-time pipe-case which his father used in the trenches before Sebastopol, and the medal for his work in Canada, which the old man received thirty-three years after it had been earned.

One of the most interesting places in London at about five o'clock is the "Rag," otherwise the Army and Navy Club, the premier service club. A friend of mine, home on forty-eight hours' leave from the front, took me in there the other afternoon, says a writer in London Answers. The smoking-room was crammed with officers in both Services, most of them, like my friend, home for two days, some for twenty-four hours. A grave-faced, but quite youthful-looking staff-officer near me was talking to a brigadier-general about tactics in language appallingly technical. A V.C. sat at an adjacent table, and was enjoying tea and toast with an admiral, and in one of the chairs near the window reposed a Dardanelles hero minus an arm and leg. Everywhere about the great room was the buzz of talk, real live war talk, among men who for over a year have well-nigh lived in the valley of the shadow of death.

THE KHAKI BRASSARD.

Rejected Men in Great Britain Must Apply Again.

The khaki brassard to be issued to men in Great Britain will be issued to men who enlist and are placed in groups awaiting a call to join the colors; men who offer themselves for enlistment and are found to be medically unfit; men who have been invalided out of the service with good character, or have been discharged "not likely to become efficient" on medical grounds.

The scheme is not yet complete in detail; even the design on the arm-let is not finally settled. There will probably be different wording for the different classes. Some millions will be needed.

"Men who have been previously rejected will have to offer themselves for enlistment again in order to qualify for the arm-let," was the answer given by an official to a question on this point.

"It does not follow that a man who was rejected when the standards of enlistment were different would fail to pass to-day. In any event, no harm is done by applying again."

Snow does not alleviate thirst. Any acid, such as sulphuric, nitric, etc., will dissolve ice.

Exceptional Record By Royal Bank

In Addition to Showing Position of Unprecedented Strength, Bank has Made Increase in Net Profits over Previous Year—Large Increases in Deposits and Total Loans.

The Annual Statement of the Royal Bank of Canada will likely prove one of the pleasant surprises at the end of a peculiar banking year. In practically every respect it is the best report ever issued by the Royal. A position of even exceptional strength was to be expected, but it is doubtful whether anyone had anticipated that under the unprecedented conditions of the past year it would be possible to even make a gain in net profits.

Such a showing, in times like these, is little short of remarkable, and must be accepted as an indication of the strong organization and valuable connections which the Royal Bank has steadily built up throughout the world. Of particular interest in this regard is the satisfactory development of the important connections which the Bank possesses in Cuba and the West Indies.

Increases in All Departments. In the aggregate the Bank shows gains in every important department, and while it has shown an increase in profits over the previous year, it has, at the same time, established new records in the percentages of both liquid assets and cash as well as in total deposits and total current loans.

In face of such remarkable gains one naturally looks for some special reason for the growth of the Royal's business, and this results in one almost immediately hazarding the opinion that the Bank is now beginning to enjoy the full benefits of the amalgamations it has effected during the past few years. Large savings must gradually have been made and the whole organization steadily rounded out in a way that permitted of the employment of a very large percentage of the Bank's funds even under less active trade conditions.

Profit and Loss Statement.

The profits for the fiscal year ending November 30th, 1915, were \$1,905,576.57, equal to 16.48% on the capital, compared with \$1,886,142.67, or 16.31% in the previous year. As the amount at the credit of profit and loss at the end of the previous year totalled \$614,062.25, this, with the profits for the current year, brought the total amount available for distribution up to \$2,519,638.82. Of this amount dividends took \$1,387,200, \$100,000 was transferred to officers' pension fund, \$250,000 written off Bank premises account, \$105,966 applied as war tax on the Bank's note circulation, leaving the amount to be carried forward to profit and loss at the end of the year \$876,472.16.

FAMOUS STAINED GLASS.

Church Window Removed to Save It From Bombs.

The east window of St. Margaret's Church, adjoining Westminster Abbey, which has been called the finest specimen of stained glass work in London, is being removed to a place of safety, in view of the recent Zeppelin raids.

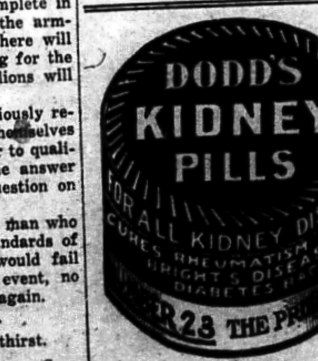
The window was made at Gouda, Holland, and was presented by the magistrates of Dort to King Henry VIII. for the chapel of Whitehall Palace. The King, however, gave it to Waltham Abbey. The glass, of which the blues and greens are remarkably striking, suffered sundry removals and vicissitudes, and at one time was buried to escape the zeal of the Puritans. Eventually it was purchased by the wardens of St. Margaret's for \$2,000. It is now valued at 20 times that sum.

EVEN ROSES DEGERMANIZED.

French Grower Substitutes Numbers for Teuton Names.

French rose growers, says the Paris Figaro, are extending their patriotism even to the petals of the queen of flowers, and are debating the advisability of renaming all varieties that bear German names.

One of the leading growers, Jules Graveaux, has not hesitated to "degermanize" many of the varieties in his famous collection. For the present he has given each rose thus shorn of name a number. All will be reclassified after the war under French or other non-German names.



ED. 6. ISSUE 1-16.

Features of Strength.

In the statement of assets and liabilities almost every account seems to contribute something to the general strength of the whole exhibit. Of more particular interest are the striking gains made in liquid assets, deposits, total call and current loans, and, in consequence, in the total assets of the Bank.

The assets reached a new high level at \$198,299,123, compared with \$179,404,054 at the end of the previous year, a gain of practically \$20,000,000. Of the total amount liquid assets reached a record level by touching \$84,894,462, equivalent to 49.03% of liabilities to the public, against \$71,244,677 or 46.06% last year. Included in the liquid assets were actual cash holdings of \$31,923,680, equal to 18.43% of liabilities to the public, up from \$27,683,855 or 17.90% in 1914. The deposit in the central gold reserve was increased by a million, bringing it up to \$3,000,000.

An indication of the Royal's steady expansion is afforded by the growth in deposits, which amounted to over \$18,000,000 in the year, the deposits not bearing interest having increased to \$37,465,997 from \$31,224,129, and deposits bearing interest to \$117,519,330 from \$164,827,078, making a total of \$154,976,327, against \$136,051,208. As indicated by the increase in earning power, there were substantial gains in total call and current loans, the call loans both in and outside of Canada having advanced to \$18,951,000, against \$14,654,000, and total current loans in and outside of Canada \$106,551,000, against \$99,587,000, an increase of close to \$7,000,000.

Looked upon as one of the younger of the bigger Banks, the Royal has certainly made phenomenal strides, and its ability to exhibit such a statement under the conditions that prevailed during the past year augurs well for its further growth and expansion once conditions in the country become more normal.

The principal accounts, with comparisons with previous year, are as follows:—

	1914.	1915.
Net profits	\$1,886,142.67	\$1,905,576.57
Percentage earned on paid up capital	16.31	16.48
Total deposits	136,051,208.23	154,976,327.97
Total assets	179,404,054.36	198,299,123.39
Liquid assets	71,244,677.99	84,894,462.43
Percentage of liquid assets to public liabilities	46.66	49.03
Current coin	12,996,483.76	15,946,289.68
Percentage of cash to public liabilities	17.90	18.43
Total call loans	14,654,000.25	18,951,000.00
Total current loans	99,587,000.00	106,551,000.00
Bank premises at not more than cost less amounts written off	5,861,180.37	5,677,836.61

The Result.

A Sunday School teacher asked a little fellow how many commandments there were. To her surprise the lad answered glibly enough, "Ten, madam." "And now, Sammy," asked the teacher, "what would be the result if you should break one of them?" "Then there'd be nine?" triumphantly answered the youngster.

Mindard's Lintment Cures Diphtheria.

A Useful Head.

A man has in his employ a faithful but at times stupid servant in the person of an old dorky named Zeke. Recently, when the employer had vainly endeavored to get something done in a certain way, he gave up in despair, exclaiming:

"Zeke! Zeke! Whatever do you think your head is for?"

Zeke, who evidently thought that this was another of the troublesome questions that his employer was always asking, pondered deeply. Finally he replied:

"Well, boss, I guess it's to keep my collar on."

MURINE.

Murine is prepared by our Physicians, as used for many years in their practice, now dedicated to the Public and sold by Your Druggist. Try Murine to Refresh, Cleanse, and Strengthen Eyes after exposure to Cold Cutting Winds and Dust and to restore exhausted eyes to Eyes Reddened and made Sore by Overwork and Eye Strain.

Some broadminded Physicians use and recommend Murine while others perhaps jealous of its success, talk and rush into print in opposition: those whose Eyes need care can guess why, as there is no Prescription fee in Murine. Just hand your Druggist 50c and you have a Complete Eye Book—Murine—Dropper—and Cork Screw—ready for use. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes for Eye Troubles—No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye Free. Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago.

Czar, World's Wealthiest King.

There is no doubt that the richest ruler in the world is the Czar of Russia. On his accession he inherited the Romanoff private estate, yielding about two million pounds a year. Beyond that his allowance amounts to another two millions. There were small expenses to be deducted, such as some five hundred thousand pounds a year to grand dukes and duchesses. But when everything had been taken into account the Czar remained far richer than the Turkish sultan, with his million and a half, or King George V., who is the poorest in pelf and palaces of all the old world potentates.

Mindard's Lintment Cures Colds, &c.

If nitre be dissolved in water, the mixture is reduced sixteen degrees.

FRESH AIR, AND THEN SOME.

Breathe Lots of It, All You Can, by Day or Night.

Breathe all the fresh air you can get, night and day. That's what fresh air is for. The fearsome legend about the baleful influence of "night air" is only another of the carefully nursed insanitary bequests from our ancestors, according to Senior Surgeon Banks of the United States Public Health Service.

When this superstition arose may only be surmised. Perhaps it is a survival of the primeval cult of sun worship, which led the ancients to fear anything outside the sphere of solar influence. Our forbears were wont to caution their offspring to "be careful about the night air," or children were ordered to "come in out of the night air."

This idea is generally prevalent, and even one of our well-known flowers is loaded down with the horrible name of "Deadly Nightshade" as a sort of verbal relic of this old notion. The low-lying mist or fog that sometimes gathers about the surface of the earth under certain atmospheric conditions, after sunset, was held—held to be "miasmatic" and pregnant with lethal possibilities. The night air, minus the sun, is no different from the atmosphere of a sunless day. The atmospheric envelope of the earth does not change from benign to malign in the twinkling of an eye after sundown.

A story from the trenches in France is that a soldier wrote home to his wife to open her windows at night, as he had found that the night air "didn't hurt one bit." That is the experience of all the advocates of this sensible custom—once tried the old custom of sealing oneself in an airtight bedroom is never renewed.

Diseases which involve the lungs can usually be traced to their beginning in poorly ventilated sleeping apartments, inside rooms that do not have a share of the atmosphere.

Those emancipated persons who open their windows at night will tell you, unanimously, that they cannot breathe in a chamber unless the window is raised; their sense of comfort and vigor demands the life-giving qualities of fresh air.

Monsieur.

For 15 days in the month of January I was suffering with pain of rheumatism in the foot. I tried all kinds of remedies, but nothing did me any good. One person told me about MINARD'S LINTMENT: as soon as I tried it the Saturday night, the next morning I was feeling very good; I tell you this remedy is very good. I could give you a good certificate any time that you would like to have one. If any time I come to hear about any person sick of rheumatism, I could tell them about this remedy.

Yours truly, ERNEST LEVEILLE.

216 Rue Ontario East, Montreal, Feb. 14, 1908.

18,000 Jews Fighting for Britain.

Of 411,000 Jews in the British Empire, the London Daily Express estimates that 200,000 are ineligible for enlistment by reason of alien nationality. Of the remainder nearly 18,000 are serving with His Majesty's forces.

Mindard's Lintment Cures Garget in Cows.

Iron spikes, knives, spear-heads, and brass rods are used as substitutes for coin in some parts of Central Africa.

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FARM - ALL SIZES - STOCK.

Grain, Dairy or Fruit. When you want to buy, write H. W. Dawson, Brampton, Ont.

FOR SALE.

100 ACRES, 14 IN SIXTH CON-cession, Frankford, Ont.

Louisa Wilder, Birkendale, Muskoka.

WHITE LEGHORNS, WYANDOTTES, Rocks. Extraordinary bargain. J. G. Miller, St. Marys, Ont.

WANTED.

EGGS AND BUTTER WANTED. Highest price paid for new laid eggs and dairy butter. J. D. Arsenault, 145 Sanguinet St., Montreal.

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PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB. Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. This most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 71 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Ballman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

THE ROGEN X-RAY.

LITTLE WONDER WITH THIS. YOU CAN APPARENTLY SEE THRU CLOTH AND EVEN THE FLESH LOOKS TRANSPARENT! THINK OF THE FUN YOU CAN HAVE. 10 CTS. Ardee Co., Dep. 345, Stamford, Conn.

BOOK ON DOG DISEASES.

And How to Feed. Mailed free to any address by the Author H. CLAY GLOVER, V.S. 115 West 31st Street, New York.

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a big knee like this, but your horse may have a bunch or bruise on his ankle, hock, stifle, knee or throat.

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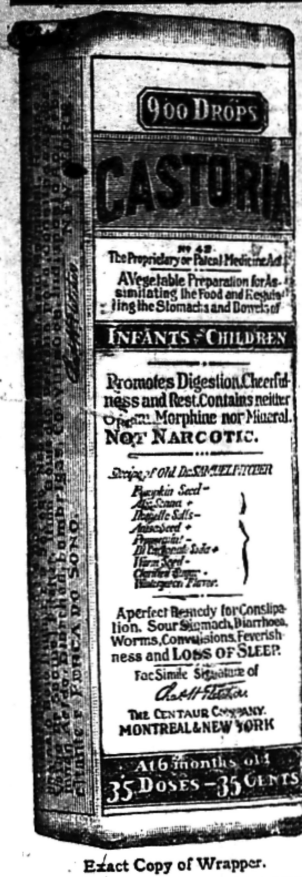
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High Motor Fees

The proposed increase of fees for motor licenses will be fairly heavy, particularly in the case of the minimum 25 horse power cars and smaller trucks carrying two tons and less. The former is understood, will be increased from \$6 to \$10, and the small truck which now pays \$5 in taxes will probably be called on to pay double that amount. Between 25 and 35 horse power, the probability is that the \$10 license fee will be raised to \$25 and cars between 35 horse power and up to 50 pay \$25 instead of \$20. Over 50 horse power it is proposed to raise the rate from \$25 to \$30. Trucks carrying over two tons will pay \$45 for each ton or fraction of ton. Motor cycle fees will likely remain unchanged, at \$5 per license.

Milton

Last Thursday evening Duncan Campbell, Warden of the county of Halton, having practically completed his term of office, entertained at the hotel McGibbon his fellow members of the county council and other friends at dinner, about ninety altogether. There was a choice bill of fare. After the table had been cleared the Warden began the toast list by proposing "The King." This was followed by "The Empire," proposed by E. F. Eail and responded to by Judge Elliot. "Canada" proposed by Theo. Moore, of Nassagaweya, responded by W. F. W. Fisher and M. G. Smith, of Burlington. W. A. Chisholm, of Oakville, proposed "The Army and Navy" and W. P. Gamble, manager of the Christie Lime Works and Mayor R. K. Anderson responded. John Marshall, of Cambridge, proposed "Canadian Institutions," responses by Chas. Readhead, Alex. Porter and A. S. Forster, all of the county council. The Warden proposed "Our Guests," to which Warden Porter and Treasurer Crawford, of Peel, and Walter Hatfield Smith, of Oakville, responded. John Irving proposed "Our Native Heath," i. e. Nassagaweya, his own birthplace and that of the Warden and other prominent men. Four other natives, Judge Elliot, Jas. Atkins, J. H. Peacock and James Straug responded. Editors R. White, of the Milton Reform and J. M. Moore, of the Georgetown Herald, responded to "The Press," proposed by Geo. Hillmer. The last toast was "Our Host," proposed by County Councillor A. S. Forster and responded to by the Warden. It was truly remarked that the Warden had got together an exceptionally able lot of after-dinner speakers. The Warden received many compliments on his able management of the affairs of the county during a year in which, on account of the war and the raising and handling of the Patriotic Fund, work connected with his office was unusually heavy. Toward the end of the proceedings, the Warden, on behalf of the Council, presented Wm. Pantou with a leather seated easy chair for himself and a Rocker to match for Mrs. Pantou to mark the completion of fifty years service as County Clerk and expressed the hope that he might add many years to that term. Mr. Pantou was taken by surprise. He thanked the Warden and council for the handsome and useful gifts and for the good wishes accompanying them—Milton champion.

School Concert at Clarkson

On Thursday afternoon, Dec. 22nd the Scholars of S. S. No. 6, Clarkson, prepared an excellent programme of dialogues, recitations, and choruses. The hall was tastefully decorated. The presence of a large number of parents showed the interest taken by the rate payers of the Section in the mental progress of the rising generation. All the numbers were heartily applauded, and showed careful training by the teachers Miss Hartlieb and Miss Benn, Mr. Henderson in the character of Santa Claus helped the teachers to distribute the gifts on the two Christmas trees. Three hearty cheers were given at the close of the programme to the teachers and to Santa Claus. The proceedings ended with the National Anthem. The chair was excellently filled by Mr. Robert Ross, one of the Senior pupils.

Erindale

Mr. Chas. Adamson's fine new residence on Dundas Street is about completed and it is a veritable palace. Mr. Timts of Brantford deserves great credit for the splendid workmanship. All honor to Charlie Adamson; in the few years that he has been farming on the Street his buildings have changed from broken down old shacks to one of the most modern and up to date set of buildings that their equal would be hard to find on any farm in Ontario. May Mr. and Mrs. Adamson long be spared to enjoy their palatial Home.

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